

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 26.043, 289.785)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 26.043, 289.785)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 26.094, 289.835)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C527C
RGB	76, 82, 124
RGB Percent	30%, 32%, 49%
CMY	0.7023, 0.6787, 0.5141
CMYK	0.39, 0.34, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	232°, 24%, 39%
HSV	232°, 39%, 49%
XYZ	9.6173, 9.0082, 20.2713
YIQ	84.9940, -17.0580, 11.7900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

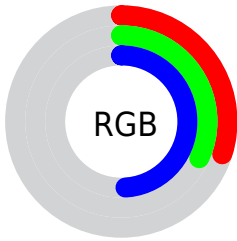
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 81, 124
Decimal	5001852
CIE Lab	36.00, 8.85, -24.55
CIE LCh	36, 26.094, 289.835
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2473, 0.2316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283191932 (0xFF4C527C)
YUV	84.9940, 19.2300, -7.8877
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 4.6730, -19.0351

Details

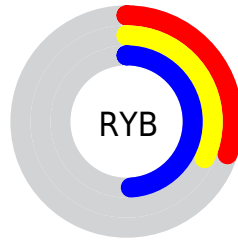
The CIELCh color $[36, 26.094, 289.835]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be $[49, 24.387, 100.500]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56, 26.359, 290.309]$, and $[16, 25.866, 289.651]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 33.436, 291.763]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40, 19.017, 288.166]$.

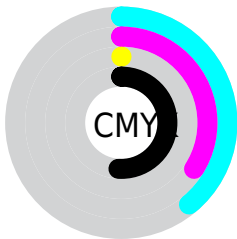
Distribution



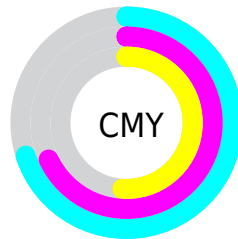
- Red (30%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 26.094, 289.835 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 26.094, 289.835 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 26.094,
289.835


 36, 26.094,
289.835

 100, 26.094,
289.835


 26, 26.094,
289.835

 56, 26.094,
289.835


 16, 26.094,
289.835


 66, 26.094,
289.835

 6, 26.094, 289.835

 76, 26.094,
289.835

 0, 26.094, 289.835

 86, 26.094,
289.835

 96, 26.094,
289.835

■ 36, 26.094,
289.835

■ 36, 26.094,
289.835

■ 32, 33.436,
291.763

■ 40, 19.017,
288.166

■ 28, 41.049,
293.957

■ 44, 12.190,
286.732

■ 24, 48.885,
296.384

■ 48, 5.593, 285.506

■ 20, 56.786,
298.946

■ 52, 0.791, 104.326

■ 57, 6.977, 103.504

■ 17, 64.364,
301.459

■ 61, 12.977,
102.715

■ 15, 70.989,
303.564

■ 65, 18.803,
102.026

■ 14, 71.732,
303.771

■ 69, 24.463,
101.421

■ 73, 29.966,
100.888

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 26.094, 289.835



49, 24.387, 100.500

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 26.094, 289.835



36, 26.094, 339.835



36, 26.094, 109.835



36, 26.094, 159.835

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 26.093, 289.835



60, 9.556, 285.919



49, 17.959, 185.310



31, 6.399, 286.041



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 26.093, 289.835



43, 38.913, 291.429



36, 30.589, 306.591



24, 3.573, 285.543



15, 72.209, 303.789



34, 125.915, 304.804

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 21.750, 13.402



46, 32.496, 14.870



49, 28.533, 122.327



24, 2.886, 9.795



25, 56.473, 32.674



53, 97.927, 35.415

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 26.094, 289.835 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 26.094, 289.835 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

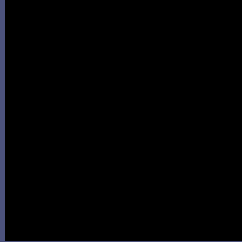
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 26.094, 289.835

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 26.094, 289.835.

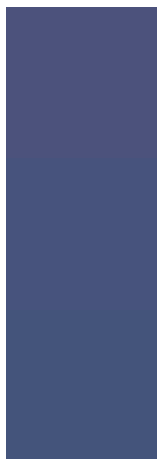


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 26.094, 289.835.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

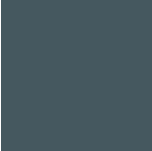
36, 26.094, 289.835

Protanopia

36, 26.213, 285.588

Deuteranopia

36, 24.550, 281.552



Tritanopia
36, 8.433, 229.765

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 26.094, 289.835

Protanomaly
36, 26.144, 286.957

Deuteranomaly
36, 25.006, 284.881

Tritanomaly
36, 13.270, 269.149

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 26.094, 289.835

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 9.337, 286.838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 36, 26.094, 289.835 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 82, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 82, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 82, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 82, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 26.094, 289.835 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 82, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 82, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 82, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 82, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 82, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 82,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 26.094, 289.835 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 82, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 82,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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