

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 62.638, 355.909)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 62.638, 355.909)
contains.

CIELCh(36, 62.672, 355.925)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(36, 62.672, 355.925)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7015E
RGB	167, 1, 94
RGB Percent	65%, 0%, 37%
CMY	0.3459, 0.9980, 0.6320
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.44, 0.35
HSL	326°, 99%, 33%
HSV	326°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	17.9098, 9.0082, 11.3439
YIQ	61.2360, 69.0830, 64.1150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

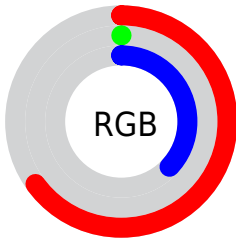
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 1, 94
Decimal	10944862
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 62.51, -4.45
CIE _{LCh}	36, 62.672, 355.925
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4681, 0.2354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289134942 (0xFFA7015E)
YUV	61.2360, 16.1527, 92.7550
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 53.9913, -1.3996

Details

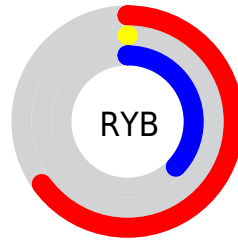
The CIELCh color **36, 62.672, 355.925** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **60, 68.428, 146.520**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 62.858, 355.998**, and **22, 45.162, 5.209** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 62.704, 356.021**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 61.509, 352.865**.

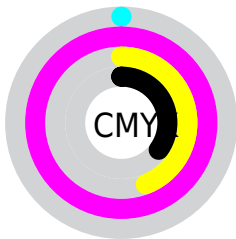
Distribution



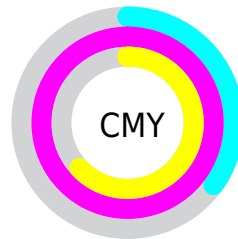
- Red (65%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (63%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 62.672, 355.925 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 62.672, 355.925 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 62.672,
355.925


 36, 62.672,
355.925

 100, 62.672,
355.925


 26, 62.672,
355.925

 56, 62.672,
355.925


 16, 62.672,
355.925


 66, 62.672,
355.925

 6, 62.672, 355.925

 76, 62.672,
355.925

 0, 62.672, 355.925

 86, 62.672,
355.925

 96, 62.672,
355.925

■ 36, 62.672,
355.925

■ 36, 62.672,
355.925

■ 36, 62.704,
356.021

■ 37, 61.509,
352.865

■ 39, 58.875,
350.321

■ 41, 54.414,
348.284

■ 44, 48.390,
346.625

■ 47, 41.205,
345.238

■ 51, 33.272,
344.049

■ 55, 24.939,
343.004

■ 59, 16.467,

342.067

■ 64, 8.035, 341.203

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 62.672, 355.925



60, 68.428, 146.520

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 62.672, 355.925



36, 62.672, 45.925



36, 62.672, 175.925



36, 62.672, 225.925

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 62.669, 355.926



70, 31.186, 343.089



24, 91.872, 310.579



35, 21.445, 343.501



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 62.669, 355.926



47, 76.013, 356.736



34, 73.094, 37.003



33, 4.723, 341.169



32, 57.494, 355.638



2, 8.096, 344.439

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 62.669, 355.926



47, 76.013, 356.736



62, 38.603, 186.779



33, 4.723, 341.169



32, 57.494, 355.638



2, 8.096, 344.439

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 62.672, 355.925 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 62.672, 355.925 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

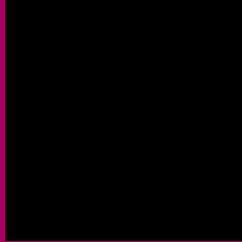
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 62.672, 355.925

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 62.672, 355.925.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 62.672, 355.925.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 62.672, 355.925

Protanopia

37, 30.403, 285.302

Deuteranopia

37, 4.910, 5.582



Tritanopia
37, 60.098, 32.066

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 62.672, 355.925

Protanomaly
32, 43.815, 320.025

Deuteranomaly
33, 34.601, 348.619

Tritanomaly
36, 58.811, 18.396

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 62.672, 355.925

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 32.325, 345.985

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 62.672, 355.925 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 1, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 1, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 1, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 1, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 62.672, 355.925 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 1, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 1, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 1, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 1, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 1, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 1, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 62.672, 355.925 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 1, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167, 1,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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