

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 65.585, 345.823)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 65.585, 345.823)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 65.497, 345.654)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A30170
RGB	163, 1, 112
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 44%
CMY	0.3601, 0.9943, 0.5602
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.31, 0.36
HSL	319°, 98%, 32%
HSV	319°, 99%, 64%
XYZ	18.0868, 9.0082, 16.1569
YIQ	62.0920, 60.9210, 68.8650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

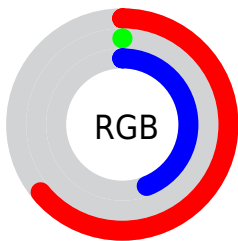
Format	Color
RYB	163, 1, 112
Decimal	10682736
CIELab	36.00, 63.45, -16.23
CIELCh	36, 65.497, 345.654
Yxy	9.0082, 0.4182, 0.2083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872816 (0xFFA30170)
YUV	62.0920, 24.6046, 88.4963
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 55.0438, -10.9075

Details

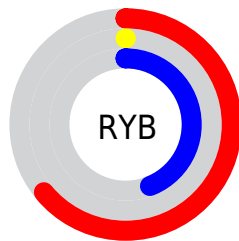
The CIELCh color **36, 65.497, 345.654** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **59, 74.358, 141.983**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 65.721, 345.546**, and **22, 46.329, 350.902** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 65.576, 345.822**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 64.434, 343.787**.

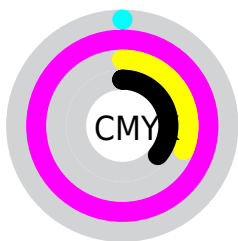
Distribution



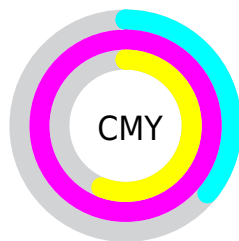
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (56%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 65.497, 345.654 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 65.497, 345.654 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 65.497,
345.654


 36, 65.497,
345.654

 100, 65.497,
345.654


 26, 65.497,
345.654

 56, 65.497,
345.654


 16, 65.497,
345.654


 66, 65.497,
345.654

 6, 65.497, 345.654

 76, 65.497,
345.654

 0, 65.497, 345.654

 86, 65.497,
345.654

 96, 65.497,
345.654

■ 36, 65.497,
345.654

■ 36, 65.497,
345.654

■ 36, 65.576,
345.822

■ 37, 64.434,
343.787

■ 38, 61.701,
342.205

■ 41, 57.041,
340.883

■ 43, 50.742,
339.749

■ 47, 43.214,
338.748

■ 50, 34.871,
337.845

■ 54, 26.070,
337.015

■ 59, 17.081,

336.240

■ 63, 8.093, 335.502

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 65.497, 345.654



59, 74.358, 141.983

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 65.497, 345.654



36, 65.497, 35.654



36, 65.497, 165.654



36, 65.497, 215.654

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 65.494, 345.655



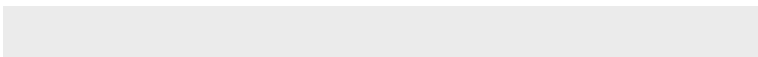
69, 33.191, 337.130



21, 92.402, 308.394



34, 22.797, 337.460



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 65.494, 345.655



47, 79.294, 346.260



34, 65.790, 28.484



32, 5.023, 335.513



32, 60.358, 345.596



1, 7.445, 337.386

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 65.494, 345.655



47, 79.294, 346.260



60, 44.253, 171.182



32, 5.023, 335.513



32, 60.358, 345.596



1, 7.445, 337.386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 65.497, 345.654 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 65.497, 345.654 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

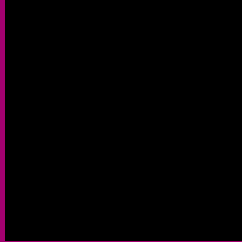
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 65.497, 345.654

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 65.497, 345.654.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 65.497, 345.654.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 65.497, 345.654

Protanopia

37, 46.391, 286.466

Deuteranopia

37, 12.424, 295.757



Tritanopia
37, 54.300, 29.633

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 65.497, 345.654

Protanomaly
32, 55.831, 309.473

Deuteranomaly
33, 39.246, 330.723

Tritanomaly
36, 55.254, 10.958

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 65.497, 345.654

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 34.062, 339.820

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 65.497, 345.654 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 1, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 1, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 1, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 1, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 65.497, 345.654 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 1, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 1, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 1, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 1, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 1, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 1,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 65.497, 345.654 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 1, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 1,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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