

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 5.662, 127.875)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 5.662, 127.875) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 5.846, 126.668)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52564D
RGB	82, 86, 77
RGB Percent	32%, 34%, 30%
CMY	0.6780, 0.6623, 0.6976
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.10, 0.66
HSL	87°, 6%, 32%
HSV	87°, 10%, 34%
XYZ	8.1681, 9.0082, 8.3485
YIQ	83.7780, 0.5050, -3.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

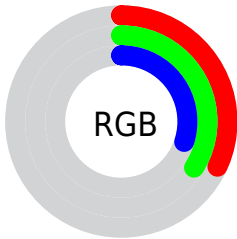
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 86, 81
Decimal	5396045
CIE Lab	36.00, -3.49, 4.69
CIE LCh	36, 5.846, 126.668
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3200, 0.3529
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283586125 (0xFF52564D)
YUV	83.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -3.9456, 4.5177

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 5.846, 126.668** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **33, 5.938, 307.556**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 6.059, 128.772**, and **16, 5.934, 128.377** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 11.443, 126.220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 0.250, 127.306**.

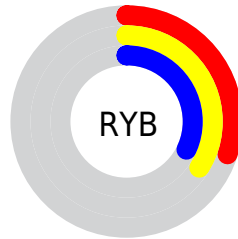
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (34%)

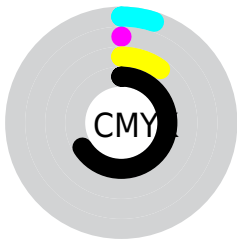
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (32%)

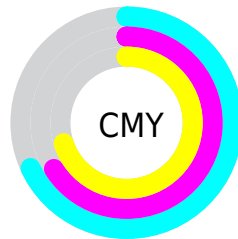


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 5.846, 126.668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 5.846, 126.668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 5.846, 126.668

■ 36, 5.846, 126.668

■ 100, 5.846,
126.668

■ 26, 5.846, 126.668

■ 56, 5.846, 126.668

■ 16, 5.846, 126.668

■ 66, 5.846, 126.668

■ 6, 5.846, 126.668

■ 76, 5.846, 126.668

■ 0, 5.846, 126.668

■ 86, 5.846, 126.668

■ 96, 5.846, 126.668

■ 36, 5.846, 126.668

■ 36, 5.846, 126.668

■ 35, 11.443,
126.220

■ 37, 0.250, 127.306

35, 17.003,
125.761

37, 5.323, 307.480

34, 22.476,
125.308

38, 10.851,
307.856

34, 27.792,
124.888

39, 16.323,
308.200

34, 32.853,
124.542

39, 21.726,
308.513

33, 37.520,
124.330

40, 27.055,
308.798

33, 41.610,
124.333

41, 32.304,
309.056

33, 44.944,
124.632

42, 37.470,
309.290

32, 48.052,
124.803

42, 42.551,
309.501

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 5.846, 126.668



33, 5.938, 307.556

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 5.846, 126.668



36, 5.846, 176.668



36, 5.846, 306.668



36, 5.846, 356.668

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 5.847, 126.672



47, 2.080, 127.010



35, 3.304, 66.750



23, 1.561, 126.979



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 5.847, 126.672



46, 9.047, 126.539



36, 6.697, 142.146



17, 3.146, 126.747



40, 56.172, 125.262



84, 100.801, 126.341

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 5.938, 307.556



42, 9.221, 307.697



34, 6.715, 323.106



16, 3.188, 307.478



14, 66.307, 311.271



36, 118.760, 310.543

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 5.846, 126.668 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 5.846, 126.668 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

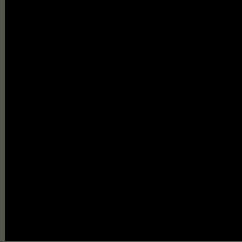
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 5.846, 126.668

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 5.846, 126.668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 5.846, 126.668.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 5.846, 126.668

Protanopia

36, 5.254, 89.538

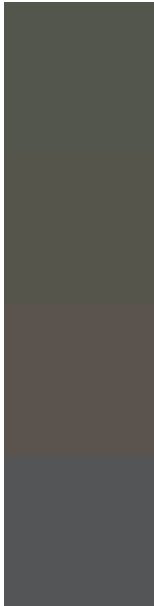
Deuteranopia

36, 6.323, 43.052



Tritanopia
36, 4.352, 290.903

Trichromacy



Original Color

36, 5.846, 126.668

Protanomaly

36, 5.576, 104.685

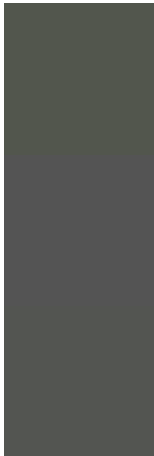
Deuteranomaly

36, 4.378, 64.540

Tritanomaly

36, 1.042, 236.214

Monochromacy



Original Color

36, 5.846, 126.668

Achromatopsia

36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

36, 2.630, 128.906

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 5.846, 126.668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 86, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 86, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 86, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 86, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 5.846, 126.668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 86, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 86, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 86, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 86, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 86, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 86, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 5.846, 126.668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 86, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 86,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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