

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 37.956, 4.371)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 37.956, 4.371) contains.

CIELCh(36, 38.329, 4.721)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(36, 38.329, 4.721)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C3851
RGB	140, 56, 81
RGB Percent	55%, 22%, 32%
CMY	0.4508, 0.7802, 0.6822
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.42, 0.45
HSL	342°, 43%, 38%
HSV	342°, 60%, 55%
XYZ	13.7280, 9.0082, 8.8090
YIQ	83.9660, 42.0390, 25.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

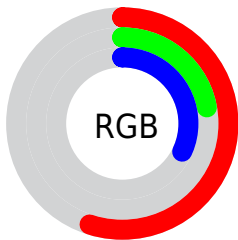
Format	Color
RYB	140, 56, 81
Decimal	9189457
CIELab	36.00, 38.20, 3.15
CIElCh	36, 38.329, 4.721
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4352, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287379537 (0xFF8C3851)
YUV	83.9660, -1.4622, 49.1418
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 29.1207, 3.6079

Details

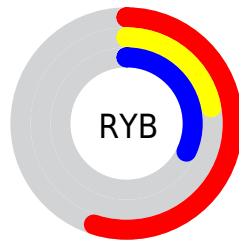
The CIELCh color **36, 38.329, 4.721** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **53, 32.237, 169.580**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 38.404, 5.066**, and **16, 38.285, 4.590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 43.955, 7.447**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 32.111, 2.547**.

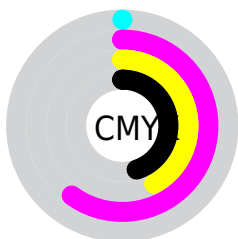
Distribution



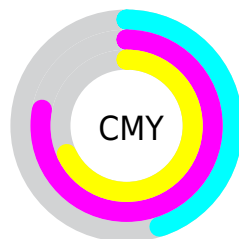
- Red (55%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (45%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 38.329, 4.721 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 38.329, 4.721 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 38.329, 4.721  36, 38.329, 4.721

 100, 38.329, 4.721  26, 38.329, 4.721

 56, 38.329, 4.721  16, 38.329, 4.721

 66, 38.329, 4.721  6, 38.329, 4.721


 76, 38.329, 4.721  0, 38.329, 4.721

 86, 38.329, 4.721

 96, 38.329, 4.721

 36, 38.329, 4.721  36, 38.329, 4.721

 33, 43.955, 7.447  39, 32.111, 2.547

 31, 48.736, 10.875  43, 25.583, 0.781

■ 30, 52.533, 15.144

■ 46, 18.974,
359.318

■ 29, 55.799, 19.917

■ 50, 12.444,
358.079

■ 29, 55.807, 19.928

■ 54, 6.098, 356.993

■ 58, 0.012, 208.247

■ 62, 5.857, 175.380

■ 67, 11.439,
174.620

■ 71, 16.767,
173.952

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 38.329, 4.721



53, 32.237, 169.580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 38.329, 4.721



36, 38.329, 54.721



36, 38.329, 184.721



36, 38.329, 234.721

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 38.327, 4.723



65, 13.787, 357.897



35, 54.188, 318.059



33, 9.701, 358.197



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 38.327, 4.723



43, 55.259, 8.571



39, 35.154, 40.364



27, 3.396, 356.905



27, 53.554, 19.606



0, 1.548, 356.127

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 38.327, 4.723



43, 55.259, 8.571



48, 22.315, 224.143



27, 3.396, 356.905



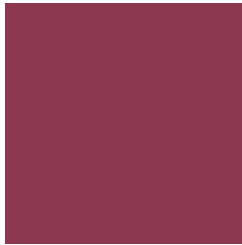
27, 53.554, 19.606



0, 1.548, 356.127

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 38.329, 4.721 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 38.329, 4.721 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

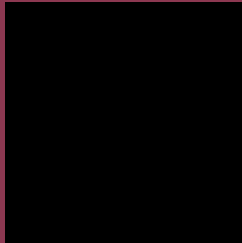
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 38.329, 4.721

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 38.329, 4.721.

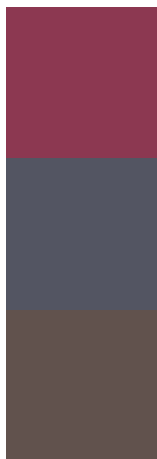


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 38.329, 4.721.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 38.329, 4.721

Protanopia

36, 8.086, 285.824

Deuteranopia

36, 7.443, 44.632



Tritanopia
36, 37.031, 23.567

Trichromacy



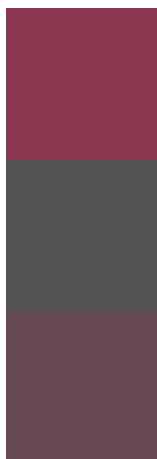
Original Color
36, 38.329, 4.721

Protanomaly
35, 16.866, 340.826

Deuteranomaly
36, 18.269, 12.841

Tritanomaly
36, 36.615, 16.362

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 38.329, 4.721

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 14.273, 358.879

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 38.329, 4.721 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 56, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 56, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 56, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 56, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 38.329, 4.721 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 56, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 56, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 56, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 56, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 56, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 56,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 38.329, 4.721 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 56, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 56,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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