

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 78.598, 328.233)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 78.598, 328.233)
contains.

CIELCh(36, 78.408, 328.226)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(36, 78.408, 328.226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	980298
RGB	152, 2, 152
RGB Percent	60%, 1%, 60%
CMY	0.4030, 0.9936, 0.4030
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	300°, 98%, 30%
HSV	300°, 99%, 60%
XYZ	18.6978, 9.0082, 30.5571
YIQ	63.9500, 41.2500, 78.4500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

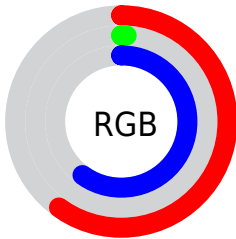
Format	Color
RYB	152, 2, 152
Decimal	9962136
CIELab	36.00, 66.66, -41.29
CIElCh	36, 78.408, 328.226
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3209, 0.1546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288152216 (0xFF980298)
YUV	63.9500, 43.4087, 77.2198
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 58.6775, -39.3541

Details

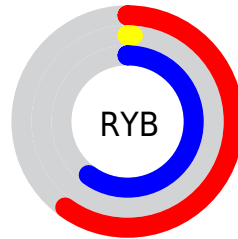
The CIELCh color **36, 78.408, 328.226** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **55, 81.223, 136.071**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 78.124, 328.226**, and **22, 58.264, 326.748** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 78.635, 328.236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 76.111, 328.126**.

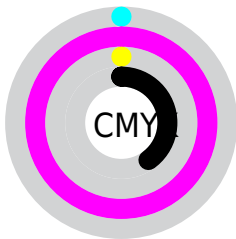
Distribution



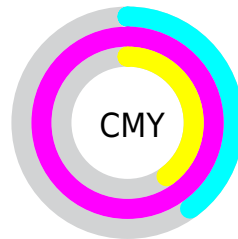
- Red (60%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 78.408, 328.226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 78.408, 328.226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 78.408,
328.226


 36, 78.408,
328.226

 100, 78.408,
328.226


 26, 78.408,
328.226

 56, 78.408,
328.226


 16, 78.408,
328.226

 66, 78.408,
328.226

 6, 78.408, 328.226

 76, 78.408,
328.226

 0, 78.408, 328.226

 86, 78.408,
328.226

 96, 78.408,
328.226

■ 36, 78.408,
328.226

■ 36, 78.408,
328.226

■ 36, 78.635,
328.236

■ 37, 76.111,
328.126

■ 38, 72.216,
327.954

■ 40, 66.440,
327.694

■ 42, 59.005,
327.353

■ 45, 50.264,
326.942

■ 48, 40.606,
326.477

■ 52, 30.385,
325.973

■ 55, 19.894,

325.445

■ 59, 9.347, 324.899

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 78.408, 328.226



55, 81.223, 136.071

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 78.408, 328.226



36, 78.408, 18.226



36, 78.408, 148.226



36, 78.408, 198.226

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 78.406, 328.226



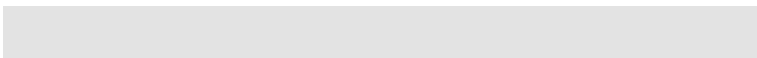
66, 39.151, 326.060



17, 90.460, 306.165



32, 26.581, 326.256



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 78.406, 328.226



47, 95.841, 328.236



32, 57.572, 0.916



30, 5.940, 324.915



33, 74.064, 328.236



1, 6.386, 324.441

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 78.406, 328.226



47, 95.841, 328.236



55, 59.730, 149.734



30, 5.940, 324.915



33, 74.064, 328.236



1, 6.386, 324.441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 78.408, 328.226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 78.408, 328.226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

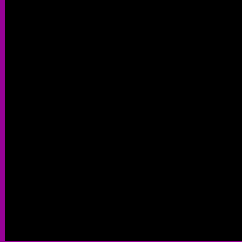
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 78.408, 328.226

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 78.408, 328.226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 78.408, 328.226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 78.267, 328.220

Protanopia

37, 58.141, 286.580

Deuteranopia

37, 34.707, 278.766



Tritanopia
37, 38.672, 23.159

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 78.267, 328.220



Protanomaly
30, 71.917, 301.309



Deuteranomaly
32, 56.232, 307.762



Tritanomaly
35, 49.952, 350.728

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 78.267, 328.220



Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813



Achromatomaly
26, 39.783, 327.180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 78.408, 328.226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 2, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 2, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 2, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 2, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 78.408, 328.226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 2, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 2, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 2, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 2, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 2, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 2,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 78.408, 328.226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 2, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 2,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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