

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 22.825, 106.400)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 22.825, 106.400)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 22.912, 106.401)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595933
RGB	89, 89, 51
RGB Percent	35%, 35%, 20%
CMY	0.6504, 0.6504, 0.7995
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.43, 0.65
HSL	60°, 27%, 28%
HSV	60°, 43%, 35%
XYZ	8.3169, 9.5379, 4.5493
YIQ	84.6680, 12.1980, -11.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

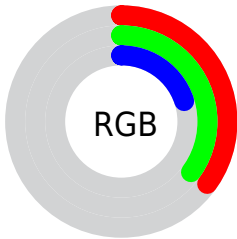
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 89, 51
Decimal	5855539
CIE _{Lab}	37.00, -6.47, 21.98
CIE _{LCh}	37, 22.912, 106.401
Yxy	9.5379, 0.3712, 0.4257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284045619 (0xFF595933)
YUV	84.6680, -16.5983, 3.7992
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -5.9761, 12.8848

Details

The CIELCh color $37, 22.912, 106.401$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $23, 25.354, 295.422$, and the grayscale version is $36, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $57, 23.059, 106.346$, and $17, 23.000, 107.485$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $37, 27.933, 105.574$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $37, 17.686, 107.273$.

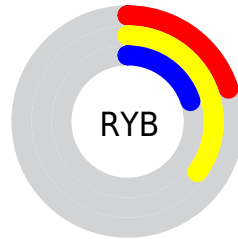
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (35%)

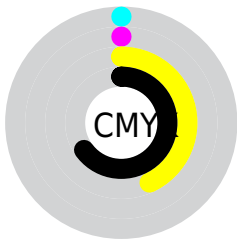
Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (20%)

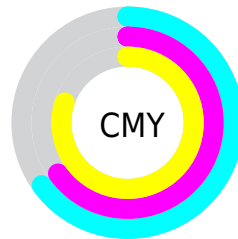


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (65%)

Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 22.912, 106.401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 22.912, 106.401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 37, 22.912,
106.401


 37, 22.912,
106.401

 100, 22.912,
106.401

 27, 22.912,
106.401

 57, 22.912,
106.401


 17, 22.912,
106.401


 67, 22.912,
106.401

 7, 22.912, 106.401

 77, 22.912,
106.401

 0, 22.912, 106.401

 87, 22.912,
106.401

 97, 22.912,
106.401

■ 37, 22.912,
106.401

■ 37, 22.912,
106.401

■ 37, 27.933,
105.574

■ 37, 17.686,
107.273

■ 37, 32.628,
104.806

■ 37, 12.333,
108.161

■ 37, 36.834,
104.128

■ 38, 6.906, 109.053

■ 37, 40.341,
103.573

■ 38, 1.441, 109.921

■ 37, 43.029,
103.155

■ 38, 4.037, 290.825

■ 37, 45.014,
102.851

■ 38, 9.513, 291.668

■ 39, 14.975,
292.485

■ 39, 20.414,
293.270

■ 39, 25.824,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 22.912, 106.401



23, 25.354, 295.422

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 22.912, 106.401



37, 22.912, 156.401



37, 22.912, 286.401



37, 22.912, 336.401

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 22.913, 106.404



48, 8.744, 108.985



26, 18.589, 21.964



24, 6.165, 108.848



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 22.913, 106.404



47, 33.328, 105.577



35, 24.575, 126.628



18, 2.989, 109.398



44, 51.182, 102.851



90, 90.984, 102.851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 25.354, 295.422



27, 38.076, 297.166



25, 26.064, 310.498



16, 3.047, 291.003



10, 70.673, 306.287



29, 125.634, 306.287

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 22.912, 106.401 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

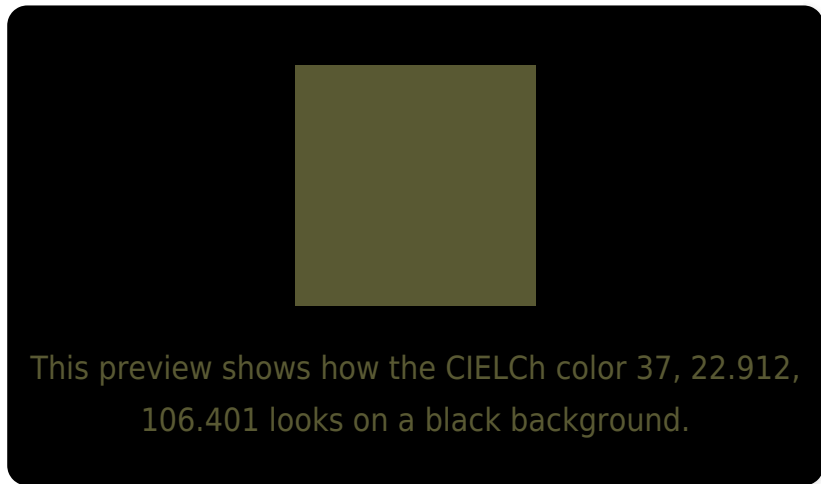
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

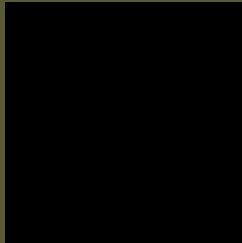
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 22.912, 106.401

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 22.912, 106.401.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 22.912, 106.401.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

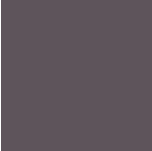
37, 22.912, 106.401

Protanopia

37, 22.771, 96.601

Deuteranopia

37, 21.810, 75.967



Tritanopia
37, 6.078, 334.928

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 22.912, 106.401

Protanomaly
37, 23.087, 100.351

Deuteranomaly
37, 21.522, 86.913

Tritanomaly
37, 6.153, 83.469

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 22.912, 106.401

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 8.610, 108.752

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 22.912, 106.401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 89, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 89, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 89, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 89, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 22.912, 106.401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 89, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 89, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 89, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 89, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 89, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 89, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 22.912, 106.401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 89, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 89,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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