

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 31.847, 263.522)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 31.847, 263.522)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 31.789, 263.466)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F5987
RGB	15, 89, 135
RGB Percent	6%, 35%, 53%
CMY	0.9406, 0.6508, 0.4703
CMYK	0.89, 0.34, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	203°, 80%, 29%
HSV	203°, 89%, 53%
XYZ	8.1541, 9.0082, 24.2540
YIQ	72.1180, -58.8700, -1.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

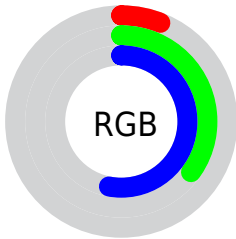
Format	Color
R_{YB}	15, 61, 135
Decimal	1005959
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, -3.62, -31.58
CIE _{LCh}	36, 31.789, 263.466
Yxy	9.0082, 0.1969, 0.2175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279196039 (0xFF0F5987)
YUV	72.1180, 31.0008, -50.0925
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -4.0289, -26.9027

Details

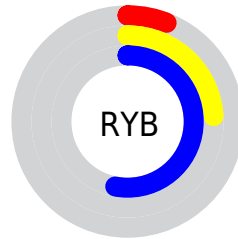
The CIELCh color **36, 31.789, 263.466** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **35, 49.617, 54.289**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 31.906, 263.334**, and **18, 29.060, 278.173** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 34.537, 268.062**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 29.025, 259.140**.

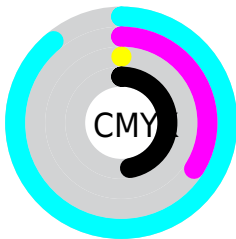
Distribution



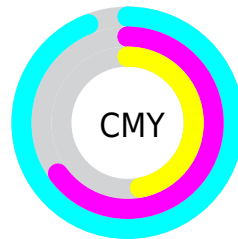
- Red (6%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)





- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 31.789, 263.466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 31.789, 263.466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 31.789,
263.466


 36, 31.789,
263.466

 100, 31.789,
263.466


 26, 31.789,
263.466

 56, 31.789,
263.466


 16, 31.789,
263.466


 66, 31.789,
263.466

 6, 31.789, 263.466

 76, 31.789,
263.466

 0, 31.789, 263.466

 86, 31.789,
263.466

 96, 31.789,
263.466

■ 36, 31.789,
263.466

■ 36, 31.789,
263.466

■ 34, 34.537,
268.062

■ 38, 29.025,
259.140

■ 34, 34.886,
268.589

■ 40, 26.103,
255.376

■ 42, 22.959,
252.184

■ 44, 19.568,
249.525

■ 47, 15.932,
247.332

■ 49, 12.072,
245.533

■ 52, 8.019, 244.064

■ 54, 3.807, 242.891

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 31.789, 263.466



35, 49.617, 54.289

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 31.789, 263.466



36, 31.789, 313.466



36, 31.789, 83.466



36, 31.789, 133.466

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 31.788, 263.467



63, 14.087, 245.344



49, 56.646, 146.782



32, 9.513, 245.821



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 31.788, 263.467



44, 43.054, 269.830



19, 69.723, 301.921



27, 2.407, 242.924



33, 33.855, 268.385



0, 0.584, 241.920

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 53.698, 348.096



38, 66.704, 351.390



51, 53.244, 95.930



26, 4.025, 338.489



28, 53.722, 350.579



0, 0.956, 337.875

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 31.789, 263.466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 31.789, 263.466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 31.789, 263.466

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 31.789, 263.466.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 31.789, 263.466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 31.789, 263.466

Protanopia

36, 29.334, 285.416

Deuteranopia

36, 32.325, 279.130



Tritanopia
36, 23.350, 207.503

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 31.789, 263.466

Protanomaly
36, 30.340, 274.975

Deuteranomaly
36, 32.538, 273.118

Tritanomaly
36, 23.552, 231.361

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 31.789, 263.466

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 14.087, 248.913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 31.789, 263.466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 89, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 89, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 89, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 89, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 31.789, 263.466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 89, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 89, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 89, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 89, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 89, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 89,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 31.789, 263.466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 89, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 89,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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