

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 21.970, 153.231)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 21.970, 153.231)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 21.685, 153.867)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	395F47
RGB	57, 95, 71
RGB Percent	22%, 37%, 28%
CMY	0.7760, 0.6269, 0.7211
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.25, 0.63
HSL	142°, 25%, 30%
HSV	142°, 40%, 37%
XYZ	6.9397, 9.5379, 7.4572
YIQ	80.9020, -14.9440, -15.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

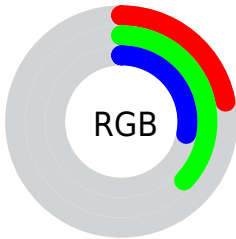
Format	Color
R_{YB}	57, 85, 95
Decimal	3759943
CIE Lab	37.00, -19.47, 9.55
CIE LCh	37, 21.685, 153.867
Yxy	9.5379, 0.2899, 0.3985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281950023 (0xFF395F47)
YUV	80.9020, -4.8817, -20.9621
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -13.9360, 7.3022

Details

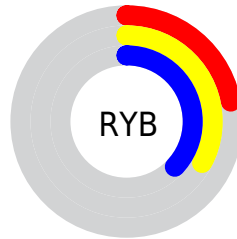
The CIELCh color $[37, 21.685, 153.867]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `#336666`. A complement of this color would be $[29, 22.116, 340.215]$, and the grayscale version is $[34, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57, 21.993, 153.175]$, and $[17, 21.116, 154.685]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[36, 26.835, 152.740]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 16.350, 154.860]$.

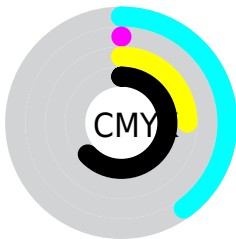
Distribution



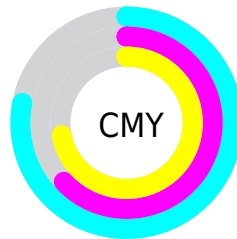
- Red (22%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (63%)





- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 21.685, 153.867 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 21.685, 153.867 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 37, 21.685,
153.867


 37, 21.685,
153.867

 100, 21.685,
153.867


 27, 21.685,
153.867

 57, 21.685,
153.867


 17, 21.685,
153.867


 67, 21.685,
153.867

 7, 21.685, 153.867

 77, 21.685,
153.867

 0, 21.685, 153.867

 87, 21.685,
153.867

 97, 21.685,
153.867

■ 37, 21.685,
153.867

■ 37, 21.685,
153.867

■ 36, 26.835,
152.740

■ 38, 16.350,
154.860

■ 36, 31.713,
151.463

■ 39, 10.907,
155.741

■ 35, 36.235,
150.020

■ 39, 5.428, 156.535

■ 35, 40.329,
148.403

■ 40, 0.032, 330.530

■ 41, 5.425, 337.770

■ 35, 43.943,
146.622

■ 43, 10.721,
338.350

■ 35, 47.277,
144.970

■ 44, 15.895,
338.867

■ 35, 47.294,
144.963

■ 45, 20.932,
339.337

■ 46, 25.825,
339.769

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 21.685, 153.867



29, 22.116, 340.215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 21.685, 153.867



37, 21.685, 203.867



37, 21.685, 333.867



37, 21.685, 23.867

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 21.686, 153.867



50, 8.062, 156.350



38, 23.676, 122.326



25, 5.299, 156.294



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 21.686, 153.867



47, 31.754, 152.804



38, 14.901, 185.308



20, 3.105, 156.616



41, 53.677, 144.491



83, 96.868, 143.063

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 22.116, 340.215



35, 32.399, 341.105



29, 18.051, 12.774



18, 3.125, 337.745



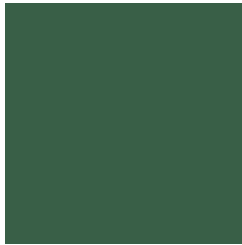
23, 48.849, 348.914



53, 84.409, 350.724

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 21.685, 153.867 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 21.685, 153.867 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 21.685, 153.867

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 21.685, 153.867.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 21.685, 153.867.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
37, 21.685, 153.867

Protanopia
37, 12.580, 95.400

Deuteranopia
37, 9.601, 55.292



Tritanopia
37, 11.366, 224.214

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 21.685, 153.867

Protanomaly
37, 14.208, 126.397

Deuteranomaly
36, 8.729, 117.565

Tritanomaly
37, 12.760, 186.501

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 21.685, 153.867

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 8.253, 155.574

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 21.685, 153.867 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 95, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 95, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 95, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 95, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 21.685, 153.867 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 95, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 95, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 95, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 95, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 95, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 95, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 21.685, 153.867 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 95, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 95,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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