

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 31.512, 12.794)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 31.512, 12.794) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 31.612, 12.284)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	843F4B
RGB	132, 63, 75
RGB Percent	52%, 25%, 29%
CMY	0.4815, 0.7522, 0.7052
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.43, 0.48
HSL	350°, 35%, 38%
HSV	350°, 52%, 52%
XYZ	12.6120, 9.0082, 7.7624
YIQ	84.9990, 37.2720, 18.3600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

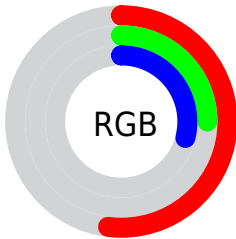
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 63, 75
Decimal	8666955
CIE Lab	36.00, 30.89, 6.73
CIE LCh	36, 31.612, 12.284
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4292, 0.3066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286857035 (0xFF843F4B)
YUV	84.9990, -4.9295, 41.2199
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 22.4834, 5.6753




Details

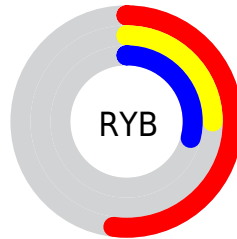
The CIELCh color **36, 31.612, 12.284** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **51, 24.917, 180.464**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 31.673, 12.182**, and **16, 31.732, 12.664** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 37.857, 14.747**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 25.220, 10.323**.

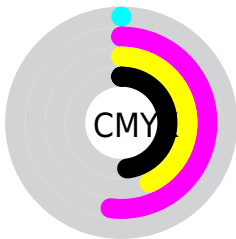
Distribution







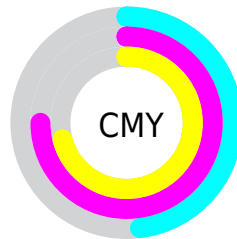
-  Red (52%)
-  Green (25%)
-  Blue (29%)






-  Red (52%)
-  Yellow (25%)
-  Blue (29%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (52%)
-  Yellow (43%)
-  Black (48%)



-  Cyan (48%)
-  Magenta (75%)
-  Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 31.612, 12.284 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 31.612, 12.284 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 31.612, 12.284

■ 36, 31.612, 12.284

■ 100, 31.612,
12.284

■ 26, 31.612, 12.284

■ 56, 31.612, 12.284

■ 16, 31.612, 12.284

■ 66, 31.612, 12.284

■ 6, 31.612, 12.284

■ 76, 31.612, 12.284

■ 0, 31.612, 12.284

■ 86, 31.612, 12.284

■ 96, 31.612, 12.284

■ 36, 31.612, 12.284

■ 36, 31.612, 12.284

■ 33, 37.857, 14.747

■ 39, 25.220, 10.323

■ 31, 43.737, 17.839

■ 43, 18.877, 8.736

■ 29, 49.052, 21.671

■ 47, 12.713, 7.430

■ 27, 53.702, 26.234

■ 50, 6.808, 6.324

■ 27, 57.205, 29.733

■ 54, 1.199, 5.145

■ 58, 4.108, 184.768

■ 62, 9.119, 184.030

■ 66, 13.854,
183.408

■ 71, 18.336,
182.860

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 31.612, 12.284



51, 24.917, 180.464

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 31.612, 12.284



36, 31.612, 62.284



36, 31.612, 192.284



36, 31.612, 242.284

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 31.610, 12.287



62, 11.128, 6.764



36, 46.102, 321.452



32, 7.606, 6.955



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 31.610, 12.287



43, 47.270, 15.367



41, 26.857, 50.674



26, 3.128, 6.007



26, 56.481, 29.638



0, 0.732, 5.273

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 31.610, 12.287



43, 47.270, 15.367



44, 19.522, 240.631



26, 3.128, 6.007



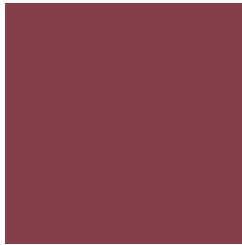
26, 56.481, 29.638



0, 0.732, 5.273

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 31.612, 12.284 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

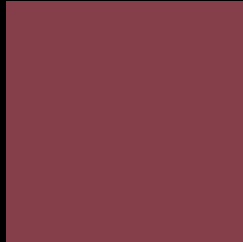
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 31.612, 12.284 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

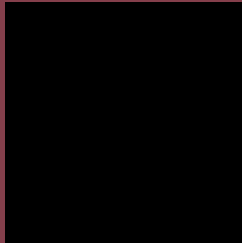
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 31.612, 12.284

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 31.612, 12.284.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 31.612, 12.284.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 31.612, 12.284

Protanopia

36, 1.320, 309.111

Deuteranopia

36, 9.659, 59.639



Tritanopia
36, 31.507, 19.708

Trichromacy



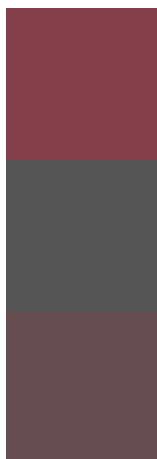
Original Color
36, 31.612, 12.284

Protanomaly
36, 12.018, 3.429

Deuteranomaly
36, 16.243, 26.196

Tritanomaly
36, 31.332, 17.506

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 31.612, 12.284

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 11.354, 8.675

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 31.612, 12.284 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 63, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 63, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 63, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 63, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 31.612, 12.284 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 63, 75) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 63, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 63, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 63, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 63, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 63,  
75) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 31.612, 12.284 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 63, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 63,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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