

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 61.960, 3.400)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 61.960, 3.400) contains.

CIELCh(36, 62.015, 3.714)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(36, 62.015, 3.714)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A90051
RGB	169, 0, 81
RGB Percent	66%, 0%, 32%
CMY	0.3382, 0.9983, 0.6831
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.52, 0.34
HSL	331°, 99%, 33%
HSV	331°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	17.7922, 9.0082, 8.5481
YIQ	59.7650, 74.7230, 61.0190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

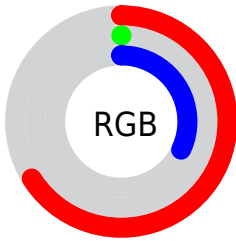
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 0, 81
Decimal	11075665
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 61.88, 4.02
CIE _{LCh}	36, 62.015, 3.714
Yxy	9.0082, 0.5033, 0.2548
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289265745 (0xFFA90051)
YUV	59.7650, 10.4689, 95.7991
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 53.2919, 4.1232

Details

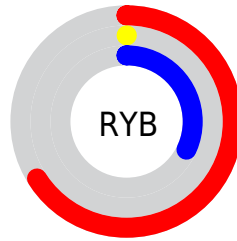
The CIELCh color **36, 62.015, 3.714** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **61, 63.524, 150.526**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 62.290, 3.743**, and **22, 45.999, 14.880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 62.055, 3.818**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 60.404, 359.813**.

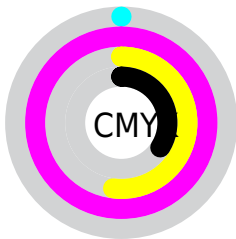
Distribution



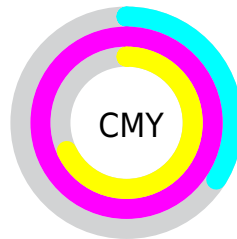
- Red (66%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 62.015, 3.714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 62.015, 3.714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 62.015, 3.714  36, 62.015, 3.714

 100, 62.015, 3.714  26, 62.015, 3.714

 56, 62.015, 3.714  16, 62.015, 3.714

 66, 62.015, 3.714  6, 62.015, 3.714

 76, 62.015, 3.714  0, 62.015, 3.714

 86, 62.015, 3.714

 96, 62.015, 3.714

 36, 62.015, 3.714  36, 62.015, 3.714

 36, 62.055, 3.818  37, 60.404,
359.813

■ 39, 57.500,
356.567

■ 41, 52.917,
353.997

■ 44, 46.887,
351.943

■ 47, 39.795,
350.267

■ 51, 32.038,
348.864

■ 56, 23.952,
347.662

■ 60, 15.785,
346.607

■ 65, 7.701, 345.652

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 62.015, 3.714



61, 63.524, 150.526

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 62.015, 3.714



36, 62.015, 53.714



36, 62.015, 183.714



36, 62.015, 233.714

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 62.012, 3.715



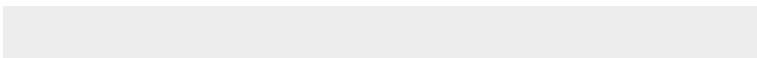
71, 29.913, 347.753



26, 91.088, 312.369



35, 20.399, 348.222



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 62.012, 3.715



47, 75.383, 4.717



35, 76.239, 40.006



33, 4.463, 345.610



31, 56.357, 3.285



2, 7.702, 348.741

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 62.012, 3.715



47, 75.383, 4.717



62, 35.920, 198.990



33, 4.463, 345.610



31, 56.357, 3.285



2, 7.702, 348.741

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 62.015, 3.714 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

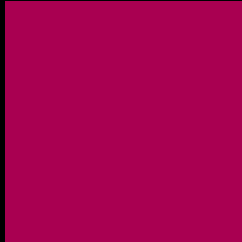
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 62.015, 3.714 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 62.015, 3.714

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 62.015, 3.714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 62.015, 3.714.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 62.133, 3.652

Protanopia

37, 19.240, 285.692

Deuteranopia

37, 9.977, 57.995



Tritanopia
37, 63.964, 33.787

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 62.133, 3.652

Protanomaly
32, 36.974, 331.480

Deuteranomaly
33, 33.638, 3.326

Tritanomaly
36, 61.755, 23.005

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 62.133, 3.652

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 31.850, 351.368

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 62.015, 3.714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 0, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 0, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 0, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 0, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 62.015, 3.714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 0, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 0, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 0, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 0, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 0, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 0, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 62.015, 3.714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 0, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 0,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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