

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 7.456, 19.424)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 7.456, 19.424) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 7.533, 20.484)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	625151
RGB	98, 81, 81
RGB Percent	38%, 32%, 32%
CMY	0.6169, 0.6835, 0.6835
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.17, 0.62
HSL	0°, 10%, 35%
HSV	0°, 17%, 38%
XYZ	9.3964, 9.0082, 8.9684
YIQ	86.0830, 10.1320, 3.6040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

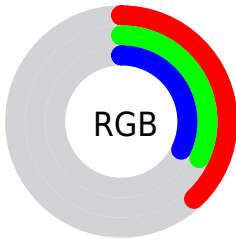
Format	Color
RYB	98, 81, 81
Decimal	6443345
CIELab	36.00, 7.06, 2.64
CIELCh	36, 7.533, 20.484
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3433, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284633425 (0xFF625151)
YUV	86.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 3.3595, 3.2931

Details

The CIELCh color $36, 7.533, 20.484$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40, 6.782, 198.598$, and the grayscale version is $36, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56, 7.696, 20.169$, and $16, 7.621, 16.116$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $33, 12.300, 21.399$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $39, 3.085, 19.732$.

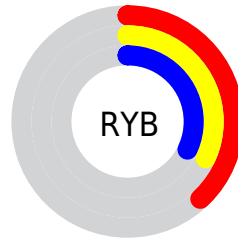
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (32%)

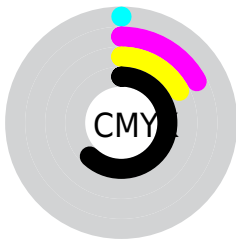
Blue (32%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (32%)

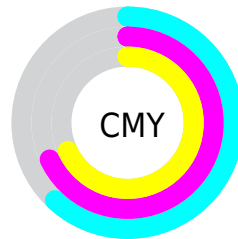


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 7.533, 20.484 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 7.533, 20.484 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 7.533, 20.484 ■ 36, 7.533, 20.484

■ 100, 7.533, 20.484 ■ 26, 7.533, 20.484

■ 56, 7.533, 20.484 ■ 16, 7.533, 20.484

■ 66, 7.533, 20.484 ■ 6, 7.533, 20.484

■ 76, 7.533, 20.484 ■ 0, 7.533, 20.484

■ 86, 7.533, 20.484

■ 96, 7.533, 20.484

■ 36, 7.533, 20.484 ■ 36, 7.533, 20.484

■ 33, 12.300, 21.399 ■ 39, 3.085, 19.732

■ 30, 17.380, 22.548 ■ 42, 1.050, 199.597

27, 22.730, 24.020

45, 4.893, 198.910

25, 28.269, 25.905

49, 8.471, 198.525

23, 33.871, 28.288

52, 11.811,
198.224

21, 39.366, 31.198

55, 14.940,
197.980

20, 44.142, 33.804

19, 47.698, 35.111

58, 17.884,
197.779

18, 48.634, 35.376

61, 20.663,
197.611

65, 23.298,
197.470

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 7.533, 20.484



40, 6.782, 198.598

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 7.533, 20.484



36, 7.533, 70.484



36, 7.533, 200.484



36, 7.533, 250.484

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 7.532, 20.493



51, 2.578, 19.549



37, 12.688, 325.317



26, 1.746, 19.590



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 7.532, 20.493



45, 11.500, 20.853



38, 6.420, 73.402



18, 2.339, 19.843



22, 54.831, 37.110



50, 99.789, 40.001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 6.782, 198.598



51, 10.073, 198.395



37, 6.159, 257.689



20, 2.220, 199.052



42, 27.353, 196.397



86, 47.817, 196.397

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 7.533, 20.484 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 7.533, 20.484 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

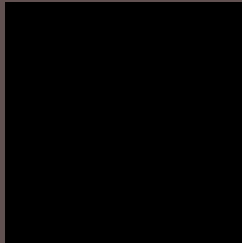
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 7.533, 20.484

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 7.533, 20.484.

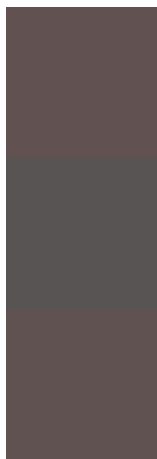


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 7.533, 20.484.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

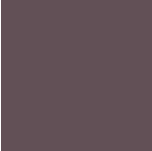
36, 7.533, 20.484

Protanopia

36, 1.428, 45.031

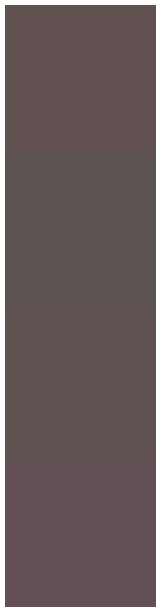
Deuteranopia

36, 5.895, 32.222



Tritanopia
36, 8.644, 355.358

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 7.533, 20.484

Protanomaly
36, 3.545, 29.843

Deuteranomaly
36, 6.340, 31.424

Tritanomaly
36, 8.248, 3.257

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 7.533, 20.484

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 2.594, 19.664

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 7.533, 20.484 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 81, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 81, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 81, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 81, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 7.533, 20.484 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 81, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 81, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 81, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 81, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 81, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 81, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 7.533, 20.484 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 81, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 81,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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