

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 28.605, 295.356)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 28.605, 295.356)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 28.605, 295.356)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	51507E
RGB	81, 80, 126
RGB Percent	32%, 31%, 49%
CMY	0.6821, 0.6860, 0.5056
CMYK	0.36, 0.36, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	241°, 22%, 40%
HSV	241°, 36%, 49%
XYZ	10.0439, 9.0082, 20.9733
YIQ	85.5430, -14.1700, 14.5180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

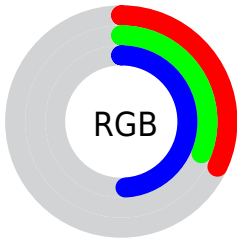
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 80, 126
Decimal	5329022
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 12.25, -25.85
CIE _{LCh}	36, 28.605, 295.356
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2509, 0.2251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283519102 (0xFF51507E)
YUV	85.5430, 19.9453, -3.9842
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 7.2105, -20.4219

Details

The CIELCh color $[36, 28.605, 295.356]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $[52, 26.203, 107.783]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56, 28.724, 295.511]$, and $[16, 28.600, 295.264]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31, 37.193, 297.003]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41, 20.346, 293.924]$.

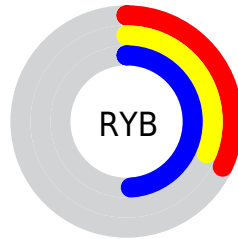
Distribution



 Red (32%)

 Green (31%)

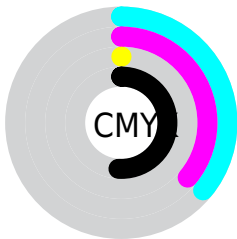
 Blue (49%)




 Red (32%)

 Yellow (31%)

 Blue (49%)

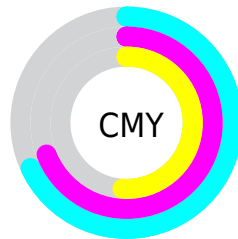


 Cyan (36%)

 Magenta (36%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (51%)



 Cyan (68%)


 Magenta (69%)

 Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 28.605, 295.356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 28.605, 295.356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 28.605,
295.356

 36, 28.605,
295.356

 100, 28.605,
295.356

 26, 28.605,
295.356

 56, 28.605,
295.356


 16, 28.605,
295.356


 66, 28.605,
295.356

 6, 28.605, 295.356

 76, 28.605,
295.356

 0, 28.605, 295.356

 86, 28.605,
295.356

 96, 28.605,
295.356

■ 36, 28.605,
295.356

■ 36, 28.605,
295.356

■ 31, 37.193,
297.003

■ 41, 20.346,
293.924

■ 27, 46.068,
298.854

■ 45, 12.416,
292.694

■ 23, 55.069,
300.846

■ 50, 4.797, 291.646

■ 19, 63.789,
302.837

■ 54, 2.535, 110.722

■ 59, 9.599, 109.963

■ 16, 71.426,
304.581

■ 63, 16.414,
109.303

■ 14, 77.205,
305.902

■ 68, 22.998,
108.735

■ 13, 79.268,
306.389

■ 72, 29.366,
108.243

■ 77, 35.532,
107.815

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 28.605, 295.356



52, 26.203, 107.783

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 28.605, 295.356



36, 28.605, 345.356



36, 28.605, 115.356



36, 28.605, 165.356

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 28.604, 295.356



61, 10.127, 292.124



49, 16.120, 199.355



31, 6.784, 292.236



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 28.604, 295.356



42, 43.346, 296.748



38, 29.686, 311.343



24, 4.223, 291.903



13, 79.914, 306.387



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 32.240, 326.937



49, 47.544, 327.355



50, 28.303, 128.022



25, 5.027, 325.486



29, 67.995, 329.090



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 28.605, 295.356 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 28.605, 295.356 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

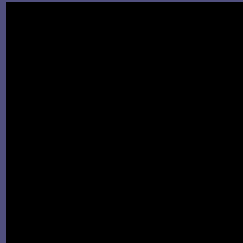
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 28.605, 295.356

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 28.605, 295.356.

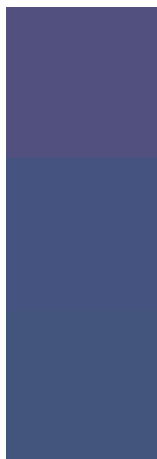


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 28.605, 295.356.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

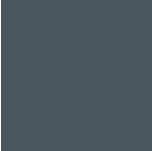
36, 28.605, 295.356

Protanopia

36, 28.696, 285.664

Deuteranopia

36, 25.790, 281.792



Tritanopia
36, 6.643, 239.913

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 28.605, 295.356

Protanomaly
36, 28.596, 288.760

Deuteranomaly
36, 26.177, 286.269

Tritanomaly
36, 13.845, 281.429

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 28.605, 295.356

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 10.557, 291.893

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 28.605, 295.356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 80, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 80, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 80, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 80, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 28.605, 295.356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 80, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 80, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 80, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 80, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 80, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 80,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 28.605, 295.356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 80, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 80,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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