

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 8.554, 194.129)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 8.554, 194.129) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 8.827, 194.183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	435958
RGB	67, 89, 88
RGB Percent	26%, 35%, 35%
CMY	0.7379, 0.6516, 0.6555
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.01, 0.65
HSL	177°, 14%, 31%
HSV	177°, 25%, 35%
XYZ	7.6182, 9.0082, 10.5354
YIQ	82.3080, -12.7910, -4.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

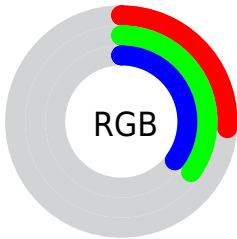
Format	Color
RYB	67, 78, 89
Decimal	4413784
CIELab	36.00, -8.56, -2.16
CIELCh	36, 8.827, 194.183
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2805, 0.3316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282603864 (0xFF435958)
YUV	82.3080, 2.8062, -13.4251
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -7.2159, 0.1974

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 8.827, 194.183** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **31, 10.138, 17.561**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 8.689, 194.798**, and **16, 8.448, 197.617** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 12.009, 193.596**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 5.400, 194.788**.

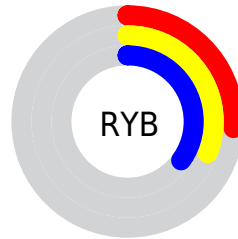
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (35%)

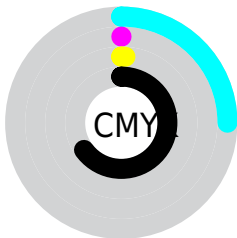
Blue (35%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (35%)

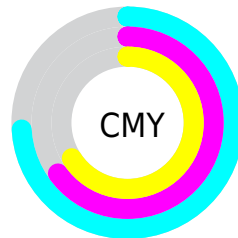


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 8.827, 194.183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 8.827, 194.183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 8.827, 194.183

■ 36, 8.827, 194.183

■ 100, 8.827,
194.183

■ 26, 8.827, 194.183

■ 56, 8.827, 194.183

■ 16, 8.827, 194.183

■ 66, 8.827, 194.183

■ 6, 8.827, 194.183

■ 76, 8.827, 194.183

■ 0, 8.827, 194.183

■ 86, 8.827, 194.183

■ 96, 8.827, 194.183

■ 36, 8.827, 194.183

■ 36, 8.827, 194.183

■ 35, 12.009,
193.596

■ 37, 5.400, 194.788

35, 14.892,
193.034

37, 1.777, 195.505

35, 17.427,
192.489

38, 1.992, 15.794

34, 19.572,
191.956

39, 5.864, 16.516

34, 21.297,
191.429

41, 13.783, 17.799

34, 22.593,
190.902

42, 17.774, 18.430

34, 23.548,
190.372

44, 25.725, 19.671

34, 24.040,
190.107

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 8.827, 194.183



31, 10.138, 17.561

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 8.827, 194.183



36, 8.827, 244.183



36, 8.827, 14.183



36, 8.827, 64.183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 8.827, 194.178



48, 3.213, 195.298



35, 16.443, 141.708



24, 2.103, 195.278



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 8.827, 194.178



46, 12.962, 193.815



33, 7.743, 253.020



17, 2.032, 195.186



40, 27.422, 189.963



84, 48.878, 189.548

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 10.138, 17.561



38, 15.471, 18.241



34, 8.391, 67.187



16, 2.129, 16.124



21, 51.644, 34.770



49, 96.395, 38.642

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 8.827, 194.183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 8.827, 194.183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

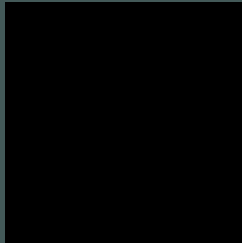
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

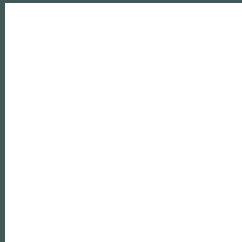
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 8.827, 194.183

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 8.827, 194.183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 8.827, 194.183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

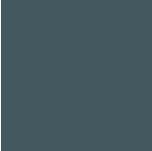
36, 8.827, 194.183

Protanopia

36, 1.065, 343.617

Deuteranopia

36, 5.541, 328.494



Tritanopia
36, 8.743, 228.515

Trichromacy



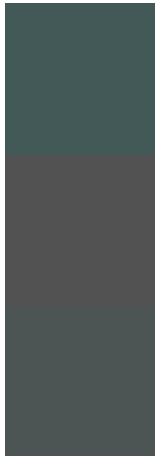
Original Color
36, 8.827, 194.183

Protanomaly
36, 2.926, 199.099

Deuteranomaly
36, 3.206, 275.687

Tritanomaly
36, 8.163, 216.265

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 8.827, 194.183

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 3.347, 199.019

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 8.827, 194.183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 89, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(67, 89, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 89, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 89, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 8.827, 194.183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 89, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 89, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 89, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 89, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 89, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 89, 88)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 8.827, 194.183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 89, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 89,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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