

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 8.658, 333.219)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 8.658, 333.219) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 8.317, 332.430)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E515B
RGB	94, 81, 91
RGB Percent	37%, 32%, 36%
CMY	0.6316, 0.6826, 0.6433
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.03, 0.63
HSL	314°, 7%, 34%
HSV	314°, 14%, 37%
XYZ	9.4350, 9.0082, 11.1267
YIQ	86.0270, 4.5380, 5.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

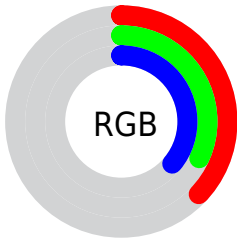
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 81, 91
Decimal	6181211
CIE Lab	36.00, 7.37, -3.85
CIE LCh	36, 8.317, 332.430
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3191, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284371291 (0xFF5E515B)
YUV	86.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 3.5888, -0.9707

Details

The CIELCh color $36, 8.317, 332.430$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39, 8.282, 150.775$, and the grayscale version is $37, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56, 8.380, 331.597$, and $16, 8.493, 333.702$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $33, 14.381, 333.066$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $39, 2.291, 331.773$.

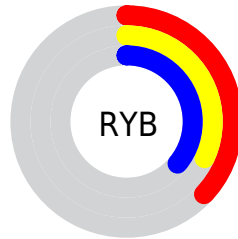
Distribution



 Red (37%)

 Green (32%)

 Blue (36%)



 Red (37%)

 Yellow (32%)

 Blue (36%)

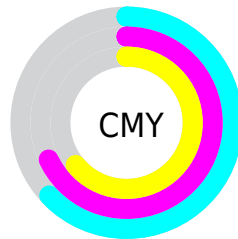



 Cyan (0%)


 Magenta (14%)

 Yellow (3%)

 Black (63%)



 Cyan (63%)

 Magenta (68%)

 Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 8.317, 332.430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 8.317, 332.430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 8.317, 332.430

■ 36, 8.317, 332.430

■ 100, 8.317,
332.430

■ 26, 8.317, 332.430

■ 56, 8.317, 332.430

■ 16, 8.317, 332.430

■ 66, 8.317, 332.430

■ 6, 8.317, 332.430

■ 76, 8.317, 332.430

■ 0, 8.317, 332.430

■ 86, 8.317, 332.430

■ 96, 8.317, 332.430

■ 36, 8.317, 332.430

■ 36, 8.317, 332.430

■ 33, 14.381,
333.066

■ 39, 2.291, 331.773

31, 20.397,
333.722

42, 3.635, 151.330

28, 26.236,
334.404

45, 9.428, 150.751

26, 31.726,
335.118

47, 15.068,
150.223

24, 36.649,
335.873

50, 20.549,
149.724

22, 40.767,
336.684

53, 25.868,
149.253

21, 43.851,
337.575

56, 31.032,
148.807

20, 45.888,
338.560

59, 36.046,
148.386

19, 47.113,
339.151

62, 40.919,
147.988

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 8.317, 332.430



39, 8.282, 150.775

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 8.317, 332.430



36, 8.317, 22.430



36, 8.317, 152.430



36, 8.317, 202.430

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 8.316, 332.431



50, 2.972, 331.796



35, 8.220, 299.542



25, 2.093, 331.837



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 8.316, 332.431



45, 12.728, 332.664



36, 6.089, 358.333



17, 3.294, 332.113



23, 52.363, 339.409



53, 91.349, 340.329

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 8.316, 332.431



45, 12.728, 332.664



39, 5.857, 175.979



17, 3.294, 332.113



23, 52.363, 339.409



53, 91.349, 340.329

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 8.317, 332.430 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 8.317, 332.430 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

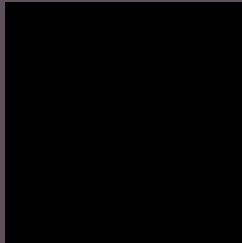
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 8.317, 332.430

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 8.317, 332.430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 8.317, 332.430.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 8.317, 332.430

Protanopia

36, 5.594, 291.103

Deuteranopia

36, 6.558, 321.818



Tritanopia
36, 7.074, 342.652

Trichromacy



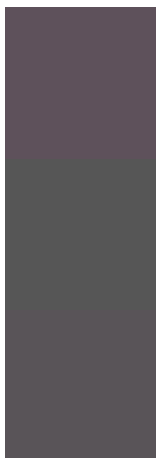
Original Color
36, 8.317, 332.430

Protanomaly
36, 5.997, 311.359

Deuteranomaly
36, 6.784, 324.920

Tritanomaly
36, 7.459, 338.860

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 8.317, 332.430

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 3.284, 330.795

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 8.317, 332.430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 81, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 81, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 81, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 81, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 8.317, 332.430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 81, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 81, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 81, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 81, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 81, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 81, 91)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 8.317, 332.430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 81, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 81,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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