

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 31.310, 6.415)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 31.310, 6.415) contains.

CIELCh(36, 31.310, 6.415)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(36, 31.310, 6.415)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	833F50
RGB	131, 63, 80
RGB Percent	51%, 25%, 31%
CMY	0.4853, 0.7520, 0.6854
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.39, 0.49
HSL	345°, 35%, 38%
HSV	345°, 52%, 51%
XYZ	12.6455, 9.0082, 8.7044
YIQ	85.2700, 35.0710, 19.7030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

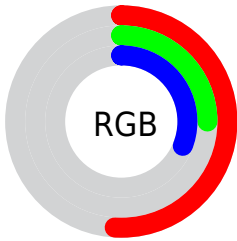
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 63, 80
Decimal	8601424
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 31.11, 3.50
CIE _{LCh}	36, 31.310, 6.415
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4165, 0.2967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286791504 (0xFF833F50)
YUV	85.2700, -2.5981, 40.1052
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 22.6827, 3.8144

Details

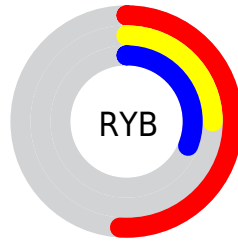
The CIELCh color **36, 31.310, 6.415** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **50, 26.102, 174.289**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 31.073, 6.572**, and **16, 31.257, 5.835** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 37.257, 8.757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 25.101, 4.533**.

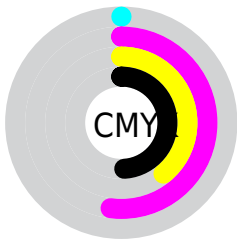
Distribution



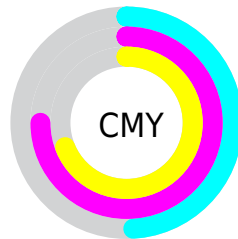
- Red (51%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 31.310, 6.415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 31.310, 6.415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 31.310, 6.415  36, 31.310, 6.415

 100, 31.310, 6.415  26, 31.310, 6.415

 56, 31.310, 6.415  16, 31.310, 6.415

 66, 31.310, 6.415  6, 31.310, 6.415

 76, 31.310, 6.415  0, 31.310, 6.415

 86, 31.310, 6.415

 96, 31.310, 6.415

 36, 31.310, 6.415  36, 31.310, 6.415

 33, 37.257, 8.757  39, 25.101, 4.533

 31, 42.703, 11.692  43, 18.844, 2.989

■ 29, 47.428, 15.369

■ 46, 12.690, 1.697

■ 27, 51.340, 19.872

■ 50, 6.731, 0.582

■ 27, 54.374, 23.703

■ 54, 1.017, 359.339

■ 58, 4.431, 178.954

■ 62, 9.615, 178.180

■ 66, 14.545,
177.514

■ 70, 19.239,
176.918

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 31.310, 6.415



50, 26.102, 174.289

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 31.310, 6.415



36, 31.310, 56.415



36, 31.310, 186.415



36, 31.310, 236.415

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 31.308, 6.417



62, 11.410, 1.071



36, 45.096, 319.369



32, 7.792, 1.265



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 31.308, 6.417



43, 46.282, 9.181



40, 27.173, 44.326



26, 3.218, 0.300



26, 53.994, 23.647



0, 0.755, 359.531

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 31.308, 6.417



43, 46.282, 9.181



45, 18.994, 230.433



26, 3.218, 0.300



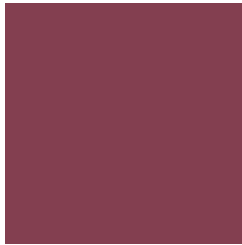
26, 53.994, 23.647



0, 0.755, 359.531

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 31.310, 6.415 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

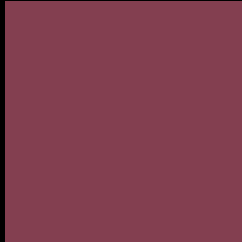
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 31.310, 6.415 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 31.310, 6.415

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 31.310, 6.415.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 31.310, 6.415.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 31.310, 6.415

Protanopia

36, 4.963, 290.995

Deuteranopia

36, 7.443, 44.632



Tritanopia
36, 30.081, 19.124

Trichromacy



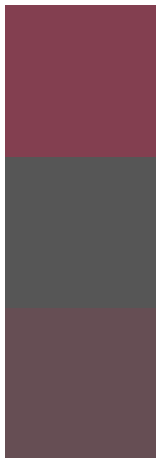
Original Color
36, 31.310, 6.415

Protanomaly
36, 12.728, 349.187

Deuteranomaly
36, 15.441, 15.070

Tritanomaly
36, 30.296, 13.650

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 31.310, 6.415

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 11.145, 1.808

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 31.310, 6.415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 63, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 63, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 63, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 63, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 31.310, 6.415 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 63, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 63, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 63, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 63, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 63, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 63,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 31.310, 6.415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 63, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 63,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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