

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 10.767, 271.973)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 10.767, 271.973)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 10.486, 270.324)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E5868
RGB	78, 88, 104
RGB Percent	31%, 35%, 41%
CMY	0.6952, 0.6559, 0.5932
CMYK	0.25, 0.15, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	217°, 14%, 36%
HSV	217°, 25%, 41%
XYZ	9.0726, 9.5379, 14.3862
YIQ	86.8340, -11.0960, 2.8560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

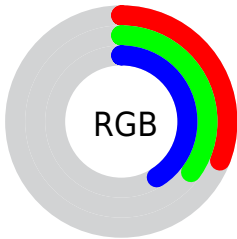
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 85, 104
Decimal	5134440
CIE _{Lab}	37.00, 0.06, -10.49
CIE _{LCh}	37, 10.486, 270.324
Yxy	9.5379, 0.2750, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283324520 (0xFF4E5868)
YUV	86.8340, 8.4628, -7.7474
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -1.6087, -6.0001

Details

The CIELCh color $[37, 10.486, 270.324]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[40, 10.708, 83.739]$, and the grayscale version is $[37, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57, 10.390, 268.605]$, and $[17, 10.352, 269.920]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34, 14.727, 272.128]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40, 6.277, 268.773]$.

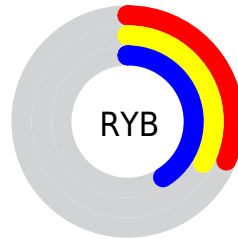
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (35%)

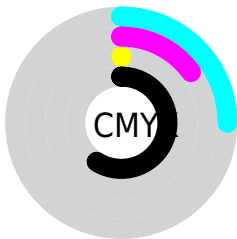
Blue (41%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (41%)

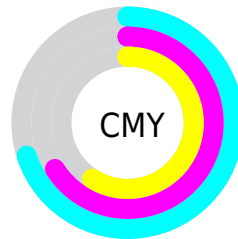


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (70%)


Magenta (66%)


Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 10.486, 270.324 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 10.486, 270.324 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 37, 10.486,
270.324


 37, 10.486,
270.324

 100, 10.486,
270.324


 27, 10.486,
270.324

 57, 10.486,
270.324


 17, 10.486,
270.324


 67, 10.486,
270.324

 7, 10.486, 270.324

 77, 10.486,
270.324

 0, 10.486, 270.324

 87, 10.486,
270.324

 97, 10.486,
270.324

■ 37, 10.486,
270.324

■ 37, 10.486,
270.324

■ 34, 14.727,
272.128

■ 40, 6.277, 268.773

■ 43, 2.102, 267.482

■ 32, 19.002,
274.230

■ 45, 2.035, 86.149

■ 29, 23.320,
276.664

■ 48, 6.130, 85.190

■ 26, 27.695,
279.455

■ 51, 10.181, 84.311

■ 53, 14.183, 83.530

■ 24, 32.151,
282.602

■ 56, 18.134, 82.836

■ 21, 36.710,
286.057

■ 59, 22.033, 82.216

■ 62, 25.877, 81.658

■ 19, 41.391,
289.622

■ 18, 43.764,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 10.486, 270.324



40, 10.708, 83.739

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 10.486, 270.324



37, 10.486, 320.324



37, 10.486, 90.324



37, 10.486, 140.324

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 10.485, 270.321



54, 4.135, 267.856



42, 12.325, 167.200



27, 2.963, 268.008



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 10.485, 270.321



46, 15.636, 271.335



34, 16.366, 296.374



20, 2.303, 267.941



20, 47.595, 291.693



45, 87.937, 294.146

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 12.804, 352.704



45, 19.161, 353.372



43, 15.500, 112.189



19, 2.767, 351.063



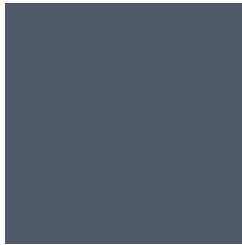
23, 46.965, 10.685



52, 82.037, 14.156

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 10.486, 270.324 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 10.486, 270.324 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

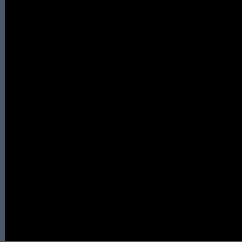
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

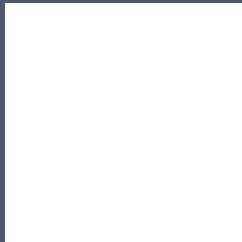
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 10.486, 270.324

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 10.486, 270.324.

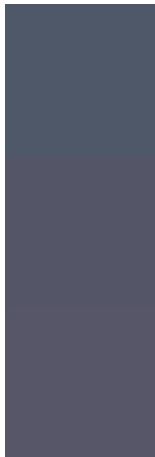


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 10.486, 270.324.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

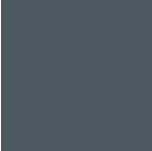
37, 10.486, 270.324

Protanopia

37, 10.530, 287.605

Deuteranopia

37, 11.808, 295.868



Tritanopia
37, 6.624, 239.867

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 10.486, 270.324

Protanomaly
37, 10.028, 280.568

Deuteranomaly
37, 11.145, 287.956

Tritanomaly
37, 7.643, 253.222

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 10.486, 270.324

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 3.887, 272.326

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 10.486, 270.324 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 88, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 88, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 88, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 88, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 10.486, 270.324 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 88, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 88, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 88, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 88, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 88, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 88,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 10.486, 270.324 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 88, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 88,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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