

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 38.398, 274.096)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 38.398, 274.096)
contains.

CIELCh(36, 38.213, 273.776)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(36, 38.213, 273.776)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	145792
RGB	20, 87, 146
RGB Percent	8%, 34%, 57%
CMY	0.9228, 0.6594, 0.4281
CMYK	0.87, 0.40, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	208°, 76%, 32%
HSV	208°, 87%, 57%
XYZ	8.8536, 9.0082, 28.3996
YIQ	73.6930, -58.8710, 4.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

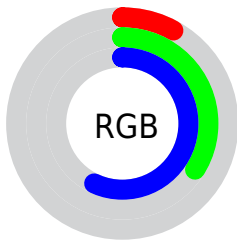
Format	Color
R_{YB}	20, 64, 146
Decimal	1333138
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 2.52, -38.13
CIE _{LCh}	36, 38.213, 273.776
Yxy	9.0082, 0.1914, 0.1947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279523218 (0xFF145792)
YUV	73.6930, 35.6474, -47.0888
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 0.1314, -35.0921

Details

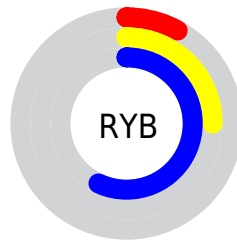
The CIELCh color **36, 38.213, 273.776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **41, 50.072, 61.305**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 38.202, 273.951**, and **18, 35.995, 285.337** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 42.326, 278.257**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 34.163, 269.583**.

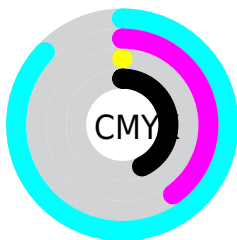
Distribution



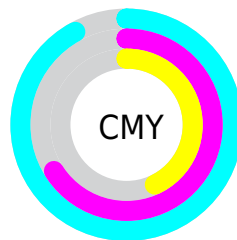
- Red (8%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 38.213, 273.776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 38.213, 273.776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 38.213,
273.776


 36, 38.213,
273.776


 100, 38.213,
273.776


 26, 38.213,
273.776

 56, 38.213,
273.776


 16, 38.213,
273.776


 66, 38.213,
273.776

 6, 38.213, 273.776

 76, 38.213,
273.776

 0, 38.213, 273.776

 86, 38.213,
273.776

 96, 38.213,
273.776

■ 36, 38.213,
273.776

■ 36, 38.213,
273.776

■ 34, 42.326,
278.257

■ 38, 34.163,
269.583

■ 33, 43.815,
279.727

■ 41, 30.082,
265.850

■ 44, 25.909,
262.618

■ 47, 21.606,
259.869

■ 50, 17.166,
257.555

■ 52, 12.596,
255.619

■ 55, 7.915, 254.003

■ 59, 3.146, 252.692

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 38.213, 273.776



41, 50.072, 61.305

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 38.213, 273.776



36, 38.213, 323.776



36, 38.213, 93.776



36, 38.213, 143.776

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 38.212, 273.777



67, 15.244, 255.622



53, 54.814, 150.778



34, 10.269, 256.178



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 38.212, 273.777



43, 54.004, 280.767



19, 78.338, 303.876



30, 2.756, 253.011



31, 41.819, 279.458



1, 2.427, 251.829

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 54.309, 353.940



41, 68.030, 359.012



57, 59.101, 101.329



29, 4.159, 342.620



29, 54.127, 357.932



1, 3.600, 341.938

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 38.213, 273.776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 38.213, 273.776 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

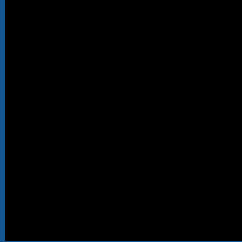
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 38.213, 273.776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 38.213, 273.776.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 38.213, 273.776.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 38.213, 273.776

Protanopia

36, 36.775, 285.572

Deuteranopia

36, 38.802, 278.362



Tritanopia
36, 23.350, 207.503

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 38.213, 273.776

Protanomaly
36, 37.334, 280.144

Deuteranomaly
36, 38.449, 276.276

Tritanomaly
36, 24.526, 239.307

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 38.213, 273.776

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 15.406, 259.062

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 38.213, 273.776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 87, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 87, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 87, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 87, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 38.213, 273.776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 87, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 87, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 87, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 87, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 87, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 87,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 38.213, 273.776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 87, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 87,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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