

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 8.989, 34.606)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 8.989, 34.606) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 9.239, 32.163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64504D
RGB	100, 80, 77
RGB Percent	39%, 31%, 30%
CMY	0.6074, 0.6858, 0.6976
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.23, 0.61
HSL	8°, 13%, 35%
HSV	8°, 23%, 39%
XYZ	9.4899, 9.0082, 8.2811
YIQ	85.6380, 12.8830, 3.3070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

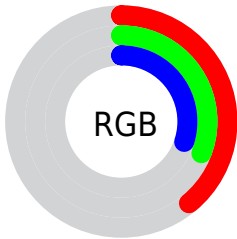
Format	Color
RYB	100, 80, 77
Decimal	6574157
CIELab	36.00, 7.82, 4.92
CIELCh	36, 9.239, 32.163
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3544, 0.3364
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284764237 (0xFF64504D)
YUV	85.6380, -4.2585, 12.5955
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 3.9157, 4.6507

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 9.239, 32.163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **40, 7.975, 211.855**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 9.195, 30.960**, and **16, 9.552, 29.980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 13.786, 32.607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39, 5.018, 31.871**.

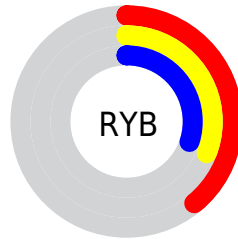
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (31%)

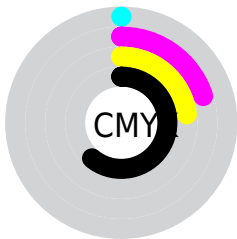
Blue (30%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (30%)

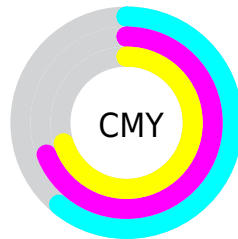


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 9.239, 32.163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 9.239, 32.163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 9.239, 32.163  36, 9.239, 32.163

 100, 9.239, 32.163  26, 9.239, 32.163

 56, 9.239, 32.163  16, 9.239, 32.163

 66, 9.239, 32.163  6, 9.239, 32.163

 76, 9.239, 32.163  0, 9.239, 32.163

 86, 9.239, 32.163

 96, 9.239, 32.163

 36, 9.239, 32.163  36, 9.239, 32.163

 33, 13.786, 32.607  39, 5.018, 31.871

 31, 18.666, 33.234  42, 1.108, 31.486

■ 28, 23.864, 34.099

■ 44, 2.517, 211.863

■ 26, 29.333, 35.246

■ 47, 5.884, 211.798

■ 24, 34.976, 36.693

■ 50, 9.019, 211.841

■ 22, 40.605, 38.366

■ 53, 11.950,
211.934

■ 21, 45.142, 38.955

■ 56, 14.700,
212.059

■ 20, 47.811, 39.454

■ 59, 17.290,
212.207

■ 62, 19.740,
212.370

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 9.239, 32.163



40, 7.975, 211.855

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 9.239, 32.163



36, 9.239, 82.163



36, 9.239, 212.163



36, 9.239, 262.163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 9.238, 32.172



52, 3.281, 31.716



36, 15.819, 329.039



26, 2.151, 31.726



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 9.238, 32.172



45, 14.278, 32.406



39, 9.521, 84.136



20, 2.170, 31.766



24, 54.044, 40.518



52, 98.315, 41.449

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 7.975, 211.855



50, 11.818, 211.951



36, 9.347, 270.087



21, 2.057, 211.824



38, 24.373, 219.364



78, 42.129, 220.969

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 9.239, 32.163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 9.239, 32.163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

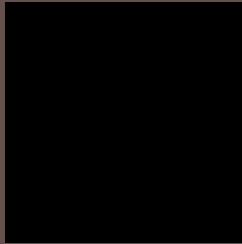
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 9.239, 32.163

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 9.239, 32.163.

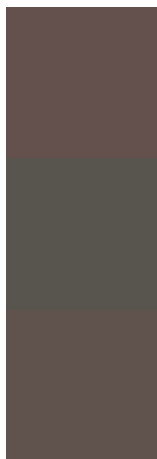


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 9.239, 32.163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 9.239, 32.163

Protanopia

36, 3.926, 89.927

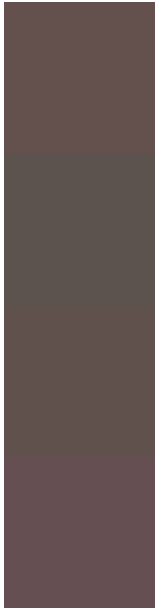
Deuteranopia

36, 7.026, 46.140



Tritanopia
36, 10.288, 359.960

Trichromacy



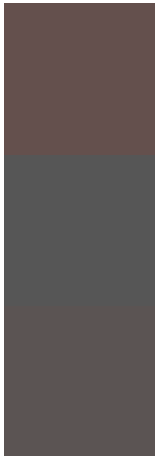
Original Color
36, 9.239, 32.163

Protanomaly
36, 5.059, 57.372

Deuteranomaly
36, 7.629, 39.165

Tritanomaly
36, 9.897, 10.182

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 9.239, 32.163

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 3.103, 31.197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 9.239, 32.163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 80, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 80, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 80, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 80, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 9.239, 32.163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 80, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 80, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 80, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 80, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 80, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 80,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 9.239, 32.163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 80, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 80,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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