

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 7.303, 131.100)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 7.303, 131.100) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 7.476, 133.202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50574C
RGB	80, 87, 76
RGB Percent	31%, 34%, 30%
CMY	0.6869, 0.6595, 0.7026
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.13, 0.66
HSL	98°, 7%, 32%
HSV	98°, 13%, 34%
XYZ	7.9888, 9.0082, 8.1263
YIQ	83.6530, -0.6410, -4.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

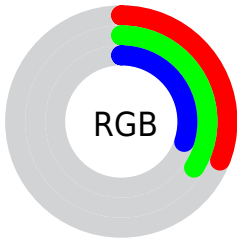
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 87, 83
Decimal	5265228
CIE Lab	36.00, -5.12, 5.45
CIE LCh	36, 7.476, 133.202
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3180, 0.3586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283455308 (0xFF50574C)
YUV	83.6530, -3.7729, -3.2037
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -5.0121, 4.9565

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 7.476, 133.202** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **33, 7.564, 314.162**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 7.579, 134.329**, and **16, 7.584, 131.653** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 13.406, 132.768**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 1.563, 133.645**.

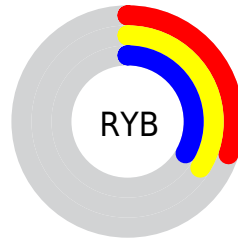
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (34%)

Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (33%)

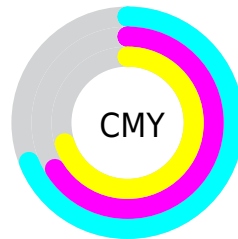


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 7.476, 133.202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 7.476, 133.202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 7.476, 133.202

■ 36, 7.476, 133.202

■ 100, 7.476,
133.202

■ 26, 7.476, 133.202

■ 56, 7.476, 133.202

■ 16, 7.476, 133.202

■ 66, 7.476, 133.202

■ 6, 7.476, 133.202

■ 76, 7.476, 133.202

■ 0, 7.476, 133.202

■ 86, 7.476, 133.202

■ 96, 7.476, 133.202

■ 36, 7.476, 133.202

■ 36, 7.476, 133.202

■ 35, 13.406,
132.768

■ 37, 1.563, 133.645

35, 19.304,
132.307

37, 4.302, 313.927

34, 25.109,
131.834

38, 10.096,
314.260

34, 30.735,
131.375

39, 15.799,
314.549

33, 36.065,
130.971

40, 21.402,
314.803

33, 40.941,
130.687

41, 26.897,
315.026

32, 45.164,
130.614

42, 32.278,
315.221

32, 48.623,
130.777

43, 37.545,
315.392

32, 51.156,
130.697

44, 42.698,
315.541

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 7.476, 133.202



33, 7.564, 314.162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 7.476, 133.202



36, 7.476, 183.202



36, 7.476, 313.202



36, 7.476, 3.202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 7.477, 133.204



47, 2.905, 133.569



35, 4.670, 86.872



23, 2.043, 133.545



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 7.477, 133.204



46, 10.949, 133.084



36, 7.618, 147.591



17, 3.295, 133.368



40, 59.493, 131.106



82, 106.926, 132.063

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 7.564, 314.162



42, 11.100, 314.276



34, 7.635, 328.973



16, 3.324, 314.004



17, 63.803, 315.957



42, 113.950, 315.277

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 7.476, 133.202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 7.476, 133.202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

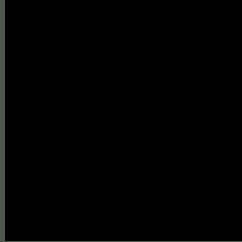
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

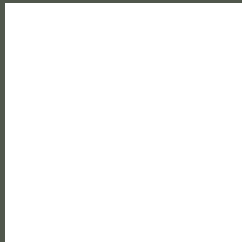
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 7.476, 133.202

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 7.476, 133.202.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 7.476, 133.202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

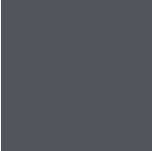
36, 7.476, 133.202

Protanopia

36, 5.843, 91.427

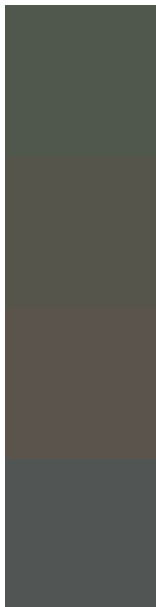
Deuteranopia

36, 7.026, 46.140



Tritanopia
36, 3.902, 272.349

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 7.476, 133.202

Protanomaly
36, 6.180, 109.139

Deuteranomaly
36, 5.081, 77.757

Tritanomaly
36, 2.208, 182.906

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 7.476, 133.202

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 2.635, 128.904

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 7.476, 133.202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 87, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 87, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 87, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 87, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 7.476, 133.202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 87, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 87, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 87, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 87, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 87, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 87, 76)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 7.476, 133.202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 87, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 87,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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