

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 51.994, 62.512)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 51.994, 62.512) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 51.858, 62.357)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	844300
RGB	132, 67, 0
RGB Percent	52%, 26%, 0%
CMY	0.4804, 0.7357, 0.9985
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	30°, 99%, 26%
HSV	30°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	11.6258, 9.0082, 1.1371
YIQ	78.7970, 60.2470, -7.0570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

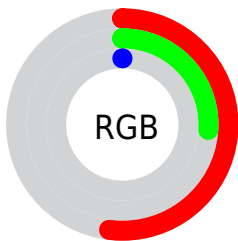
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 132, 0
Decimal	8667904
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 24.06, 45.94
CIE _{LCh}	36, 51.858, 62.357
Yxy	9.0082, 0.5340, 0.4138
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286857984 (0xFF844300)
YUV	78.7970, -38.8469, 46.6590
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 16.6185, 18.7632

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 51.858, 62.357** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **28, 43.713, 283.319**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 51.922, 62.214**, and **16, 34.453, 44.900** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 52.005, 62.320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 47.440, 64.269**.

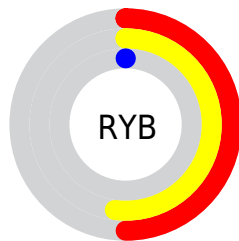
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (26%)

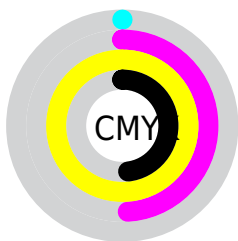
Blue (0%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (0%)

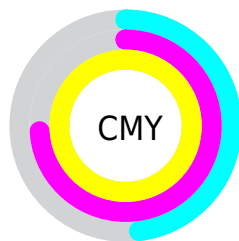


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 51.858, 62.357 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 51.858, 62.357 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 51.858, 62.357

■ 36, 51.858, 62.357

■ 100, 51.858,
62.357

■ 26, 51.858, 62.357

■ 56, 51.858, 62.357

■ 16, 51.858, 62.357

■ 66, 51.858, 62.357

■ 6, 51.858, 62.357

■ 76, 51.858, 62.357

■ 0, 51.858, 62.357

■ 86, 51.858, 62.357

■ 96, 51.858, 62.357

■ 36, 51.858, 62.357

■ 36, 51.858, 62.357

■ 36, 52.005, 62.320

■ 38, 47.440, 64.269

■ 39, 42.508, 66.073

■ 41, 36.938, 67.550

■ 43, 31.174, 68.880

■ 45, 25.458, 70.149

■ 47, 19.906, 71.392

■ 49, 14.565, 72.620

■ 51, 9.449, 73.831

■ 53, 4.552, 75.004

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 51.858, 62.357



28, 43.713, 283.319

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 51.858, 62.357



36, 51.858, 112.357



36, 51.858, 242.357



36, 51.858, 292.357

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 51.856, 62.359



63, 18.367, 72.500



28, 52.195, 0.621



31, 12.577, 72.062



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 51.856, 62.359



47, 63.594, 61.386



54, 59.529, 102.860



27, 2.643, 75.069



35, 51.295, 62.393



0, 0.623, 76.202

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 43.713, 283.319



37, 54.628, 284.556



14, 82.120, 306.247



26, 2.593, 257.413



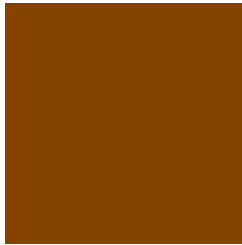
28, 43.184, 283.341



0, 0.623, 256.214

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 51.858, 62.357 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 51.858, 62.357 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 51.858, 62.357

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 51.858, 62.357.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 51.858, 62.357.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 51.858, 62.357

Protanopia

36, 40.892, 96.180

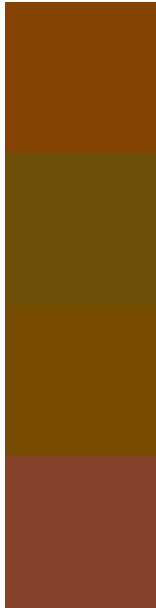
Deuteranopia

36, 44.716, 84.498



Tritanopia
36, 33.501, 21.453

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 51.858, 62.357

Protanomaly
36, 42.433, 81.611

Deuteranomaly
36, 46.411, 75.328

Tritanomaly
36, 38.523, 44.101

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 51.858, 62.357

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 19.581, 71.784

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 51.858, 62.357 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 67, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 67, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 67, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 67, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 51.858, 62.357 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 67, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 67, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 67, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 67, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 67, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 67, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 51.858, 62.357 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 67, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 67,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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