

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 5.131, 65.787)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 5.131, 65.787) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 5.149, 65.717)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B534D
RGB	91, 83, 77
RGB Percent	36%, 33%, 30%
CMY	0.6420, 0.6734, 0.6969
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.15, 0.64
HSL	26°, 8%, 33%
HSV	26°, 15%, 36%
XYZ	8.8069, 9.0082, 8.3472
YIQ	84.7080, 6.6940, -0.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

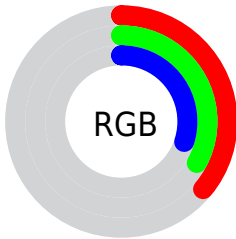
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 88, 77
Decimal	5985101
CIE Lab	36.00, 2.12, 4.69
CIE LCh	36, 5.149, 65.717
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3366, 0.3443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284175181 (0xFF5B534D)
YUV	84.7080, -3.8000, 5.5181
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -0.1462, 4.5202

Details

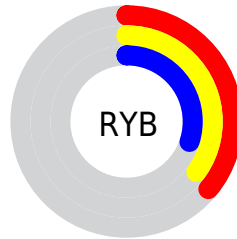
The CIELCh color **36, 5.149, 65.717** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **36, 4.887, 249.130**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 4.997, 62.782**, and **16, 5.046, 63.577** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 8.740, 64.746**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 1.745, 66.651**.

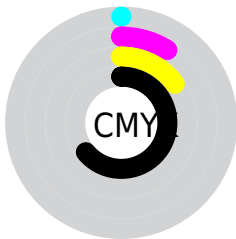
Distribution



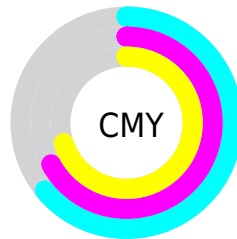
- Red (36%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 5.149, 65.717 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 5.149, 65.717 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 5.149, 65.717  36, 5.149, 65.717

 100, 5.149, 65.717  26, 5.149, 65.717

 56, 5.149, 65.717  16, 5.149, 65.717

 66, 5.149, 65.717  6, 5.149, 65.717

 76, 5.149, 65.717  0, 5.149, 65.717

 86, 5.149, 65.717

 96, 5.149, 65.717

 36, 5.149, 65.717  36, 5.149, 65.717

 34, 8.740, 64.746  38, 1.745, 66.651

 32, 12.532, 63.762  40, 1.488, 247.955

■ 31, 16.533, 62.794

■ 41, 4.567, 248.840

■ 29, 20.735, 61.846

■ 43, 7.509, 249.794

■ 28, 25.106, 60.905

■ 45, 10.329,
250.736

■ 26, 29.565, 59.931

■ 47, 13.041,
251.655

■ 25, 33.928, 58.821

■ 23, 37.559, 57.134

■ 49, 15.657,
252.545

■ 23, 39.192, 56.449

■ 51, 18.188,
253.405

■ 53, 20.644,
254.232

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 5.149, 65.717



36, 4.887, 249.130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 5.149, 65.717



36, 5.149, 115.717



36, 5.149, 245.717



36, 5.149, 295.717

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 5.149, 65.732



49, 2.041, 66.665



34, 7.911, 340.505



25, 1.406, 66.630



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 5.149, 65.732



46, 7.624, 65.414



38, 7.866, 105.129



18, 1.855, 66.354



28, 46.165, 56.596



59, 83.834, 54.471

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 4.887, 249.130



46, 7.146, 249.556



34, 8.078, 288.216



18, 1.805, 248.364



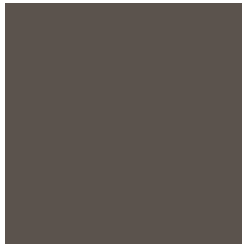
26, 32.218, 273.561



56, 59.950, 276.968

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 5.149, 65.717 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 5.149, 65.717 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

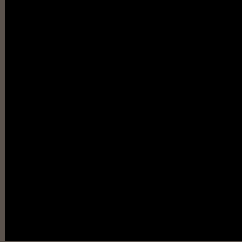
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 5.149, 65.717

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 5.149, 65.717.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 5.149, 65.717.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 5.149, 65.717

Protanopia

36, 4.103, 84.058

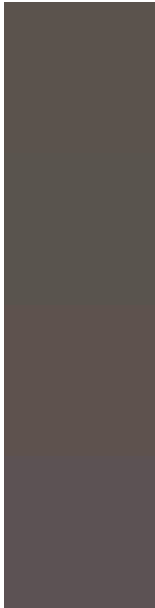
Deuteranopia

36, 6.747, 41.587



Tritanopia
36, 6.014, 342.125

Trichromacy



Original Color

36, 5.149, 65.717

Protanomaly

36, 4.313, 78.704

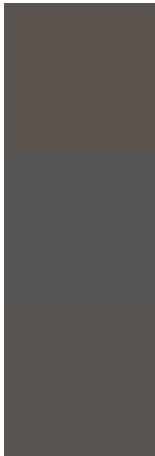
Deuteranomaly

36, 5.905, 44.733

Tritanomaly

36, 4.517, 4.133

Monochromacy



Original Color

36, 5.149, 65.717

Achromatopsia

36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

36, 1.786, 63.225

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 5.149, 65.717 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 83, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 83, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 83, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 83, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 5.149, 65.717 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 83, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 83, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 83, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 83, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 83, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 83, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 5.149, 65.717 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 83, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 83,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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