

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 21.120, 60.472)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 21.120, 60.472) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 21.133, 60.127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E4E38
RGB	110, 78, 56
RGB Percent	43%, 31%, 22%
CMY	0.5694, 0.6948, 0.7811
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.49, 0.57
HSL	24°, 33%, 32%
HSV	24°, 49%, 43%
XYZ	9.8258, 9.0082, 4.9396
YIQ	85.0600, 26.1340, -0.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

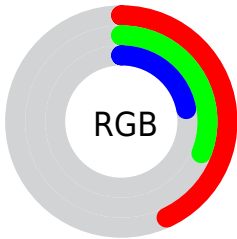
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 93, 56
Decimal	7228984
CIE Lab	36.00, 10.53, 18.33
CIE LCh	36, 21.133, 60.127
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4133, 0.3789
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285419064 (0xFF6E4E38)
YUV	85.0600, -14.3266, 21.8724
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 5.9131, 11.2517

Details

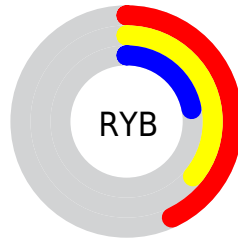
The CIELCh color **36, 21.133, 60.127** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **36, 17.001, 252.598**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 21.151, 60.297**, and **16, 21.062, 61.105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 26.176, 59.269**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 16.335, 61.025**.

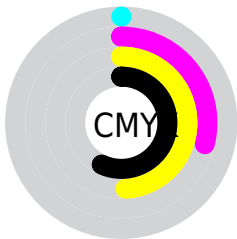
Distribution



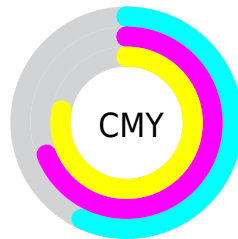
- Red (43%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 21.133, 60.127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 21.133, 60.127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 21.133, 60.127

■ 36, 21.133, 60.127

■ 100, 21.133,
60.127

■ 26, 21.133, 60.127

■ 56, 21.133, 60.127

■ 16, 21.133, 60.127

■ 66, 21.133, 60.127

■ 6, 21.133, 60.127

■ 76, 21.133, 60.127

■ 0, 21.133, 60.127

■ 86, 21.133, 60.127

■ 96, 21.133, 60.127

■ 36, 21.133, 60.127

■ 36, 21.133, 60.127

■ 34, 26.176, 59.269

■ 38, 16.335, 61.025

■ 32, 31.402, 58.411

■ 40, 11.801, 61.949

■ 30, 36.663, 57.488

■ 42, 7.526, 62.893

■ 29, 41.648, 56.334

■ 44, 3.493, 63.823

■ 27, 46.203, 55.075

■ 47, 0.317, 245.778

■ 27, 46.583, 54.988

■ 49, 3.927, 245.934

■ 51, 7.359, 246.866

■ 53, 10.632,
247.801

■ 55, 13.766,
248.718

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 21.133, 60.127



36, 17.001, 252.598

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 21.133, 60.127



36, 21.133, 110.127



36, 21.133, 240.127



36, 21.133, 290.127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 21.133, 60.132



55, 7.230, 63.247



31, 29.730, 342.813



28, 4.921, 63.100



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 21.133, 60.132



44, 32.514, 59.147



44, 28.461, 100.847



22, 2.183, 63.835



30, 50.150, 54.937



61, 87.615, 52.922

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 17.001, 252.598



44, 24.679, 255.649



28, 31.456, 292.844



22, 2.114, 245.841



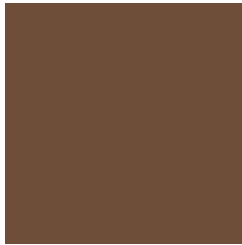
29, 33.208, 271.298



59, 59.343, 274.356

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 21.133, 60.127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 21.133, 60.127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

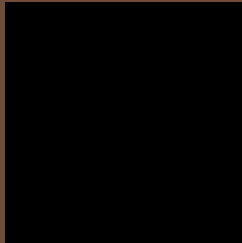
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 21.133, 60.127

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 21.133, 60.127.

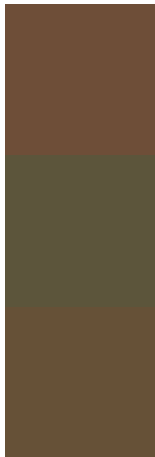


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 21.133, 60.127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 21.133, 60.127

Protanopia

36, 16.310, 95.731

Deuteranopia

36, 19.224, 75.281



Tritanopia
36, 16.837, 11.721

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 21.133, 60.127

Protanomaly
36, 16.799, 80.384

Deuteranomaly
36, 19.962, 69.821

Tritanomaly
36, 16.692, 32.314

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 21.133, 60.127

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 7.379, 61.869

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 21.133, 60.127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 78, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 78, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 78, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 78, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 21.133, 60.127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 78, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 78, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 78, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 78, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 78, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 78,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 21.133, 60.127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 78, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 78,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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