

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 40.851, 277.270)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 40.851, 277.270)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 40.836, 277.248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	185696
RGB	24, 86, 150
RGB Percent	9%, 34%, 59%
CMY	0.9075, 0.6635, 0.4126
CMYK	0.84, 0.43, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	210°, 73%, 34%
HSV	210°, 84%, 59%
XYZ	9.1661, 9.0082, 30.0159
YIQ	74.7580, -57.4960, 6.7600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

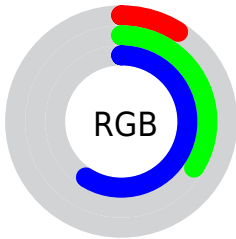
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 66, 150
Decimal	1595030
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 5.15, -40.51
CIE _{LCh}	36, 40.836, 277.248
Yxy	9.0082, 0.1902, 0.1869
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279785110 (0xFF185696)
YUV	74.7580, 37.0943, -44.5148
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 1.9897, -38.2850

Details

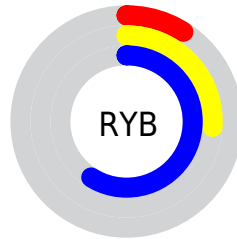
The CIELCh color **36, 40.836, 277.248** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **43, 49.561, 65.114**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 41.126, 277.643**, and **18, 39.244, 287.972** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 45.605, 281.574**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 36.156, 273.234**.

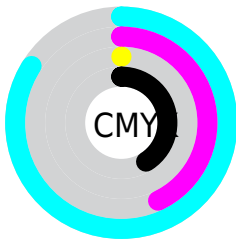
Distribution



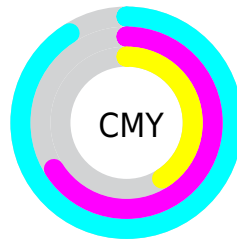
- Red (9%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)




- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 40.836, 277.248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 40.836, 277.248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 40.836,
277.248


 36, 40.836,
277.248

 100, 40.836,
277.248


 26, 40.836,
277.248

 56, 40.836,
277.248

 16, 40.836,
277.248


 66, 40.836,
277.248

 6, 40.836, 277.248

 76, 40.836,
277.248

 0, 40.836, 277.248

 86, 40.836,
277.248

 96, 40.836,
277.248

■ 36, 40.836,
277.248

■ 36, 40.836,
277.248

■ 33, 45.605,
281.574

■ 39, 36.156,
273.234

■ 32, 48.443,
283.950

■ 42, 31.495,
269.648

■ 45, 26.794,
266.528

■ 48, 22.021,
263.861

■ 51, 17.163,
261.602

■ 54, 12.224,
259.697

■ 57, 7.218, 258.099

■ 61, 2.163, 256.824

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 40.836, 277.248



43, 49.561, 65.114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 40.836, 277.248



36, 40.836, 327.248



36, 40.836, 97.248



36, 40.836, 147.248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 40.836, 277.249



68, 15.540, 259.918



55, 53.239, 152.838



34, 10.552, 260.498



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 40.836, 277.249



41, 59.774, 284.911



20, 80.371, 304.270



30, 2.839, 257.401



29, 45.225, 283.581



1, 2.493, 256.181

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 54.091, 356.442



42, 68.851, 2.826



60, 61.006, 103.293



29, 4.049, 344.732



29, 53.641, 1.531



1, 3.502, 344.026

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 40.836, 277.248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 40.836, 277.248 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

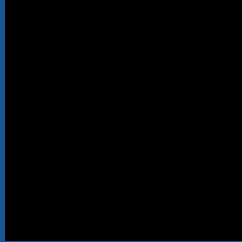
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 40.836, 277.248

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 40.836, 277.248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 40.836, 277.248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
36, 40.836, 277.248

Protanopia
36, 39.899, 286.137

Deuteranopia
36, 40.836, 277.248



Tritanopia
36, 23.350, 207.503

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 40.836, 277.248

Protanomaly
36, 40.269, 282.292

Deuteranomaly
36, 40.836, 277.248

Tritanomaly
36, 24.998, 242.338

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 40.836, 277.248

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 16.674, 265.241

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 40.836, 277.248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 86, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 86, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 86, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 86, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 40.836, 277.248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 86, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 86, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 86, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 86, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 86, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 86,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 40.836, 277.248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 86, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 86,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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