

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 59.194, 39.437)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 59.194, 39.437) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 59.194, 39.437)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D2C1A
RGB	157, 44, 26
RGB Percent	62%, 17%, 10%
CMY	0.3851, 0.8282, 0.8986
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.84, 0.39
HSL	8°, 72%, 36%
HSV	8°, 84%, 61%
XYZ	14.9424, 9.0082, 1.9196
YIQ	75.7350, 73.1260, 18.3580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

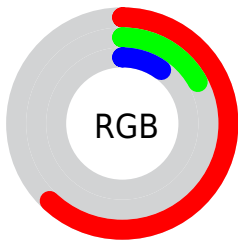
Format	Color
RYB	157, 47, 26
Decimal	10300442
CIELab	36.00, 45.72, 37.60
CIELCh	36, 59.194, 39.437
Yxy	9.0082, 0.5776, 0.3482
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288490522 (0xFF9D2C1A)
YUV	75.7350, -24.5194, 17.2694
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 36.3430, 17.2174

Details

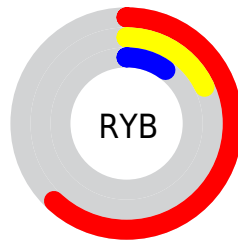
The CIELCh color **36, 59.194, 39.437** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **53, 29.367, 217.972**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 59.312, 39.553**, and **18, 48.773, 35.419** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 66.212, 40.900**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 51.190, 37.716**.

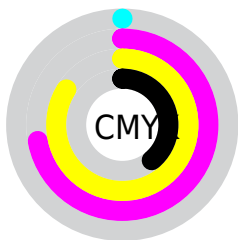
Distribution



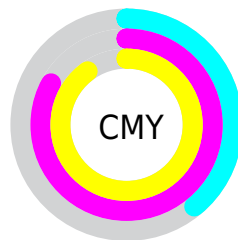
- Red (62%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 59.194, 39.437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 59.194, 39.437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 59.194, 39.437

■ 36, 59.194, 39.437

■ 100, 59.194,
39.437

■ 26, 59.194, 39.437

■ 56, 59.194, 39.437

■ 16, 59.194, 39.437

■ 66, 59.194, 39.437

■ 6, 59.194, 39.437

■ 76, 59.194, 39.437

■ 0, 59.194, 39.437

■ 86, 59.194, 39.437

■ 96, 59.194, 39.437

■ 36, 59.194, 39.437

■ 36, 59.194, 39.437

■ 34, 66.212, 40.900

■ 38, 51.190, 37.716

33, 70.183, 41.938

41, 43.012, 36.167

44, 35.031, 34.923

48, 27.432, 33.988

51, 20.302, 33.321

55, 13.675, 32.869

59, 7.544, 32.572

63, 1.883, 32.250

67, 3.345, 212.596

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 59.194, 39.437



53, 29.367, 217.972

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 59.194, 39.437



36, 59.194, 89.437



36, 59.194, 219.437



36, 59.194, 269.437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 59.192, 39.439



70, 18.162, 32.944



37, 69.159, 333.258



35, 12.528, 33.082



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 59.192, 39.439



44, 85.995, 41.753



50, 51.365, 76.520



31, 3.123, 32.469



30, 65.040, 41.751



1, 3.971, 31.712

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 29.367, 217.972



66, 36.948, 222.112



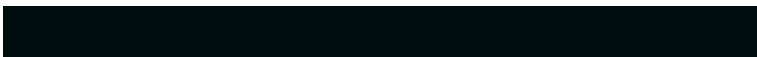
33, 52.204, 288.102



33, 2.947, 212.554



47, 28.423, 221.323



3, 3.877, 215.323

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 59.194, 39.437 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 59.194, 39.437 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 59.194, 39.437

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 59.194, 39.437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 59.194, 39.437.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 59.194, 39.437

Protanopia

37, 29.647, 95.551

Deuteranopia

36, 41.031, 83.532



Tritanopia
36, 54.716, 30.483

Trichromacy



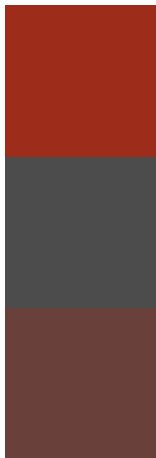
Original Color
36, 59.194, 39.437

Protanomaly
35, 34.779, 61.733

Deuteranomaly
35, 44.547, 60.757

Tritanomaly
36, 56.123, 34.050

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 59.194, 39.437

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 20.416, 33.150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 59.194, 39.437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 44, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 44, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 44, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 44, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 59.194, 39.437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 44, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 44, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 44, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 44, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 44, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 44,  
26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 59.194, 39.437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 44, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157, 44,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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