

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 0.517, 109.015)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 0.517, 109.015) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 0.612, 110.020)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	575756
RGB	87, 87, 86
RGB Percent	34%, 34%, 34%
CMY	0.6584, 0.6584, 0.6623
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.66
HSL	60°, 1%, 34%
HSV	60°, 1%, 34%
XYZ	9.0406, 9.5379, 10.1904
YIQ	86.8860, 0.3210, -0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 87, 86
Decimal	5723990
CIE Lab	37.00, -0.21, 0.58
CIE LCh	37, 0.612, 110.020
Yxy	9.5379, 0.3142, 0.3315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283914070 (0xFF575756)
YUV	86.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -1.7936, 2.0551

Details

The CIELCh color $[37, 0.612, 110.020]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[37, 0.625, 290.401]$, and the grayscale version is $[37, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57, 0.562, 110.025]$, and $[17, 0.691, 109.965]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[37, 5.978, 109.258]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[37, 4.763, 291.014]$.

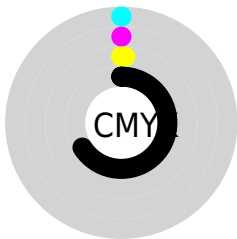
Distribution



- Red (34%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 0.612, 110.020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 0.612, 110.020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37, 0.612, 110.020

■ 37, 0.612, 110.020

100, 0.612,
110.020

■ 27, 0.612, 110.020

■ 57, 0.612, 110.020

■ 17, 0.612, 110.020

■ 67, 0.612, 110.020

■ 7, 0.612, 110.020

■ 77, 0.612, 110.020

■ 0, 0.612, 110.020

■ 87, 0.612, 110.020

■ 97, 0.612, 110.020

■ 37, 0.612, 110.020

■ 37, 0.612, 110.020

■ 37, 5.978, 109.258

■ 37, 4.763, 291.014

■ 37, 11.310,
108.372

■ 38, 10.134,
291.848

■ 36, 16.576,
107.488

■ 38, 15.490,
292.656

■ 36, 21.729,
106.619

■ 38, 20.823,
293.432

■ 36, 26.694,
105.786

■ 39, 26.126,
294.173

■ 36, 31.364,
105.011

■ 39, 31.395,
294.877

■ 36, 35.586,
104.321

■ 40, 36.624,
295.544

■ 36, 39.161,
103.749

■ 40, 41.810,
296.174

■ 36, 41.919,
103.316

■ 41, 46.950,
296.767

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 0.612, 110.020



37, 0.625, 290.401

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 0.612, 110.020



37, 0.612, 160.020



37, 0.612, 290.020



37, 0.612, 340.020

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 0.613, 110.087



47, 0.006, 296.813



37, 0.428, 18.763



24, 0.004, 296.813



75, 0.009, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 0.613, 110.087



47, 0.656, 110.091



37, 0.652, 129.123



18, 0.296, 110.093



44, 51.183, 102.951



90, 90.986, 102.957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 0.625, 290.401



47, 0.670, 290.397



37, 0.663, 309.016



18, 0.303, 290.394



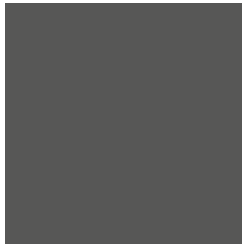
10, 70.663, 306.297



29, 125.627, 306.291

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 0.612, 110.020 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 0.612, 110.020 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

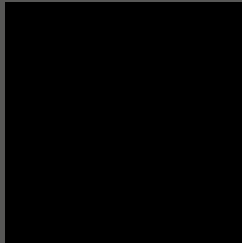
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

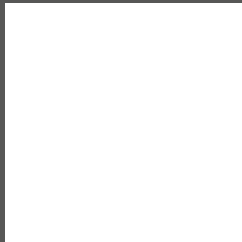
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 0.612, 110.020

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 0.612, 110.020.

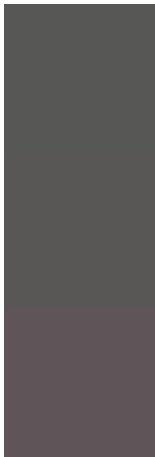


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 0.612, 110.020.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


37, 0.612, 110.020

Protanopia

37, 1.047, 55.193

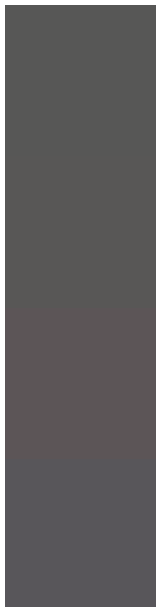
Deuteranopia

37, 5.096, 358.859



Tritanopia
37, 4.424, 301.675

Trichromacy



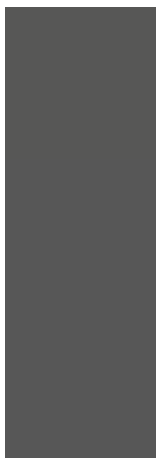
Original Color
37, 0.612, 110.020

Protanomaly
37, 0.742, 74.895

Deuteranomaly
37, 3.255, 357.534

Tritanomaly
37, 2.627, 309.222

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 0.612, 110.020

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 0.005, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 0.612, 110.020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 87, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 87, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 87, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 87, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 0.612, 110.020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 87, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 87, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 87, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 87, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 87, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 87, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 0.612, 110.020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 87, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 87,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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