

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 20.620, 150.033)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 20.620, 150.033)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 20.454, 150.502)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B5C44
RGB	59, 92, 68
RGB Percent	23%, 36%, 27%
CMY	0.7685, 0.6391, 0.7332
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.26, 0.64
HSL	136°, 22%, 30%
HSV	136°, 36%, 36%
XYZ	6.6796, 9.0082, 6.8603
YIQ	79.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

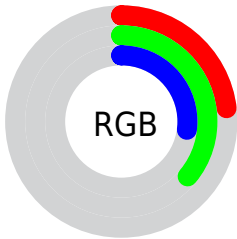
Format	Color
RYB	59, 85, 92
Decimal	3890244
CIELab	36.00, -17.80, 10.07
CIELCh	36, 20.454, 150.502
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2962, 0.3995
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282080324 (0xFF3B5C44)
YUV	79.3970, -5.6187, -17.8882
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -12.7983, 7.4574

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 20.454, 150.502** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **29, 20.636, 335.548**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 20.112, 150.087**, and **16, 20.417, 150.298** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 25.975, 149.484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 14.788, 151.394**.

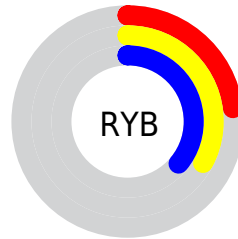
Distribution



 Red (23%)

 Green (36%)

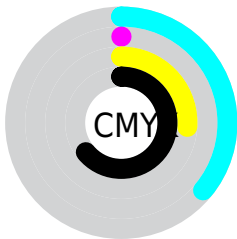
 Blue (27%)




 Red (23%)

 Yellow (33%)

 Blue (36%)

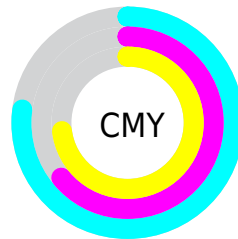


 Cyan (36%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (26%)

 Black (64%)



 Cyan (77%)


 Magenta (64%)


 Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 20.454, 150.502 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 20.454, 150.502 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 20.454,
150.502


 36, 20.454,
150.502

 100, 20.454,
150.502


 26, 20.454,
150.502

 56, 20.454,
150.502


 16, 20.454,
150.502


 66, 20.454,
150.502

 6, 20.454, 150.502

 76, 20.454,
150.502

 0, 20.454, 150.502

 86, 20.454,
150.502

 96, 20.454,
150.502

■ 36, 20.454,
150.502

■ 36, 20.454,
150.502

■ 35, 25.975,
149.484

■ 37, 14.788,
151.394

■ 35, 31.257,
148.326

■ 38, 9.057, 152.180

■ 34, 36.203,
147.015

■ 39, 3.329, 152.900

■ 40, 2.344, 333.366

■ 34, 40.719,
145.551

■ 41, 7.920, 333.958

■ 34, 44.719,
143.946

■ 42, 13.372,
334.445

■ 33, 48.230,
142.352

■ 43, 18.681,
334.877

■ 33, 49.606,
141.804

■ 44, 23.836,
335.266

■ 46, 28.833,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 20.454, 150.502



29, 20.636, 335.548

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 20.454, 150.502



36, 20.454, 200.502



36, 20.454, 330.502



36, 20.454, 20.502

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 20.455, 150.502



49, 7.794, 152.508



38, 20.356, 118.514



25, 5.281, 152.448



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 20.455, 150.502



46, 30.315, 149.645



36, 13.989, 177.530



18, 3.183, 152.687



40, 56.700, 141.336



82, 103.005, 140.033

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 20.636, 335.548



36, 30.562, 336.178



29, 15.853, 4.579



17, 3.196, 333.709



23, 50.901, 342.047



53, 88.696, 343.223

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 20.454, 150.502 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 20.454, 150.502 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

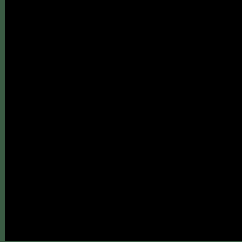
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 20.454, 150.502

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 20.454, 150.502.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 20.454, 150.502.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

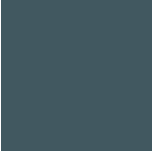
36, 20.454, 150.502

Protanopia

36, 12.655, 95.308

Deuteranopia

36, 10.120, 62.101



Tritanopia
36, 9.904, 228.741

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 20.454, 150.502

Protanomaly
36, 14.014, 122.948

Deuteranomaly
36, 9.922, 113.745

Tritanomaly
36, 10.556, 187.756

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 20.454, 150.502

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 7.688, 151.458

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 20.454, 150.502 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 92, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 92, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 92, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 92, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 20.454, 150.502 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 92, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 92, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 92, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 92, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 92, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 92, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 20.454, 150.502 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 92, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 92,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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