

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 81.555, 326.287)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 81.555, 326.287)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 81.399, 326.281)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97009F
RGB	151, 0, 159
RGB Percent	59%, 0%, 62%
CMY	0.4094, 1.0000, 0.3780
CMYK	0.05, 1.00, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	297°, 100%, 31%
HSV	297°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	18.9007, 9.0082, 33.3687
YIQ	63.2750, 38.9570, 81.4610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

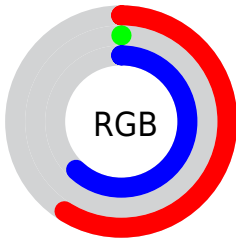
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 0, 159
Decimal	9896095
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, 67.71, -45.19
CIE _{LCh}	36, 81.399, 326.281
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3084, 0.1470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288086175 (0xFF97009F)
YUV	63.2750, 47.1924, 76.9348
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 59.8842, -44.9084

Details

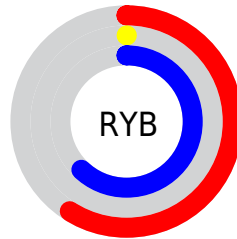
The CIELCh color **36, 81.399, 326.281** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **57, 83.705, 135.764**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 81.358, 326.390**, and **22, 61.446, 324.104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 81.256, 326.272**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 78.914, 326.318**.

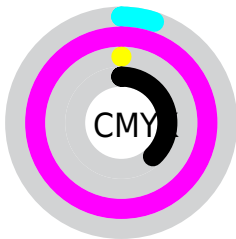
Distribution



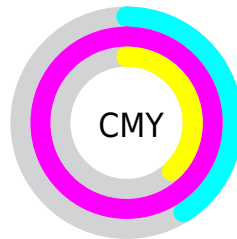
- Red (59%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 81.399, 326.281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 81.399, 326.281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 81.399,
326.281


 36, 81.399,
326.281

 100, 81.399,
326.281


 26, 81.399,
326.281

 56, 81.399,
326.281


 16, 81.399,
326.281


 66, 81.399,
326.281

 6, 81.399, 326.281

 76, 81.399,
326.281

 0, 81.399, 326.281

 86, 81.399,
326.281

 96, 81.399,
326.281

■ 36, 81.399,
326.281

■ 36, 81.399,
326.281

■ 36, 81.256,
326.272

■ 37, 78.914,
326.318

■ 38, 74.987,
326.270

■ 40, 69.083,
326.103

■ 43, 61.454,
325.831

■ 46, 52.485,
325.472

■ 49, 42.589,
325.047

■ 53, 32.136,
324.578

■ 57, 21.421,

324.081

■ 61, 10.661,
323.568

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 81.399, 326.281



57, 83.705, 135.764

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 81.399, 326.281



36, 81.399, 16.281



36, 81.399, 146.281



36, 81.399, 196.281

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 81.256, 326.272



68, 39.839, 324.606



19, 90.639, 305.327



34, 27.350, 324.796



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 81.256, 326.272



47, 98.858, 326.235



34, 60.581, 355.383



31, 6.009, 323.528



32, 75.242, 326.289



1, 7.788, 322.764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 71.048, 37.609



43, 87.145, 38.250



57, 66.265, 146.320



31, 3.538, 15.803



29, 65.382, 37.122



1, 4.488, 15.418

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 81.399, 326.281 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

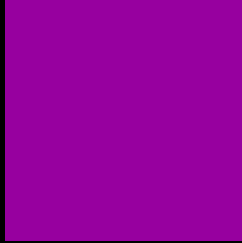
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 81.399, 326.281 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

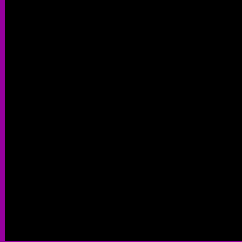
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 81.399, 326.281

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 81.399, 326.281.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 81.399, 326.281.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 81.399, 326.281

Protanopia

37, 58.072, 286.333

Deuteranopia

37, 38.535, 278.562



Tritanopia
37, 36.283, 22.348

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 81.399, 326.281



Protanomaly
30, 73.598, 301.444



Deuteranomaly
31, 60.340, 305.680



Tritanomaly
35, 50.433, 347.439

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 81.399, 326.281



Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813



Achromatomaly
26, 41.252, 325.673

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 81.399, 326.281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 0, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 0, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 0, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 0, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 81.399, 326.281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 0, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 0, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 0, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 0, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 0, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 0,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 81.399, 326.281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 0, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 0,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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