

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 57.323, 31.809)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 57.323, 31.809) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 57.323, 31.809)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F2727
RGB	159, 39, 39
RGB Percent	62%, 15%, 15%
CMY	0.3756, 0.8461, 0.8464
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.75, 0.38
HSL	0°, 61%, 39%
HSV	0°, 75%, 62%
XYZ	15.4457, 9.0082, 2.8584
YIQ	74.8800, 71.5200, 25.4400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

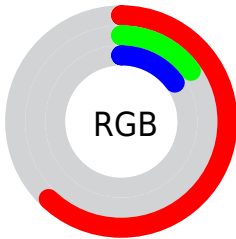
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 39, 39
Decimal	10430247
CIE Lab	36.00, 48.71, 30.21
CIE LCh	36, 57.323, 31.809
Yxy	9.0082, 0.5655, 0.3298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288620327 (0xFF9F2727)
YUV	74.8800, -17.6888, 73.7732
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 39.3365, 15.3629

Details

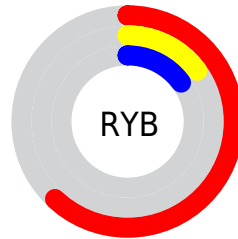
The CIELCh color **36, 57.323, 31.809** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **60, 32.552, 196.680**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 57.431, 32.079**, and **19, 49.640, 35.697** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 64.812, 35.307**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 49.171, 28.677**.

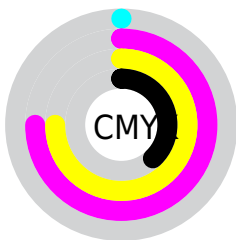
Distribution



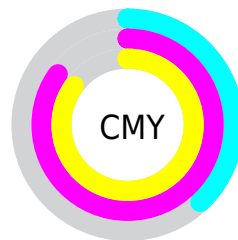
- Red (62%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (85%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 57.323, 31.809 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 57.323, 31.809 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 57.323, 31.809

 36, 57.323, 31.809

 100, 57.323,
31.809

 26, 57.323, 31.809

 56, 57.323, 31.809

 16, 57.323, 31.809

 66, 57.323, 31.809

 6, 57.323, 31.809

 76, 57.323, 31.809

 0, 57.323, 31.809

 86, 57.323, 31.809

 96, 57.323, 31.809

 36, 57.323, 31.809

 36, 57.323, 31.809

 34, 64.812, 35.307

 39, 49.171, 28.677

■ 33, 70.775, 38.459

■ 42, 40.811, 26.116

■ 33, 73.205, 39.700

■ 45, 32.532, 24.110

■ 50, 24.545, 22.562

■ 54, 16.984, 21.370

■ 58, 9.913, 20.439

■ 63, 3.346, 19.639

■ 68, 2.736, 199.394

■ 73, 8.370, 198.841

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 57.323, 31.809



60, 32.552, 196.680

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 57.323, 31.809



36, 57.323, 81.809



36, 57.323, 211.809



36, 57.323, 261.809

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 57.321, 31.811



70, 18.865, 21.169



40, 72.906, 327.876



35, 13.332, 21.526



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 57.321, 31.811



44, 83.474, 37.393



48, 46.703, 65.882



31, 3.532, 19.949



29, 67.083, 39.171



1, 4.470, 19.453

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 32.552, 196.680



75, 42.060, 196.517



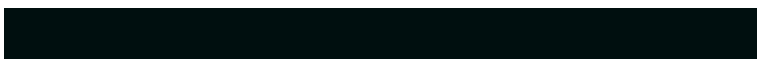
41, 38.132, 273.072



33, 3.337, 199.049



54, 32.516, 196.478



3, 4.469, 199.486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 57.323, 31.809 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 57.323, 31.809 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 57.323, 31.809

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 57.323, 31.809.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 57.323, 31.809.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 57.323, 31.809

Protanopia

37, 19.911, 95.741

Deuteranopia

36, 33.244, 82.341



Tritanopia
36, 57.053, 31.285

Trichromacy



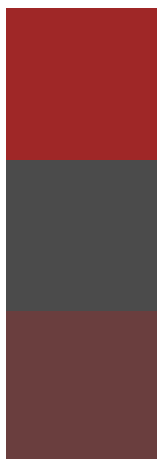
Original Color
36, 57.323, 31.809

Protanomaly
35, 28.226, 48.009

Deuteranomaly
35, 38.151, 52.745

Tritanomaly
36, 57.053, 31.285

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 57.323, 31.809

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 20.946, 23.165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 57.323, 31.809 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 39, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 39, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 39, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 39, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 57.323, 31.809 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 39, 39) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 39, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 39, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 39, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 39, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 39,  
39) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 57.323, 31.809 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 39, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 39,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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