

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 61.214, 50.623)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 61.214, 50.623) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 61.167, 50.615)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	963501
RGB	150, 53, 1
RGB Percent	59%, 21%, 0%
CMY	0.4123, 0.7926, 0.9965
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.99, 0.41
HSL	21°, 99%, 30%
HSV	21°, 99%, 59%
XYZ	13.8245, 9.0082, 1.0359
YIQ	76.0750, 74.5040, 4.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

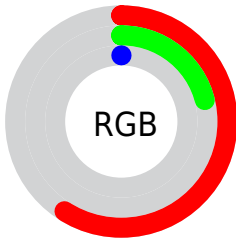
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 81, 1
Decimal	9843969
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 38.81, 47.28
CIE _{LCh}	36, 61.167, 50.615
Yxy	9.0082, 0.5792, 0.3774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288034049 (0xFF963501)
YUV	76.0750, -37.0120, 64.8322
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 29.6945, 18.9631

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 61.167, 50.615** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **39, 35.340, 263.488**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 61.231, 50.813**, and **17, 45.705, 34.322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 61.558, 50.608**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 55.240, 51.612**.

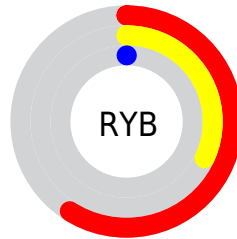
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (21%)

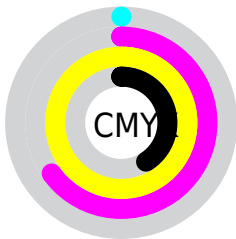
Blue (0%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (0%)

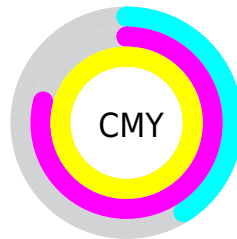


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 61.167, 50.615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 61.167, 50.615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

36, 61.167, 50.615

36, 61.167, 50.615

100, 61.167,
50.615

26, 61.167, 50.615

56, 61.167, 50.615

16, 61.167, 50.615

66, 61.167, 50.615

6, 61.167, 50.615

76, 61.167, 50.615

0, 61.167, 50.615

86, 61.167, 50.615

96, 61.167, 50.615

36, 61.167, 50.615

36, 61.167, 50.615

36, 61.558, 50.608

38, 55.240, 51.612

■ 40, 48.597, 52.429

■ 42, 41.503, 52.968

■ 45, 34.463, 53.461

■ 48, 27.711, 54.000

■ 50, 21.337, 54.612

■ 53, 15.367, 55.294

■ 56, 9.791, 56.031

■ 59, 4.584, 56.784

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 61.167, 50.615



39, 35.340, 263.488

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 61.167, 50.615



36, 61.167, 100.615



36, 61.167, 230.615



36, 61.167, 280.615

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 61.165, 50.617



67, 19.420, 55.210



33, 60.969, 346.878



34, 13.390, 54.945



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 61.165, 50.617



46, 74.966, 49.876



53, 58.364, 91.004



30, 2.724, 56.799



33, 57.660, 50.842



1, 2.319, 57.637

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 35.340, 263.488



51, 43.472, 264.871



20, 79.950, 302.941



30, 2.612, 238.575



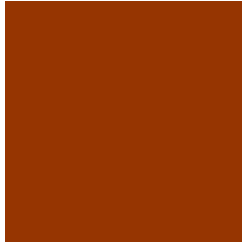
36, 33.215, 263.329



2, 2.320, 237.655

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 61.167, 50.615 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 61.167, 50.615 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 61.167, 50.615

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 61.167, 50.615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 61.167, 50.615.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 61.167, 50.615

Protanopia

36, 39.322, 95.423

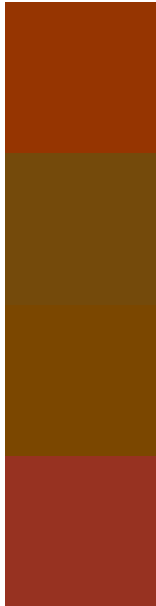
Deuteranopia

36, 44.716, 84.498



Tritanopia
36, 48.097, 27.200

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 61.167, 50.615

Protanomaly
35, 42.710, 72.624

Deuteranomaly
35, 48.336, 68.628

Tritanomaly
36, 53.073, 38.826

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 61.167, 50.615

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 21.689, 54.225

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 61.167, 50.615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 53, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 53, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 53, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 53, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 61.167, 50.615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 53, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 53, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 53, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 53, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 53, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 53, 1)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 61.167, 50.615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 53, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 53,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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