

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 40.683, 151.776)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 40.683, 151.776)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 40.858, 151.551)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	086234
RGB	8, 98, 52
RGB Percent	3%, 38%, 20%
CMY	0.9697, 0.6162, 0.7965
CMYK	0.92, 0.00, 0.47, 0.62
HSL	149°, 85%, 21%
HSV	149°, 92%, 38%
XYZ	5.0697, 9.0082, 4.7068
YIQ	65.8460, -38.8740, -33.3860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

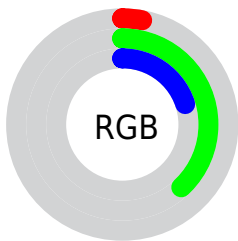
Format	Color
R_{YB}	8, 68, 98
Decimal	549428
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, -35.92, 19.46
CIE _{LCh}	36, 40.858, 151.551
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2699, 0.4795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278739508 (0xFF086234)
YUV	65.8460, -6.8261, -50.7309
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -22.3727, 11.7116

Details

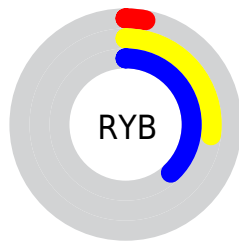
The CIELCh color **36, 40.858, 151.551** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **20, 40.832, 356.217**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 41.074, 151.262**, and **17, 33.679, 141.564** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 43.234, 150.165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 37.719, 153.439**.

Distribution



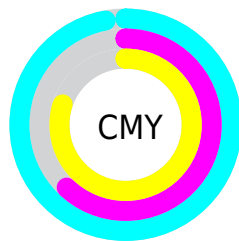
- Red (3%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 40.858, 151.551 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 40.858, 151.551 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 40.858,
151.551


 36, 40.858,
151.551

 100, 40.858,
151.551


 26, 40.858,
151.551

 56, 40.858,
151.551


 16, 40.858,
151.551


 66, 40.858,
151.551

 6, 40.858, 151.551

 76, 40.858,
151.551

 0, 40.858, 151.551

 86, 40.858,
151.551

 96, 40.858,
151.551

■ 36, 40.858,
151.551

■ 36, 40.858,
151.551

■ 36, 43.234,
150.165

■ 36, 37.719,
153.439

■ 37, 34.149,
155.156

■ 37, 30.162,
156.690

■ 37, 25.809,
158.054

■ 38, 21.159,
159.266

■ 39, 16.289,
160.346

■ 39, 11.273,
161.317

■ 40, 6.179, 162.202

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 40.858, 151.551



20, 40.832, 356.217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 40.858, 151.551



36, 40.858, 201.551



36, 40.858, 331.551



36, 40.858, 21.551

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 40.858, 151.551



50, 17.700, 160.673



37, 50.673, 126.217



25, 12.089, 160.370



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 40.858, 151.551



47, 52.966, 149.421



37, 24.479, 194.212



20, 2.840, 162.478



41, 48.001, 149.759



84, 86.595, 148.231

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 40.832, 356.217



27, 50.949, 359.623



19, 45.607, 33.859



18, 2.871, 343.735



23, 46.565, 359.033



52, 80.898, 1.796

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 40.858, 151.551 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 40.858, 151.551 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 40.858, 151.551

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 40.858, 151.551.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 40.858, 151.551.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
36, 40.858, 151.551

Protanopia
36, 23.418, 96.625

Deuteranopia
36, 18.412, 75.711



Tritanopia
36, 18.306, 213.193

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 40.858, 151.551

Protanomaly
35, 27.941, 133.121

Deuteranomaly
35, 21.671, 131.744

Tritanomaly
36, 23.840, 179.557

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 40.858, 151.551

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 17.717, 159.139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 36, 40.858, 151.551 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 98, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 98, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 98, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 98, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 40.858, 151.551 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 98, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 98, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 98, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 98, 52); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 98, 52); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 98, 52) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 40.858, 151.551 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 98, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 98,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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