

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 22.909, 322.957)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 22.909, 322.957)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 22.949, 323.256)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	684B6B
RGB	104, 75, 107
RGB Percent	41%, 29%, 42%
CMY	0.5927, 0.7064, 0.5809
CMYK	0.03, 0.30, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	294°, 18%, 36%
HSV	294°, 30%, 42%
XYZ	10.8470, 9.0082, 15.0395
YIQ	87.3190, 7.0120, 16.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

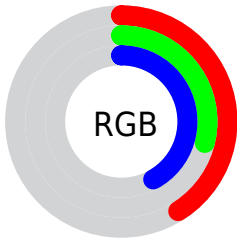
Format	Color
RYB	104, 75, 107
Decimal	6835051
CIELab	36.00, 18.39, -13.73
CIElCh	36, 22.949, 323.256
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3109, 0.2582
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285025131 (0xFF684B6B)
YUV	87.3190, 9.7027, 14.6292
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 11.9868, -8.7000




Details

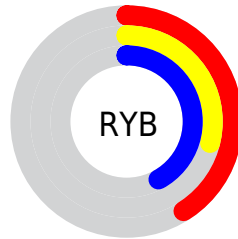
The CIELCh color $[36, 22.949, 323.256]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `#663366`. A complement of this color would be $[42, 22.824, 140.196]$, and the grayscale version is $[37, 0.005, 296.813]$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56, 22.929, 323.921]$, and $[16, 23.353, 322.730]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33, 30.508, 323.691]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39, 15.256, 322.798]$.

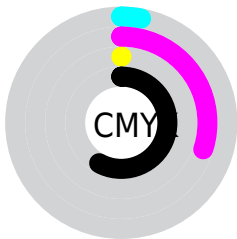
Distribution







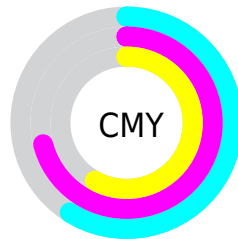
-  Red (41%)
-  Green (29%)
-  Blue (42%)






-  Red (41%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Blue (42%)



-  Cyan (3%)
-  Magenta (30%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (58%)





-  Cyan (59%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 22.949, 323.256 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 22.949, 323.256 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 22.949,
323.256


 36, 22.949,
323.256

 100, 22.949,
323.256


 26, 22.949,
323.256

 56, 22.949,
323.256


 16, 22.949,
323.256


 66, 22.949,
323.256

 6, 22.949, 323.256

 76, 22.949,
323.256

 0, 22.949, 323.256

 86, 22.949,
323.256

 96, 22.949,
323.256

36, 22.949,
323.256

36, 22.949,
323.256

33, 30.508,
323.691

39, 15.256,
322.798

31, 37.755,
324.085

42, 7.563, 322.326

28, 44.455,
324.418

45, 0.042, 145.404

48, 7.503, 141.459

26, 50.334,
324.666

52, 14.784,
141.020

24, 55.109,
324.805

55, 21.869,
140.607

23, 58.552,
324.816


58, 28.750,
140.220

22, 61.272,
324.765

61, 35.428,
139.858

22, 61.290,

324.765

 65, 41.908,
139.522

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 22.949, 323.256



42, 22.824, 140.196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 22.949, 323.256



36, 22.949, 13.256



36, 22.949, 143.256



36, 22.949, 193.256

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 22.948, 323.256



54, 8.431, 322.292



34, 18.079, 289.460



27, 5.819, 322.345



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 22.948, 323.256



44, 33.918, 323.565



36, 17.903, 340.929



21, 4.282, 322.279



25, 65.493, 324.729



54, 112.754, 324.528

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 14.526, 14.471



43, 21.924, 15.428



42, 17.546, 156.213



21, 2.563, 12.264



23, 54.563, 33.762



51, 97.376, 36.906

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 22.949, 323.256 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 22.949, 323.256 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

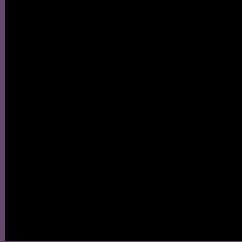
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 22.949, 323.256

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 22.949, 323.256.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 22.949, 323.256.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 22.949, 323.256

Protanopia

36, 18.096, 284.999

Deuteranopia

36, 13.679, 292.396



Tritanopia
36, 10.288, 359.960

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 22.949, 323.256

Protanomaly
36, 18.850, 300.050

Deuteranomaly
36, 16.814, 307.551

Tritanomaly
36, 14.472, 338.553

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 22.949, 323.256

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 8.028, 322.484

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 22.949, 323.256 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 75, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 75, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 75, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 75, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 22.949, 323.256 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 75, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 75, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 75, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 75, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 75, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 75,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 22.949, 323.256 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 75, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 75,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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