

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 18.695, 172.488)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 18.695, 172.488)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 18.961, 171.679)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	315D50
RGB	49, 93, 80
RGB Percent	19%, 36%, 31%
CMY	0.8088, 0.6363, 0.6872
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.14, 0.64
HSL	162°, 31%, 28%
HSV	162°, 47%, 36%
XYZ	6.5869, 9.0082, 8.9350
YIQ	78.3620, -22.0510, -13.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

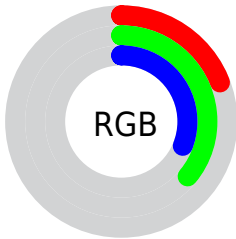
Format	Color
RYB	49, 75, 93
Decimal	3235152
CIELab	36.00, -18.76, 2.74
CIElCh	36, 18.961, 171.679
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2685, 0.3672
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281425232 (0xFF315D50)
YUV	78.3620, 0.8075, -25.7505
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -13.3495, 3.3589

Details

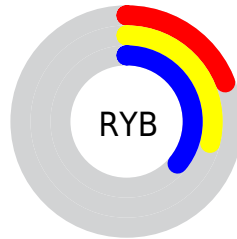
The CIELCh color **36, 18.961, 171.679** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **26, 21.689, 1.845**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 19.294, 171.096**, and **16, 18.828, 171.464** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 22.335, 170.448**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 15.296, 172.801**.

Distribution



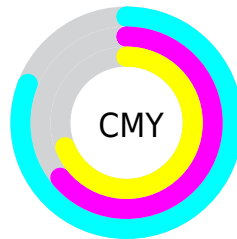
- Red (19%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (64%)





- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 18.961, 171.679 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 18.961, 171.679 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 18.961,
171.679


 36, 18.961,
171.679

 100, 18.961,
171.679


 26, 18.961,
171.679

 56, 18.961,
171.679


 16, 18.961,
171.679


 66, 18.961,
171.679

 6, 18.961, 171.679

 76, 18.961,
171.679

 0, 18.961, 171.679

 86, 18.961,
171.679

 96, 18.961,
171.679

■ 36, 18.961,
171.679

■ 36, 18.961,
171.679

■ 36, 22.335,
170.448

■ 37, 15.296,
172.801

■ 35, 25.361,
169.092

■ 37, 11.399,
173.836

■ 35, 27.999,
167.589

■ 38, 7.331, 174.803

■ 35, 30.227,
165.924

■ 39, 3.150, 175.744

■ 40, 1.096, 356.244

■ 34, 32.204,
164.223

■ 41, 5.365, 357.237

■ 34, 32.718,
163.820

■ 42, 9.623, 358.014

■ 43, 13.844,
358.744

■ 44, 18.008,
359.439

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 18.961, 171.679



26, 21.689, 1.845

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 18.961, 171.679



36, 18.961, 221.679



36, 18.961, 351.679



36, 18.961, 41.679

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 18.961, 171.678



49, 7.291, 175.085



36, 29.932, 133.523



25, 5.067, 174.945



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 18.961, 171.678



46, 27.264, 170.278



33, 13.561, 222.158



18, 2.352, 175.611



41, 37.065, 163.344



84, 66.861, 161.858

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 21.689, 1.845



31, 32.154, 3.998



28, 18.746, 39.575



17, 2.409, 356.986



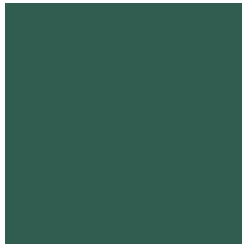
22, 46.515, 18.561



50, 83.659, 22.529

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 18.961, 171.679 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 18.961, 171.679 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

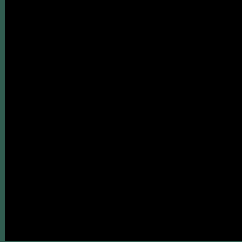
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 18.961, 171.679

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 18.961, 171.679.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 18.961, 171.679.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
36, 18.961, 171.679

Protanopia
36, 5.843, 91.427

Deuteranopia
36, 4.819, 20.051



Tritanopia
36, 13.665, 219.383

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 18.961, 171.679

Protanomaly
36, 8.399, 150.706

Deuteranomaly
36, 4.965, 160.051

Tritanomaly
36, 14.434, 197.532

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 18.961, 171.679

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 7.183, 177.909

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 18.961, 171.679 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 93, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 93, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 93, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 93, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 18.961, 171.679 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 93, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 93, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 93, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 93, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 93, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 93, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 18.961, 171.679 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 93, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 93,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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