

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 28.612, 300.846)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 28.612, 300.846)
contains.

CIELCh(37, 28.704, 300.842)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(37, 28.704, 300.842)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A517F
RGB	90, 81, 127
RGB Percent	35%, 32%, 50%
CMY	0.6480, 0.6833, 0.5029
CMYK	0.29, 0.36, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	252°, 22%, 41%
HSV	252°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	10.9327, 9.5379, 21.2576
YIQ	88.9350, -9.4020, 16.2140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

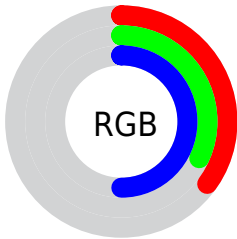
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 81, 127
Decimal	5919103
CIE _{Lab}	37.00, 14.72, -24.64
CIE _{LCh}	37, 28.704, 300.842
Yxy	9.5379, 0.2620, 0.2286
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284109183 (0xFF5A517F)
YUV	88.9350, 18.7660, 0.9340
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, 9.1423, -19.1918

Details

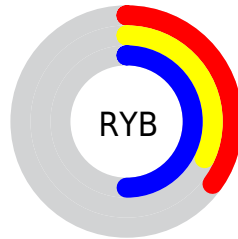
The CIELCh color $[37, 28.704, 300.842]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $[51, 26.492, 115.422]$, and the grayscale version is $[38, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57, 28.919, 300.914]$, and $[17, 29.231, 300.983]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33, 37.258, 301.938]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[41, 20.414, 299.861]$.

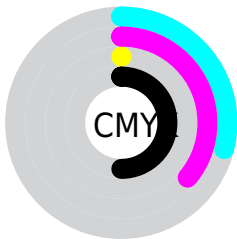
Distribution



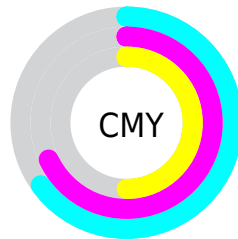
- Red (35%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 28.704, 300.842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 28.704, 300.842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37, 28.704,
300.842

■ 37, 28.704,
300.842

■ 100, 28.704,
300.842

■ 27, 28.704,
300.842

■ 57, 28.704,
300.842

■ 17, 28.704,
300.842

■ 67, 28.704,
300.842

■ 7, 28.704, 300.842

■ 77, 28.704,
300.842

■ 0, 28.704, 300.842

■ 87, 28.704,
300.842

■ 97, 28.704,
300.842

■ 37, 28.704,
300.842

■ 37, 28.704,
300.842

■ 33, 37.258,
301.938

■ 41, 20.414,
299.861

■ 28, 46.000,
303.129

■ 46, 12.414,
298.996

■ 24, 54.746,
304.363

■ 50, 4.703, 298.241

■ 20, 63.119,
305.540

■ 55, 2.730, 117.590

■ 59, 9.901, 117.021

■ 17, 70.456,
306.496

■ 63, 16.824,
116.531

■ 15, 76.153,
307.126

■ 68, 23.515,
116.108

■ 14, 78.297,
307.442

■ 72, 29.989,
115.742

■ 76, 36.261,
115.426

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 28.704, 300.842



51, 26.492, 115.422

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 28.704, 300.842



37, 28.704, 350.842



37, 28.704, 120.842



37, 28.704, 170.842

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 28.703, 300.842



62, 10.354, 298.605



47, 14.061, 219.006



32, 7.025, 298.689



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 28.703, 300.842



44, 44.026, 301.799



39, 30.465, 316.697



24, 4.265, 298.444



14, 78.635, 307.438



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 28.611, 332.617



50, 42.826, 333.203



50, 29.630, 133.527



25, 4.454, 330.881



28, 59.662, 337.524



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 28.704, 300.842 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 28.704, 300.842 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

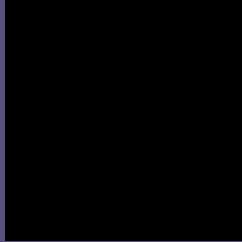
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 28.704, 300.842

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 28.704, 300.842.

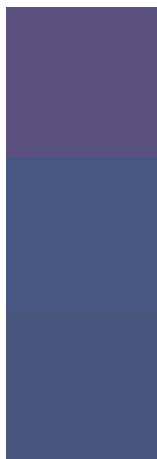


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 28.704, 300.842.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


37, 28.704, 300.842

Protanopia

37, 27.940, 285.124

Deuteranopia

37, 24.954, 283.266



Tritanopia
37, 4.594, 270.110

Trichromacy



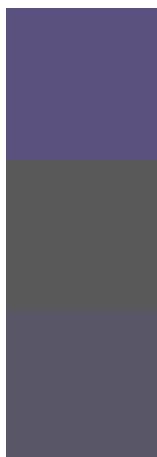
Original Color
37, 28.704, 300.842

Protanomaly
37, 27.818, 290.357

Deuteranomaly
37, 25.993, 289.736

Tritanomaly
37, 13.007, 292.259

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 28.704, 300.842

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 10.596, 298.293

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 28.704, 300.842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 81, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 81, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 81, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 81, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 28.704, 300.842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 81, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 81, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 81, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 81, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 81, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 81,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 28.704, 300.842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 81, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 81,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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