

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 7.762, 218.303)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 7.762, 218.303) contains.

CIELCh(36, 7.816, 217.124)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(36, 7.816, 217.124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	45585C
RGB	69, 88, 92
RGB Percent	27%, 35%, 36%
CMY	0.7296, 0.6551, 0.6394
CMYK	0.25, 0.04, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	190°, 14%, 32%
HSV	190°, 25%, 36%
XYZ	7.8675, 9.0082, 11.4395
YIQ	82.7750, -12.6080, -2.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

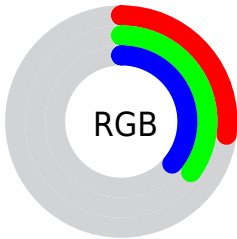
Format	Color
RYB	69, 79, 92
Decimal	4544604
CIELab	36.00, -6.23, -4.72
CIElCh	36, 7.816, 217.124
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2779, 0.3181
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282734684 (0xFF45585C)
YUV	82.7750, 4.5479, -12.0807
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -5.7335, -1.5884

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 7.816, 217.124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **33, 9.149, 36.482**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 7.746, 216.018**, and **16, 7.716, 213.847** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 10.576, 217.590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 4.826, 216.816**.

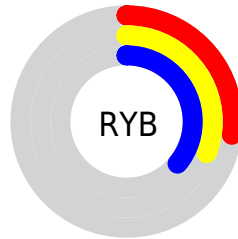
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (35%)

Blue (36%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (36%)

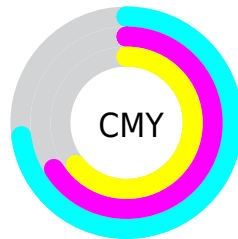


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 7.816, 217.124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 7.816, 217.124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 7.816, 217.124

■ 36, 7.816, 217.124

■ 100, 7.816,
217.124

■ 26, 7.816, 217.124

■ 56, 7.816, 217.124

■ 16, 7.816, 217.124

■ 66, 7.816, 217.124

■ 6, 7.816, 217.124

■ 76, 7.816, 217.124

■ 0, 7.816, 217.124

■ 86, 7.816, 217.124

■ 96, 7.816, 217.124

■ 36, 7.816, 217.124

■ 36, 7.816, 217.124

■ 35, 10.576,
217.590

■ 37, 4.826, 216.816

34, 13.063,
218.262

38, 1.650, 216.739

33, 15.232,
219.176

40, 1.675, 36.260

41, 5.114, 36.361

32, 17.047,
220.382

42, 8.639, 36.421

31, 18.482,
221.937

44, 12.226, 36.514

45, 15.855, 36.637

30, 19.530,
223.903

47, 19.510, 36.784

30, 20.283,
226.216

48, 23.178, 36.950

29, 20.665,
227.328

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 7.816, 217.124



33, 9.149, 36.482

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 7.816, 217.124



36, 7.816, 267.124



36, 7.816, 37.124



36, 7.816, 87.124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 7.816, 217.118



49, 3.254, 216.719



37, 15.457, 147.763



25, 2.324, 216.726



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 7.816, 217.118



46, 11.437, 217.377



32, 10.057, 274.508



18, 1.827, 216.722



35, 23.382, 228.099



73, 41.262, 230.451

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 15.428, 331.057



40, 23.007, 331.414



36, 10.109, 88.175



17, 3.430, 330.095



24, 54.529, 336.148



54, 95.330, 336.765

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 7.816, 217.124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 7.816, 217.124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

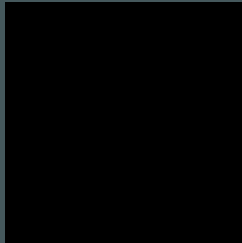
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

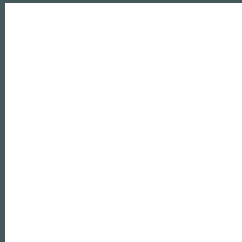
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 7.816, 217.124

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 7.816, 217.124.

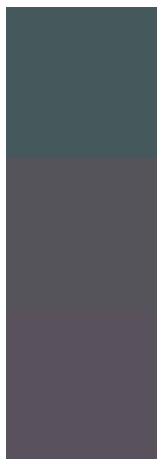


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 7.816, 217.124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

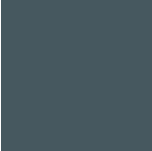
36, 7.816, 217.124

Protanopia

36, 3.760, 297.160

Deuteranopia

36, 7.471, 314.129



Tritanopia
36, 8.126, 231.118

Trichromacy



Original Color

36, 7.816, 217.124

Protanomaly

36, 4.415, 257.087

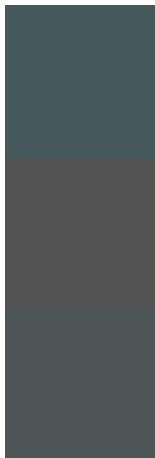
Deuteranomaly

36, 5.639, 282.794

Tritanomaly

36, 7.864, 227.011

Monochromacy



Original Color

36, 7.816, 217.124

Achromatopsia

35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

36, 2.971, 211.218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 7.816, 217.124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 88, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 88, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 88, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 88, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 7.816, 217.124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 88, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 88, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 88, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 88, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 88, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 88, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 7.816, 217.124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 88, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 88,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor