

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 13.434, 165.777)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 13.434, 165.777)
contains.

CIELCh(37, 13.771, 165.031)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(37, 13.771, 165.031)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	415D51
RGB	65, 93, 81
RGB Percent	25%, 36%, 32%
CMY	0.7452, 0.6354, 0.6825
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.13, 0.64
HSL	154°, 18%, 31%
HSV	154°, 30%, 36%
XYZ	7.5722, 9.5379, 9.2190
YIQ	83.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

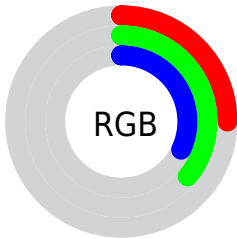
Format	Color
R _{YB}	65, 83, 93
Decimal	4283729
CIE Lab	37.00, -13.30, 3.56
CIE LCh	37, 13.771, 165.031
Yxy	9.5379, 0.2876, 0.3623
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282473809 (0xFF415D51)
YUV	83.2600, -1.1142, -16.0140
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -10.2807, 3.9198

Details

The CIELCh color **37, 13.771, 165.031** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **31, 14.457, 350.452**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57, 13.490, 164.766**, and **17, 13.730, 166.194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 18.135, 163.956**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 9.265, 166.007**.

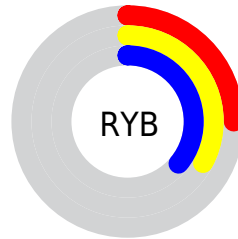
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (36%)

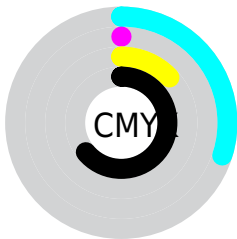
Blue (32%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (36%)

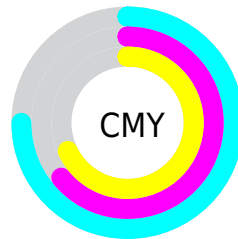


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (75%)


Magenta (64%)


Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 13.771, 165.031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 13.771, 165.031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 37, 13.771,
165.031


 37, 13.771,
165.031

 100, 13.771,
165.031


 27, 13.771,
165.031

 57, 13.771,
165.031


 17, 13.771,
165.031


 67, 13.771,
165.031

 7, 13.771, 165.031

 77, 13.771,
165.031

 0, 13.771, 165.031

 87, 13.771,
165.031

 97, 13.771,
165.031

■ 37, 13.771,
165.031

■ 37, 13.771,
165.031

■ 36, 18.135,
163.956

■ 38, 9.265, 166.007

■ 36, 22.288,
162.767

■ 39, 4.674, 166.917

■ 39, 0.052, 172.427

■ 35, 26.165,
161.440

■ 40, 4.559, 348.376

■ 35, 29.704,
159.957

■ 41, 9.125, 349.105

■ 35, 32.859,
158.300

■ 43, 13.621,
349.772

■ 34, 35.610,
156.461

■ 44, 18.029,
350.396

■ 34, 38.179,
154.734

■ 45, 22.336,
350.986

■ 46, 26.537,
351.544

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 13.771, 165.031



31, 14.457, 350.452

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 13.771, 165.031



37, 13.771, 215.031



37, 13.771, 345.031



37, 13.771, 35.031

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 13.772, 165.029



49, 5.124, 166.994



37, 18.477, 130.100



25, 3.589, 166.901



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 13.772, 165.029



47, 20.138, 164.293



37, 10.143, 204.709



18, 2.561, 167.035



40, 43.280, 154.226



83, 78.623, 152.638

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 14.457, 350.452



38, 21.374, 351.260



31, 12.330, 26.857



17, 2.600, 348.350



22, 45.337, 6.332



51, 80.053, 9.772

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 13.771, 165.031 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 13.771, 165.031 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

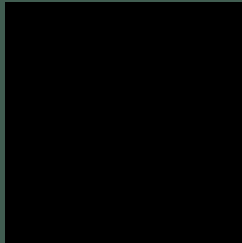
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 13.771, 165.031

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 13.771, 165.031.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 13.771, 165.031.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
37, 13.771, 165.031

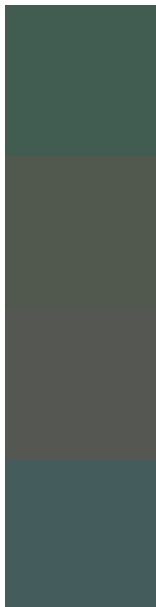
Protanopia
37, 5.688, 95.760

Deuteranopia
37, 5.745, 26.290



Tritanopia
37, 9.336, 226.212

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 13.771, 165.031

Protanomaly
37, 7.095, 138.347

Deuteranomaly
37, 3.209, 125.260

Tritanomaly
37, 9.440, 198.195

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 13.771, 165.031

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 5.629, 165.203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 13.771, 165.031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 93, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 93, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 93, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 93, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 13.771, 165.031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 93, 81) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 93, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 93, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 93, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 93, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 93, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 13.771, 165.031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 93, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 93,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor