

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 40.456, 4.112)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 40.456, 4.112) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 40.430, 4.011)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 8F3652 |
| RGB | 143, 54, 82 |
| RGB Percent | 56%, 21%, 32% |
| CMY | 0.4409, 0.7897, 0.6798 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.62, 0.43, 0.44 |
| HSL | 341°, 45%, 38% |
| HSV | 341°, 62%, 56% |
| XYZ | 14.0654, 9.0082, 8.9092 |
| YIQ | 83.8030, 44.0560, 27.5760 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

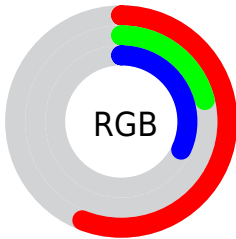
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 143, 54, 82 |
| Decimal | 9385554 |
| CIE Lab | 36.00, 40.33, 2.83 |
| CIE LCh | 36, 40.430, 4.011 |
| Yxy | 9.0082, 0.4398, 0.2817 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287575634 (0xFF8F3652) |
| YUV | 83.8030, -0.8889, 51.9158 |
| Hunter-Lab | 30.0136, 31.1275, 3.4100 |

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 40.430, 4.011** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **54, 34.272, 167.958**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 40.595, 4.086**, and **17, 38.896, 4.611** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 45.869, 6.843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 34.283, 1.756**.

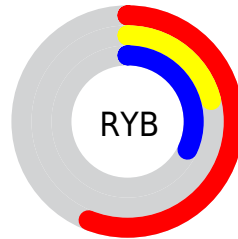
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (21%)

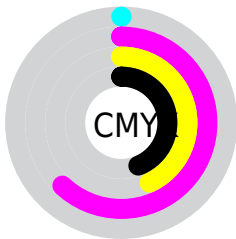
Blue (32%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (32%)

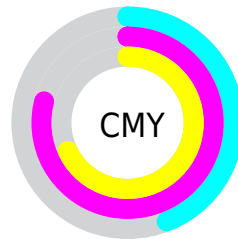


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 40.430, 4.011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 40.430, 4.011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 40.430, 4.011  36, 40.430, 4.011

 100, 40.430, 4.011  26, 40.430, 4.011

 56, 40.430, 4.011  16, 40.430, 4.011

 66, 40.430, 4.011  6, 40.430, 4.011

 76, 40.430, 4.011  0, 40.430, 4.011

 86, 40.430, 4.011

 96, 40.430, 4.011

 36, 40.430, 4.011  36, 40.430, 4.011

 33, 45.869, 6.843  39, 34.283, 1.756

 31, 50.354, 10.406  42, 27.726,

30, 53.791, 14.831

359.930

29, 56.155, 18.443

46, 21.011,
358.421

50, 14.326,
357.146

54, 7.791, 356.038

58, 1.479, 354.889

62, 4.580, 174.380

67, 10.374,
173.585

71, 15.911,
172.896

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 40.430, 4.011



54, 34.272, 167.958

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 40.430, 4.011



36, 40.430, 54.011



36, 40.430, 184.011



36, 40.430, 234.011

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 40.428, 4.013



66, 15.034, 356.801



34, 56.913, 317.604



33, 10.473, 357.099



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 40.428, 4.013



43, 58.275, 8.245



39, 37.804, 39.276



28, 3.532, 355.703



28, 53.944, 18.137



0, 2.345, 354.921

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 40.428, 4.013



43, 58.275, 8.245



49, 23.319, 221.929



28, 3.532, 355.703



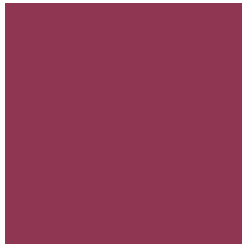
28, 53.944, 18.137



0, 2.345, 354.921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 40.430, 4.011 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 40.430, 4.011 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

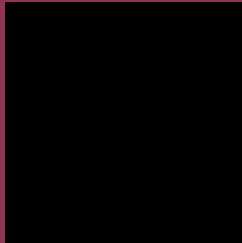
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 40.430, 4.011

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 40.430, 4.011.

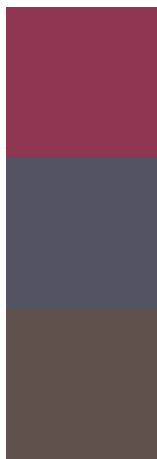


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 40.430, 4.011.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 40.430, 4.011

Protanopia

36, 9.318, 286.819

Deuteranopia

36, 7.443, 44.632



Tritanopia
36, 38.987, 24.212

Trichromacy



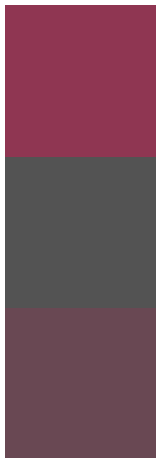
Original Color
36, 40.430, 4.011

Protanomaly
35, 17.550, 340.255

Deuteranomaly
36, 19.271, 9.880

Tritanomaly
36, 39.200, 16.137

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 40.430, 4.011

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 15.942, 356.892

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 40.430, 4.011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 54, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 54, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 54, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 54, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 40.430, 4.011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 54, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 54, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 54, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 54, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 54, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 54,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 40.430, 4.011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 54, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 54,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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