

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 19.962, 123.620)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 19.962, 123.620)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 19.621, 123.412)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F5B3C
RGB	79, 91, 60
RGB Percent	31%, 36%, 24%
CMY	0.6890, 0.6419, 0.7636
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.34, 0.64
HSL	83°, 20%, 30%
HSV	83°, 34%, 36%
XYZ	7.8391, 9.5379, 5.7421
YIQ	83.8780, 2.7990, -12.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

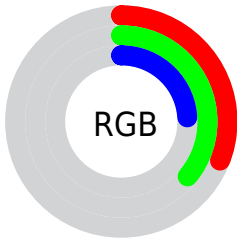
Format	Color
RYB	60, 91, 72
Decimal	5200700
CIELab	37.00, -10.80, 16.38
CIELCh	37, 19.621, 123.412
Yxy	9.5379, 0.3391, 0.4126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283390780 (0xFF4F5B3C)
YUV	83.8780, -11.7719, -4.2780
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -8.7377, 10.5948

Details

The CIELCh color $37, 19.621, 123.412$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $28, 20.743, 306.859$, and the grayscale version is $36, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $57, 19.299, 122.976$, and $17, 19.511, 122.796$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 25.226, 122.947$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $37, 13.897, 123.900$.

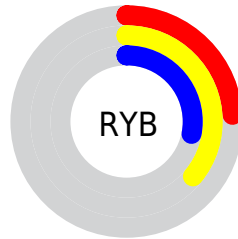
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (36%)

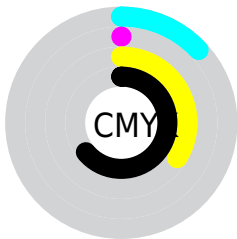
Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (28%)

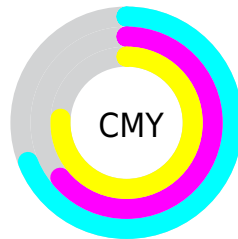


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (69%)


Magenta (64%)


Yellow (76%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 19.621, 123.412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 19.621, 123.412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 37, 19.621,
123.412


 37, 19.621,
123.412

 100, 19.621,
123.412


 27, 19.621,
123.412

 57, 19.621,
123.412


 17, 19.621,
123.412


 67, 19.621,
123.412

 7, 19.621, 123.412

 77, 19.621,
123.412

 0, 19.621, 123.412

 87, 19.621,
123.412

 97, 19.621,
123.412

■ 37, 19.621,
123.412

■ 37, 19.621,
123.412

■ 37, 25.226,
122.947

■ 37, 13.897,
123.900

■ 36, 30.626,
122.532

■ 38, 8.109, 124.386

■ 39, 2.301, 124.869

■ 36, 35.699,
122.217

■ 39, 3.497, 305.282

■ 35, 40.280,
122.070

■ 40, 9.264, 305.708

■ 35, 44.160,
122.180

■ 40, 14.984,
306.100

■ 35, 47.284,
122.558

■ 41, 20.645,
306.461

■ 35, 49.213,
122.692

■ 42, 26.238,
306.792

■ 43, 31.757,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 19.621, 123.412



28, 20.743, 306.859

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 19.621, 123.412



37, 19.621, 173.412



37, 19.621, 303.412



37, 19.621, 353.412

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 19.622, 123.414



50, 7.259, 124.561



32, 11.929, 58.900



25, 4.992, 124.516



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 19.622, 123.414



48, 29.469, 123.021



36, 22.567, 139.375



19, 3.264, 124.632



42, 56.109, 123.050



85, 99.683, 124.065

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 20.743, 306.859



34, 31.652, 307.395



30, 22.733, 322.726



17, 3.313, 305.438



13, 68.223, 310.145



35, 121.174, 309.475

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 19.621, 123.412 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

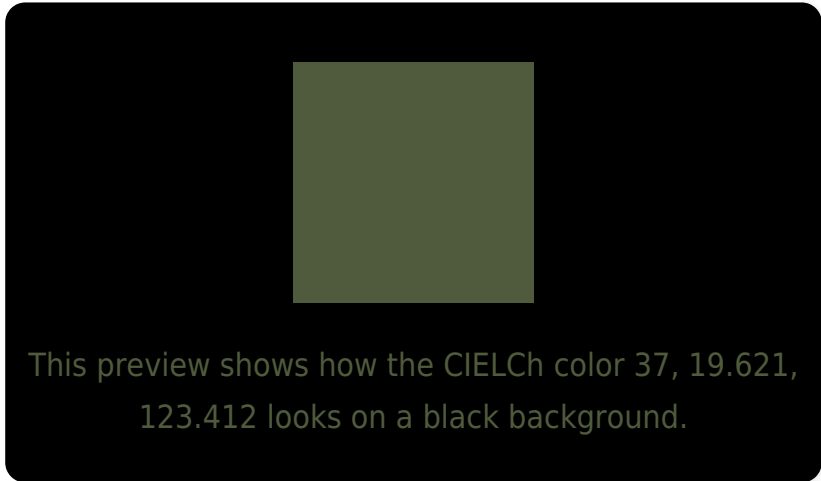
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

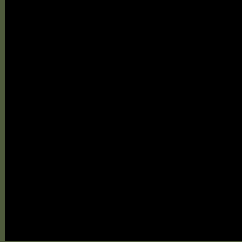
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 19.621, 123.412

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 19.621, 123.412.

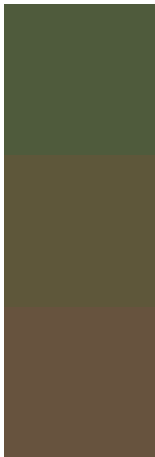


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 19.621, 123.412.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[37, 19.621, 123.412](#)

Protanopia
[37, 18.020, 96.579](#)

Deuteranopia
[37, 16.227, 72.007](#)



Tritanopia
37, 4.475, 274.995

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 19.621, 123.412

Protanomaly
37, 18.227, 107.181

Deuteranomaly
37, 15.799, 93.774

Tritanomaly
37, 5.281, 144.051

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 19.621, 123.412

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 7.736, 125.499

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 19.621, 123.412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 91, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 91, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 91, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 91, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 19.621, 123.412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 91, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 91, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 91, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 91, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 91, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 91, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 19.621, 123.412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 91, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 91,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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