

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 11.540, 269.284)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 11.540, 269.284)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 11.303, 268.143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C5869
RGB	76, 88, 105
RGB Percent	30%, 35%, 41%
CMY	0.7019, 0.6549, 0.5882
CMYK	0.28, 0.16, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	215°, 16%, 35%
HSV	215°, 28%, 41%
XYZ	9.0220, 9.5379, 14.7327
YIQ	86.3500, -12.6090, 2.7430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

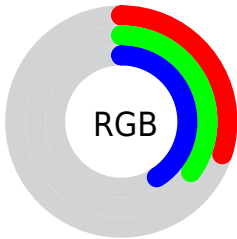
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 84, 105
Decimal	5003369
CIE Lab	37.00, -0.37, -11.30
CIE LCh	37, 11.303, 268.143
Yxy	9.5379, 0.2710, 0.2865
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283193449 (0xFF4C5869)
YUV	86.3500, 9.1945, -9.0769
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -1.9011, -6.6652

Details

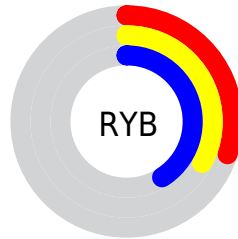
The CIELCh color $[37, 11.303, 268.143]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[40, 11.698, 80.757]$, and the grayscale version is $[37, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57, 11.171, 266.462]$, and $[17, 11.225, 268.155]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34, 15.418, 270.043]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40, 7.198, 266.513]$.

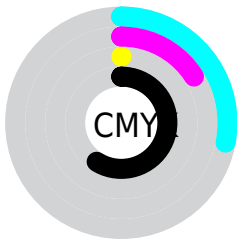
Distribution



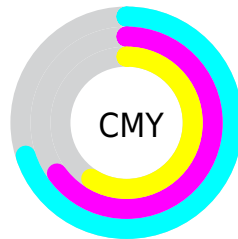
- Red (30%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 11.303, 268.143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 11.303, 268.143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37, 11.303,
268.143

■ 37, 11.303,
268.143

■ 100, 11.303,
268.143

■ 27, 11.303,
268.143

■ 57, 11.303,
268.143

■ 17, 11.303,
268.143

■ 67, 11.303,
268.143

■ 7, 11.303, 268.143

■ 77, 11.303,
268.143

■ 0, 11.303, 268.143

■ 87, 11.303,
268.143

■ 97, 11.303,
268.143

■ 37, 11.303,
268.143

■ 37, 11.303,
268.143

■ 34, 15.418,
270.043

■ 40, 7.198, 266.513

■ 32, 19.545,
272.261

■ 42, 3.107, 265.140

■ 45, 0.963, 83.669

■ 29, 23.690,
274.832

■ 48, 5.007, 82.771

■ 27, 27.870,
277.780

■ 50, 9.020, 81.866

■ 53, 12.996, 81.062

■ 24, 32.111,
281.097

■ 56, 16.931, 80.349

■ 22, 36.443,
284.728

■ 58, 20.822, 79.713

■ 61, 24.667, 79.143

■ 20, 40.906,
288.345

■ 19, 41.997,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 11.303, 268.143



40, 11.698, 80.757

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 11.303, 268.143



37, 11.303, 318.143



37, 11.303, 88.143



37, 11.303, 138.143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 11.302, 268.140



55, 4.077, 265.216



42, 13.862, 165.939



27, 2.876, 265.367



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 11.302, 268.140



46, 16.887, 269.311



34, 18.301, 296.091



21, 2.330, 265.311



22, 46.033, 289.678



47, 84.200, 292.170

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 14.515, 351.143



45, 21.765, 351.879



43, 17.218, 111.274



21, 2.935, 349.269



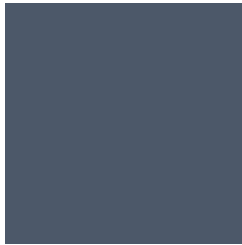
24, 47.585, 8.104



52, 82.178, 11.331

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 11.303, 268.143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 11.303, 268.143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

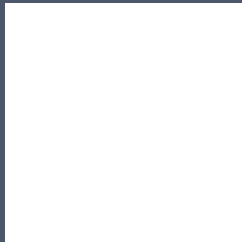
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 11.303, 268.143

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 11.303, 268.143.

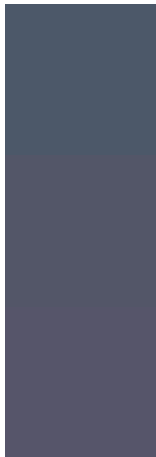


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 11.303, 268.143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

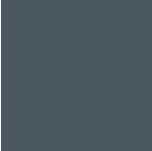
37, 11.303, 268.143

Protanopia

37, 11.171, 285.980

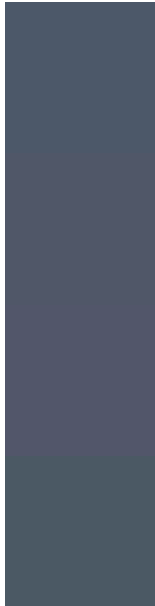
Deuteranopia

37, 13.018, 293.959



Tritanopia
37, 7.555, 239.936

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 11.303, 268.143

Protanomaly
37, 10.775, 277.372

Deuteranomaly
37, 12.430, 285.074

Tritanomaly
37, 8.550, 251.911

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 11.303, 268.143

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 4.198, 261.697

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 11.303, 268.143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 88, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 88, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 88, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 88, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 11.303, 268.143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 88, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 88, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 88, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 88, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 88, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 88,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 11.303, 268.143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 88, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 88,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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