

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 21.196, 124.854)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 21.196, 124.854)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 21.109, 124.691)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B5938
RGB	75, 89, 56
RGB Percent	29%, 35%, 22%
CMY	0.7044, 0.6495, 0.7790
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.37, 0.65
HSL	85°, 23%, 29%
HSV	85°, 37%, 35%
XYZ	7.2577, 9.0082, 5.1435
YIQ	81.0520, 2.2490, -13.2310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

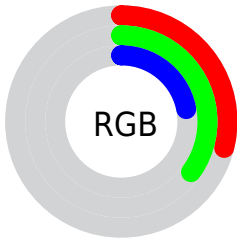
Format	Color
RYB	56, 89, 70
Decimal	4938040
CIELab	36.00, -12.01, 17.36
CIElCh	36, 21.109, 124.691
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3390, 0.4208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283128120 (0xFF4B5938)
YUV	81.0520, -12.3506, -5.3076
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -9.3603, 10.8488

Details

The CIELCh color $36, 21.109, 124.691$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $26, 22.345, 308.260$, and the grayscale version is $35, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56, 21.327, 124.866$, and $16, 20.751, 124.757$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $36, 26.624, 124.251$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $36, 15.459, 125.159$.

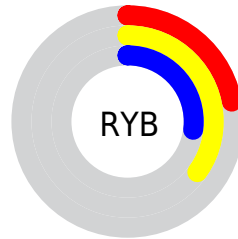
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (35%)

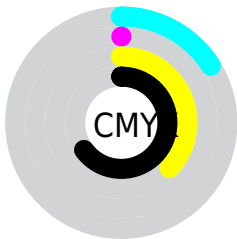
Blue (22%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (27%)

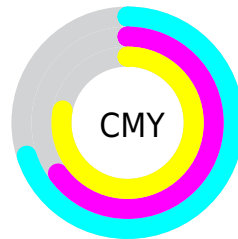


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (70%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 21.109, 124.691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 21.109, 124.691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 21.109,
124.691


 36, 21.109,
124.691

 100, 21.109,
124.691


 26, 21.109,
124.691

 56, 21.109,
124.691


 16, 21.109,
124.691


 66, 21.109,
124.691

 6, 21.109, 124.691

 76, 21.109,
124.691

 0, 21.109, 124.691

 86, 21.109,
124.691

 96, 21.109,
124.691

■ 36, 21.109,
124.691

■ 36, 21.109,
124.691

■ 36, 26.624,
124.251

■ 36, 15.459,
125.159

■ 35, 31.910,
123.871

■ 37, 9.736, 125.627

■ 38, 3.987, 126.087

■ 35, 36.838,
123.605

■ 38, 1.756, 306.475

■ 34, 41.231,
123.528

■ 39, 7.469, 306.901

■ 34, 44.880,
123.737

■ 39, 13.134,
307.278

■ 34, 48.017,
124.077

■ 40, 18.738,
307.623

■ 34, 49.030,
124.118

■ 41, 24.273,
307.939

■ 42, 29.731,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 21.109, 124.691



26, 22.345, 308.260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 21.109, 124.691



36, 21.109, 174.691



36, 21.109, 304.691



36, 21.109, 354.691

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 21.110, 124.693



49, 7.904, 125.885



31, 12.901, 62.311



24, 5.258, 125.849



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 21.110, 124.693



46, 31.261, 124.314



35, 24.345, 140.013



19, 3.288, 125.999



41, 56.769, 124.533



85, 100.939, 125.571

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 22.345, 308.260



32, 33.598, 308.767



28, 24.466, 323.840



17, 3.335, 306.762



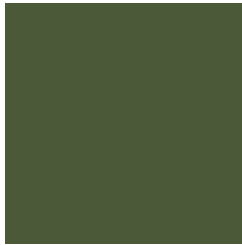
14, 67.721, 310.835



36, 120.258, 310.140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 21.109, 124.691 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 21.109, 124.691 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

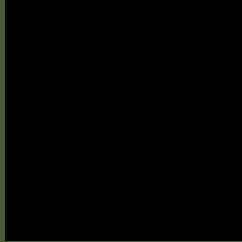
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

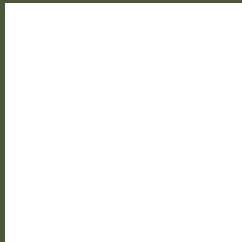
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 21.109, 124.691

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 21.109, 124.691.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 21.109, 124.691.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 21.109, 124.691

Protanopia

36, 19.265, 96.897

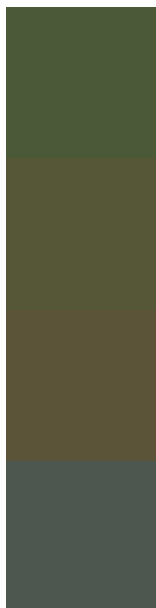
Deuteranopia

36, 17.351, 73.947



Tritanopia
36, 4.761, 265.555

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 21.109, 124.691

Protanomaly
36, 19.483, 108.316

Deuteranomaly
36, 17.043, 94.388

Tritanomaly
36, 6.323, 147.052

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 21.109, 124.691

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 7.783, 125.480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 21.109, 124.691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 89, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 89, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 89, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 89, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 21.109, 124.691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 89, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 89, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 89, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 89, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 89, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 89, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 21.109, 124.691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 89, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 89,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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