

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 37.497, 16.636)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 37.497, 16.636) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 37.536, 16.885)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C3A45
RGB	140, 58, 69
RGB Percent	55%, 23%, 27%
CMY	0.4515, 0.7730, 0.7298
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.51, 0.45
HSL	352°, 41%, 39%
HSV	352°, 59%, 55%
XYZ	13.3730, 9.0082, 6.6476
YIQ	83.7720, 45.3410, 20.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

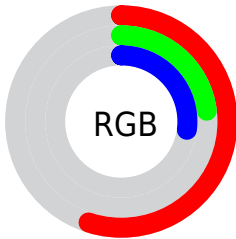
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 58, 69
Decimal	9189957
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 35.92, 10.90
CIE _{LCh}	36, 37.536, 16.885
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4607, 0.3103
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287380037 (0xFF8C3A45)
YUV	83.7720, -7.2826, 49.3120
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 27.0093, 7.8775

Details

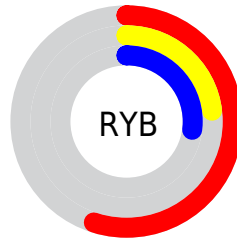
The CIELCh color **36, 37.536, 16.885** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **53, 27.656, 183.317**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 37.759, 16.657**, and **16, 37.426, 17.028** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 44.085, 19.789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 30.754, 14.586**.

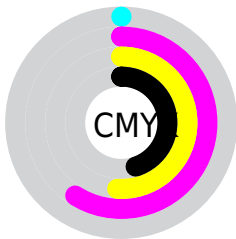
Distribution



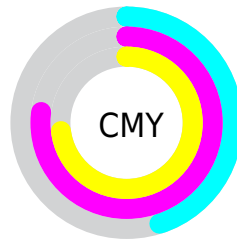
- Red (55%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 37.536, 16.885 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 37.536, 16.885 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 37.536, 16.885

■ 36, 37.536, 16.885

■ 100, 37.536,
16.885

■ 26, 37.536, 16.885

■ 56, 37.536, 16.885

■ 16, 37.536, 16.885

■ 66, 37.536, 16.885

■ 6, 37.536, 16.885

■ 76, 37.536, 16.885

■ 0, 37.536, 16.885

■ 86, 37.536, 16.885

■ 96, 37.536, 16.885

■ 36, 37.536, 16.885

■ 36, 37.536, 16.885

■ 33, 44.085, 19.789

■ 39, 30.754, 14.586

■ 31, 50.185, 23.395

■ 43, 23.964, 12.755

■ 30, 55.668, 27.698

■ 47, 17.332, 11.282

■ 29, 60.616, 32.190

■ 51, 10.968, 10.073

■ 28, 61.311, 32.728

■ 55, 4.928, 9.037

■ 59, 0.769, 188.813

■ 63, 6.128, 187.639

■ 67, 11.168,
186.992

■ 72, 15.915,
186.439

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 37.536, 16.885



53, 27.656, 183.317

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 37.536, 16.885



36, 37.536, 66.885



36, 37.536, 196.885



36, 37.536, 246.885

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 37.534, 16.888



65, 13.086, 10.048



37, 53.802, 322.682



33, 9.234, 10.342



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 37.534, 16.888



43, 55.475, 20.749



42, 32.014, 53.614



27, 3.193, 9.091



27, 58.816, 32.451



0, 1.444, 8.387

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 37.534, 16.888



43, 55.475, 20.749



45, 22.878, 247.301



27, 3.193, 9.091



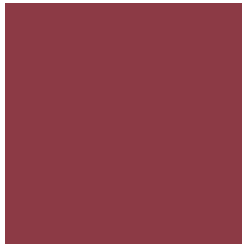
27, 58.816, 32.451



0, 1.444, 8.387

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 37.536, 16.885 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

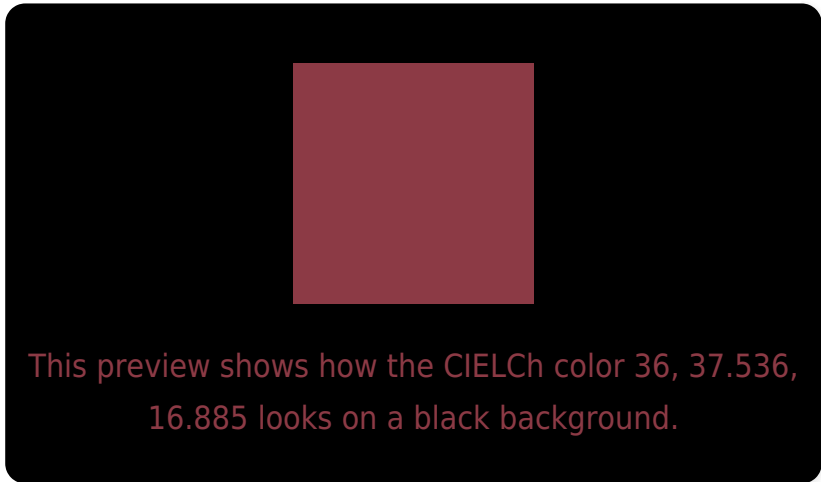
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 37.536, 16.885

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 37.536, 16.885.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 37.536, 16.885.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 37.536, 16.885

Protanopia

36, 1.782, 63.229

Deuteranopia

36, 13.618, 69.860



Tritanopia
36, 37.403, 22.872

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 37.536, 16.885

Protanomaly
35, 14.526, 14.471

Deuteranomaly
36, 20.581, 34.310

Tritanomaly
36, 37.122, 21.044

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 37.536, 16.885

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 13.195, 10.791

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 37.536, 16.885 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 58, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 58, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 58, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 58, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 37.536, 16.885 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 58, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 58, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 58, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 58, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 58, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 58,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 37.536, 16.885 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 58, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 58,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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