

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 4.004, 69.897)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 4.004, 69.897) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 4.064, 68.992)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A544F
RGB	90, 84, 79
RGB Percent	35%, 33%, 31%
CMY	0.6483, 0.6718, 0.6914
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.12, 0.65
HSL	27°, 7%, 33%
HSV	27°, 12%, 35%
XYZ	8.7300, 9.0082, 8.6151
YIQ	85.2240, 5.1810, -0.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

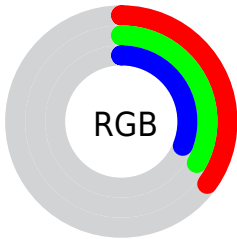
Format	Color
RYB	90, 88, 79
Decimal	5919823
CIELab	36.00, 1.46, 3.79
CIELCh	36, 4.064, 68.992
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3313, 0.3418
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284109903 (0xFF5A544F)
YUV	85.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -0.6036, 3.9908

Details

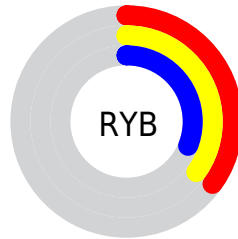
The CIELCh color $[36, 4.064, 68.992]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[36, 3.922, 251.840]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56, 3.999, 64.936]$, and $[16, 3.775, 67.269]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34, 7.568, 67.970]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 0.728, 69.816]$.

Distribution



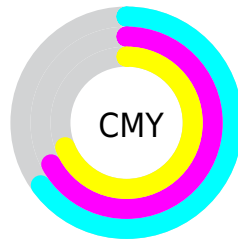
- Red (35%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 4.064, 68.992 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 4.064, 68.992 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 4.064, 68.992  36, 4.064, 68.992

 100, 4.064, 68.992  26, 4.064, 68.992

 56, 4.064, 68.992  16, 4.064, 68.992


 66, 4.064, 68.992  6, 4.064, 68.992


 76, 4.064, 68.992  0, 4.064, 68.992

 86, 4.064, 68.992

 96, 4.064, 68.992

 36, 4.064, 68.992  36, 4.064, 68.992

 34, 7.568, 67.970  38, 0.728, 69.816

 33, 11.252, 66.914  39, 2.455, 251.264

■ 31, 15.125, 65.861

■ 41, 5.501, 252.239

■ 29, 19.182, 64.815

■ 43, 8.424, 253.225

■ 28, 23.398, 63.768

■ 45, 11.238,
254.188

■ 26, 27.707, 62.691

■ 47, 13.955,
255.123

■ 25, 31.967, 61.508

■ 24, 35.667, 59.859

■ 48, 16.586,
256.024

■ 23, 38.285, 58.605

■ 50, 19.140,
256.891

■ 52, 21.626,
257.723

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 4.064, 68.992



36, 3.922, 251.840

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 4.064, 68.992



36, 4.064, 118.992



36, 4.064, 248.992



36, 4.064, 298.992

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 4.064, 69.011



48, 1.620, 69.760



35, 6.069, 341.923



24, 1.141, 69.723



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 4.064, 69.011



46, 6.256, 68.678



38, 6.404, 106.968



18, 1.877, 69.350



28, 45.753, 58.647



61, 82.702, 56.372

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 3.922, 251.840



46, 5.971, 252.253



34, 6.555, 289.334



18, 1.833, 251.438



25, 33.894, 276.759



54, 63.288, 280.071

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 4.064, 68.992 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 4.064, 68.992 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

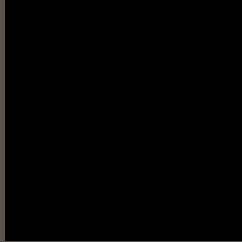
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 4.064, 68.992

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 4.064, 68.992.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 4.064, 68.992.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

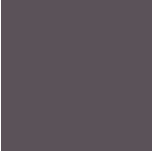
36, 4.064, 68.992

Protanopia

36, 3.550, 79.954

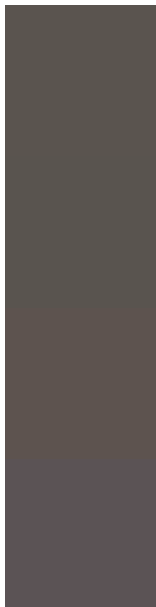
Deuteranopia

36, 6.081, 37.831



Tritanopia
36, 5.812, 331.865

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 4.064, 68.992

Protanomaly
36, 3.789, 74.107

Deuteranomaly
36, 5.080, 48.932

Tritanomaly
36, 3.674, 0.209

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 4.064, 68.992

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 1.498, 74.776

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 4.064, 68.992 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 84, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 84, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 84, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 84, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 4.064, 68.992 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 84, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 84, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 84, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 84, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 84, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 84, 79)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 4.064, 68.992 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 84, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 84,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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