

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 33.168, 343.811)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 33.168, 343.811)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 32.898, 343.945)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E4064
RGB	126, 64, 100
RGB Percent	49%, 25%, 39%
CMY	0.5062, 0.7493, 0.6081
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.21, 0.51
HSL	325°, 33%, 37%
HSV	325°, 49%, 49%
XYZ	12.7201, 9.0082, 13.1077
YIQ	86.6420, 25.3960, 24.3400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

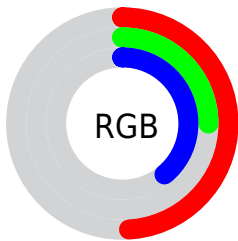
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 64, 100
Decimal	8274020
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 31.61, -9.10
CIE _{LCh}	36, 32.898, 343.945
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3651, 0.2586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286464100 (0xFF7E4064)
YUV	86.6420, 6.5855, 34.5170
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 23.1264, -4.8840

Details

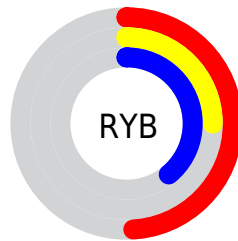
The CIELCh color $[36, 32.898, 343.945]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663366`. A complement of this color would be $[48, 31.908, 154.860]$, and the grayscale version is $[37, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56, 32.735, 343.774]$, and $[16, 32.628, 344.540]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33, 38.780, 345.200]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39, 26.467, 342.855]$.

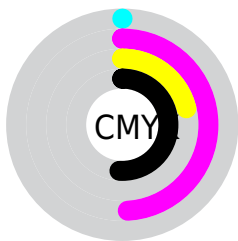
Distribution



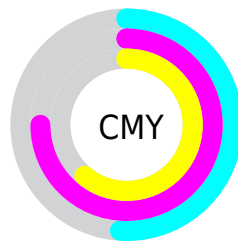
- Red (49%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 32.898, 343.945 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 32.898, 343.945 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 32.898,
343.945


 36, 32.898,
343.945

 100, 32.898,
343.945


 26, 32.898,
343.945

 56, 32.898,
343.945


 16, 32.898,
343.945


 66, 32.898,
343.945

 6, 32.898, 343.945

 76, 32.898,
343.945

 0, 32.898, 343.945

 86, 32.898,
343.945

 96, 32.898,
343.945

36, 32.898,
343.945

36, 32.898,
343.945

33, 38.780,
345.200

39, 26.467,
342.855

31, 43.811,
346.677

42, 19.749,
341.884

29, 47.672,
348.462

46, 12.935,
341.004

28, 50.127,
350.662

49, 6.156, 340.185

27, 51.560,
353.216

53, 0.504, 160.028

26, 51.677,
353.411

57, 6.997, 158.854

61, 13.298,
158.203

64, 19.398,
157.607

■ 68, 25.300,
157.053

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 32.898, 343.945



48, 31.908, 154.860

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 32.898, 343.945



36, 32.898, 33.945



36, 32.898, 163.945



36, 32.898, 213.945

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 32.896, 343.946



60, 12.439, 340.682



33, 40.019, 308.883



30, 8.455, 340.824



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 32.896, 343.946



43, 47.605, 345.358



35, 28.764, 18.456



25, 3.798, 340.175



27, 52.130, 353.455



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 32.896, 343.946



43, 47.605, 345.358



49, 21.616, 188.997



25, 3.798, 340.175



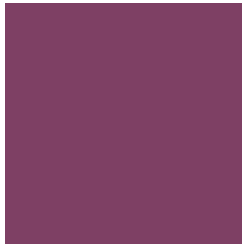
27, 52.130, 353.455



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 32.898, 343.945 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 32.898, 343.945 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

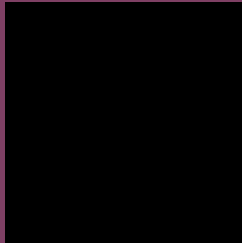
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 32.898, 343.945

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 32.898, 343.945.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 32.898, 343.945.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 32.898, 343.945

Protanopia

36, 18.705, 285.398

Deuteranopia

36, 8.967, 304.670



Tritanopia
36, 24.833, 16.737

Trichromacy



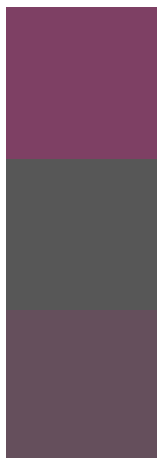
Original Color
36, 32.898, 343.945

Protanomaly
36, 21.198, 312.474

Deuteranomaly
36, 17.369, 330.415

Tritanomaly
36, 26.596, 2.930

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 32.898, 343.945

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 12.324, 340.670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 32.898, 343.945 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 64, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 64, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 64, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 64, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 32.898, 343.945 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 64, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 64, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 64, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 64, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 64, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 64,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 32.898, 343.945 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 64, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 64,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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