

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 45.346, 109.524)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 45.346, 109.524)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 45.349, 109.253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	505A01
RGB	80, 90, 1
RGB Percent	31%, 35%, 0%
CMY	0.6865, 0.6473, 0.9963
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.99, 0.65
HSL	67°, 98%, 18%
HSV	67°, 99%, 35%
XYZ	6.9601, 9.0082, 1.3989
YIQ	76.8640, 22.6090, -29.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

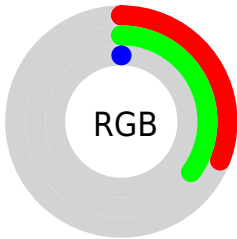
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 90, 11
Decimal	5265921
CIE Lab	36.00, -14.95, 42.81
CIE LCh	36, 45.349, 109.253
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4008, 0.5187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283456001 (0xFF505A01)
YUV	76.8640, -37.4010, 2.7503
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -11.1298, 18.2461

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 45.349, 109.253** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **7, 61.067, 306.824**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 45.407, 109.367**, and **16, 27.161, 120.802** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 45.650, 109.238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 42.661, 109.354**.

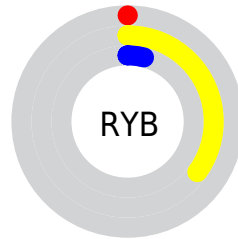
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (35%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (4%)

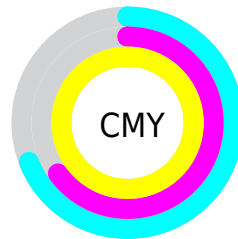


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (69%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 45.349, 109.253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 45.349, 109.253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 45.349,
109.253


 36, 45.349,
109.253

 100, 45.349,
109.253


 26, 45.349,
109.253

 56, 45.349,
109.253


 16, 45.349,
109.253


 66, 45.349,
109.253

 6, 45.349, 109.253

 76, 45.349,
109.253

 0, 45.349, 109.253

 86, 45.349,
109.253

 96, 45.349,
109.253

■ 36, 45.349,
109.253

■ 36, 45.349,
109.253

■ 36, 45.650,
109.238

■ 36, 42.661,
109.354

■ 36, 39.642,
109.517

■ 36, 35.785,
109.888

■ 37, 31.312,
110.413

■ 37, 26.419,
111.042

■ 37, 21.250,
111.734

■ 37, 15.907,
112.462

■ 38, 10.457,

113.203

■ 38, 4.949, 113.940

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 45.349, 109.253



7, 61.067, 306.824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 45.349, 109.253



36, 45.349, 159.253



36, 45.349, 289.253



36, 45.349, 339.253

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 45.349, 109.255



48, 20.490, 112.313



17, 43.388, 37.279



24, 13.815, 112.122



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 45.349, 109.255



47, 55.054, 109.439



33, 51.564, 129.858



19, 3.150, 113.948



44, 52.467, 109.392



89, 92.573, 109.805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 61.067, 306.824



12, 74.699, 306.869



13, 56.300, 315.173



17, 3.211, 295.274



11, 71.153, 306.909



30, 126.004, 306.609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 45.349, 109.253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 45.349, 109.253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

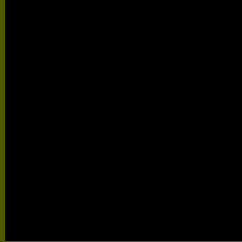
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 45.349, 109.253

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 45.349, 109.253.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 45.349, 109.253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 45.349, 109.253

Protanopia

36, 43.959, 95.423

Deuteranopia

36, 39.654, 82.998



Tritanopia
36, 3.951, 309.322

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 45.349, 109.253

Protanomaly
36, 44.289, 100.863

Deuteranomaly
36, 40.660, 93.868

Tritanomaly
36, 17.159, 110.431

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 45.349, 109.253

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 20.337, 112.067

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 45.349, 109.253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 90, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 90, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 90, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 90, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 45.349, 109.253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 90, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 90, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 90, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 90, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 90, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 90, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 45.349, 109.253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 90, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 90,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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