

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 28.532, 141.716)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 28.532, 141.716)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 28.481, 141.617)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	375D37
RGB	55, 93, 55
RGB Percent	22%, 36%, 22%
CMY	0.7827, 0.6336, 0.7828
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.41, 0.63
HSL	120°, 26%, 29%
HSV	120°, 41%, 37%
XYZ	6.2499, 9.0082, 5.0739
YIQ	77.3060, -10.4500, -19.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

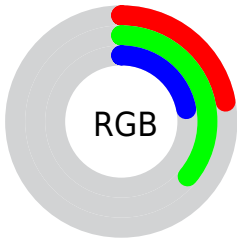
Format	Color
RYB	55, 93, 93
Decimal	3628343
CIELab	36.00, -22.33, 17.68
CIELCh	36, 28.481, 141.617
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3074, 0.4431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281818423 (0xFF375D37)
YUV	77.3060, -10.9969, -19.5624
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -15.3539, 10.9864

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 28.481, 141.617** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **29, 28.440, 326.446**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 28.825, 141.346**, and **16, 28.055, 142.140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 35.081, 140.667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 21.594, 142.467**.

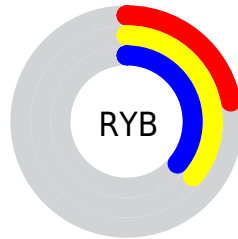
Distribution



 Red (22%)

 Green (36%)

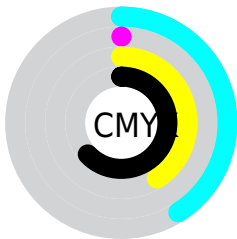
 Blue (22%)




 Red (22%)

 Yellow (36%)

 Blue (36%)

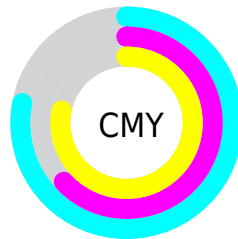


 Cyan (41%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (41%)

 Black (63%)



 Cyan (78%)

 Magenta (63%)

 Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 28.481, 141.617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 28.481, 141.617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 28.481,
141.617


 36, 28.481,
141.617

 100, 28.481,
141.617


 26, 28.481,
141.617

 56, 28.481,
141.617


 16, 28.481,
141.617


 66, 28.481,
141.617

 6, 28.481, 141.617

 76, 28.481,
141.617

 0, 28.481, 141.617

 86, 28.481,
141.617

 96, 28.481,
141.617

■ 36, 28.481,
141.617

■ 36, 28.481,
141.617

■ 35, 35.081,
140.667

■ 37, 21.594,
142.467

■ 35, 41.214,
139.640

■ 38, 14.562,
143.212

■ 34, 46.668,
138.585

■ 39, 7.498, 143.862

■ 34, 51.204,
137.591

■ 40, 0.487, 144.697

■ 41, 6.409, 324.839

■ 34, 54.596,
136.769

■ 42, 13.149,
325.253

■ 34, 57.478,
136.011

■ 43, 19.706,
325.601

■ 45, 26.066,
325.898

■ 46, 32.222,
326.153

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 28.481, 141.617



29, 28.440, 326.446

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 28.481, 141.617



36, 28.481, 191.617



36, 28.481, 321.617



36, 28.481, 11.617

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 28.482, 141.617



50, 10.506, 143.759



39, 22.437, 105.819



25, 6.906, 143.714



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 28.482, 141.617



46, 42.349, 140.682



36, 19.833, 159.122



18, 3.861, 143.977



40, 64.320, 136.012



82, 113.375, 136.014

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 28.440, 326.446



36, 42.175, 326.884



28, 20.667, 346.383



17, 3.868, 324.851



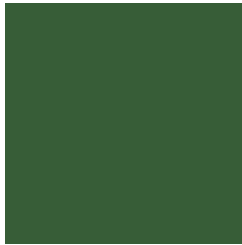
25, 62.063, 328.213



56, 109.393, 328.212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 28.481, 141.617 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 28.481, 141.617 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 28.481, 141.617

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 28.481, 141.617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 28.481, 141.617.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
36, 28.481, 141.617

Protanopia
36, 19.983, 95.650

Deuteranopia
36, 17.351, 73.947



Tritanopia
36, 10.590, 222.651

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 28.481, 141.617

Protanomaly
35, 21.028, 117.041

Deuteranomaly
36, 17.756, 110.232

Tritanomaly
36, 14.063, 171.283

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 28.481, 141.617

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 10.720, 143.513

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 28.481, 141.617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 93, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 93, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 93, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 93, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 28.481, 141.617 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 93, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 93, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 93, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 93, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 93, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 93, 55)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 28.481, 141.617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 93, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 93,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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