

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 22.607, 23.037)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(37, 22.607, 23.037) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(37, 22.642, 23.018)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	7B4A4A
RGB	123, 74, 74
RGB Percent	48%, 29%, 29%
CMY	0.5189, 0.7109, 0.7109
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.40, 0.52
HSL	360°, 25%, 39%
HSV	360°, 40%, 48%
XYZ	11.7796, 9.5379, 7.6496
YIQ	88.6510, 29.2040, 10.3880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

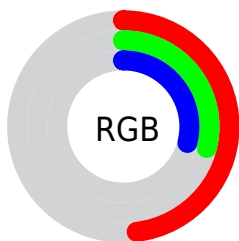
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">123, 74, 74</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8079946</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">37.00, 20.84, 8.85</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">37, 22.642, 23.018</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">9.5379, 0.4067, 0.3293</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286270026</a> (0xFF7B4A4A)
YUV	<a href="#">88.6510, -7.2229, 30.1241</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">30.8835, 14.0373, 6.9328</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **37, 22.642, 23.018** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **48, 17.303, 197.580**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57, 22.691, 21.926**, and **17, 22.644, 24.205** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 29.192, 24.679**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 16.394, 21.738**.

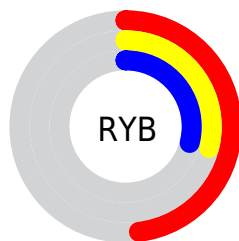
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (29%)

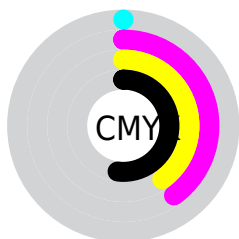
Blue (29%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (29%)

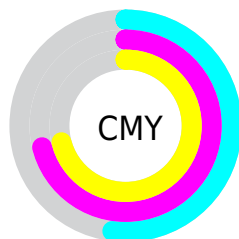


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 22.642, 23.018 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 22.642, 23.018 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 37, 22.642, 23.018

 37, 22.642, 23.018

 100, 22.642,  
23.018

 27, 22.642, 23.018

 57, 22.642, 23.018

 17, 22.642, 23.018

 67, 22.642, 23.018

 7, 22.642, 23.018

 77, 22.642, 23.018

 0, 22.642, 23.018

 87, 22.642, 23.018

 97, 22.642, 23.018

 37, 22.642, 23.018

 37, 22.642, 23.018

 34, 29.192, 24.679

 40, 16.394, 21.738

 31, 35.924, 26.808

 44, 10.520, 20.737

 28, 42.655, 29.486

 48, 5.043, 19.928

 27, 49.136, 32.688

 52, 0.043, 208.367


 25, 54.859, 35.968


 55, 4.760, 199.004


 24, 59.117, 37.991

 59, 9.142, 198.582

 24, 59.155, 38.007

 63, 13.222,  
198.259

 67, 17.036,  
198.000

 71, 20.615,  
197.788

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 22.642, 23.018



48, 17.303, 197.580

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 22.642, 23.018



37, 22.642, 73.018



37, 22.642, 203.018



37, 22.642, 253.018

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 22.640, 23.022



60, 7.682, 20.111



39, 34.743, 325.998



31, 5.155, 20.189



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 22.640, 23.022



45, 34.933, 24.546



43, 18.610, 68.942



24, 2.851, 19.864



25, 60.074, 38.171



53, 103.779, 39.998





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 22.640, 23.022



45, 34.933, 24.546



41, 16.503, 260.002



24, 2.851, 19.864



25, 60.074, 38.171

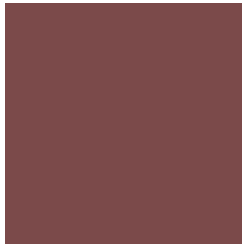


53, 103.779, 39.998



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 22.642, 23.018 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

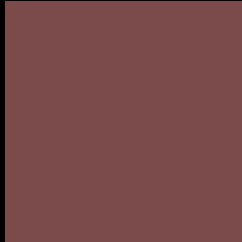
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 22.642, 23.018 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

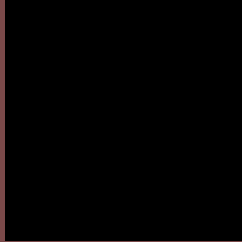
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 37, 22.642, 23.018**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 22.642, 23.018.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 22.642, 23.018.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37, 22.642, 23.018

### Protanopia

37, 4.078, 84.095

### Deuteranopia

37, 10.838, 62.720



**Tritanopia**  
37, 22.805, 15.621



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 37, 22.642, 23.018 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 74, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 74, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 74, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 74, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 22.642, 23.018 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 74, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 74, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 74, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 74, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 74, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 74,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 22.642, 23.018 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 74, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123, 74,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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