

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 20.091, 185.093)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 20.091, 185.093)
contains.

CIELCh(36, 19.809, 185.896)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(36, 19.809, 185.896)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	265D57
RGB	38, 93, 87
RGB Percent	15%, 36%, 34%
CMY	0.8494, 0.6338, 0.6574
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.06, 0.63
HSL	173°, 42%, 26%
HSV	173°, 59%, 37%
XYZ	6.4966, 9.0082, 10.4915
YIQ	75.8710, -30.8540, -13.5260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

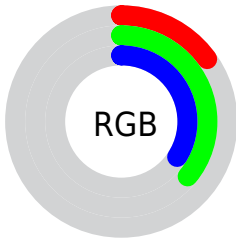
Format	Color
R_{YB}	38, 67, 93
Decimal	2514263
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, -19.70, -2.03
CIE _{LCh}	36, 19.809, 185.896
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2499, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280704343 (0xFF265D57)
YUV	75.8710, 5.4866, -33.2129
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -13.8865, 0.2843




Details

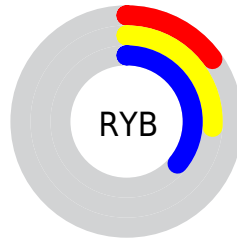
The CIELCh color **36, 19.809, 185.896** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **23, 27.109, 18.192**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 19.962, 185.838**, and **17, 16.581, 183.806** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 22.045, 185.025**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 17.165, 186.721**.

Distribution







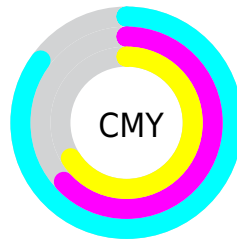
-  Red (15%)
-  Green (36%)
-  Blue (34%)






-  Red (15%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Blue (36%)



-  Cyan (59%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (6%)
-  Black (63%)





-  Cyan (85%)
-  Magenta (63%)
-  Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 19.809, 185.896 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 19.809, 185.896 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 19.809,
185.896


 36, 19.809,
185.896

 100, 19.809,
185.896


 26, 19.809,
185.896

 56, 19.809,
185.896


 16, 19.809,
185.896


 66, 19.809,
185.896

 6, 19.809, 185.896

 76, 19.809,
185.896

 0, 19.809, 185.896

 86, 19.809,
185.896

 96, 19.809,
185.896

■ 36, 19.809,
185.896

■ 36, 19.809,
185.896

■ 36, 22.045,
185.025

■ 36, 17.165,
186.721

■ 35, 23.844,
184.097

■ 37, 14.154,
187.516

■ 35, 25.202,
183.097

■ 38, 10.832,
188.290

■ 35, 26.342,
182.092

■ 38, 7.253, 189.054

■ 35, 26.473,
181.984

■ 39, 3.475, 189.836

■ 40, 0.450, 9.790

■ 41, 4.476, 11.119

■ 42, 8.563, 11.857

■ 43, 12.679, 12.563

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 19.809, 185.896



23, 27.109, 18.192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 19.809, 185.896



36, 19.809, 235.896



36, 19.809, 5.896



36, 19.809, 55.896

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 19.809, 185.894



50, 8.650, 189.077



35, 38.876, 137.518



25, 5.928, 188.923



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 19.809, 185.894



46, 27.718, 184.625



29, 17.077, 251.487



18, 2.164, 189.842



41, 29.704, 181.728



85, 52.764, 180.877

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 27.109, 18.192



28, 41.228, 22.144



29, 22.755, 56.999



17, 2.254, 10.995



21, 51.245, 32.349



50, 94.135, 36.086

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 19.809, 185.896 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 19.809, 185.896 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

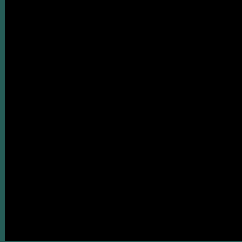
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 19.809, 185.896

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 19.809, 185.896.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 19.809, 185.896.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 19.809, 185.896

Protanopia

36, 1.501, 74.772

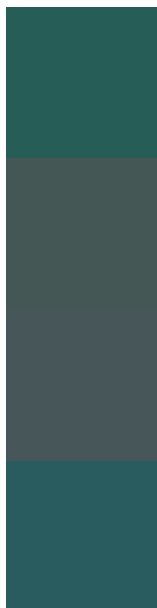
Deuteranopia

36, 6.039, 324.866



Tritanopia
36, 16.945, 212.416

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 19.809, 185.896

Protanomaly
35, 7.654, 184.200

Deuteranomaly
35, 6.270, 216.078

Tritanomaly
36, 17.467, 203.408

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 19.809, 185.896

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 8.292, 189.462

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 19.809, 185.896 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 93, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 93, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 93, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 93, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 19.809, 185.896 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 93, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 93, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 93, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 93, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 93, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 93, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 19.809, 185.896 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 93, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 93,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor