

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 36.866, 159.434)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 36.866, 159.434)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 36.833, 159.458)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	016441
RGB	1, 100, 65
RGB Percent	0%, 39%, 25%
CMY	0.9948, 0.6072, 0.7445
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.35, 0.61
HSL	159°, 97%, 20%
HSV	159°, 99%, 39%
XYZ	5.5481, 9.5379, 6.5725
YIQ	66.4090, -47.7690, -31.8730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

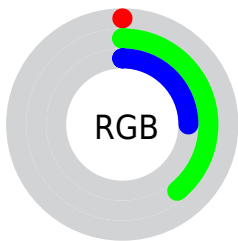
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 61, 100
Decimal	91201
CIE Lab	37.00, -34.49, 12.92
CIE LCh	37, 36.833, 159.458
Yxy	9.5379, 0.2562, 0.4404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278281281 (0xFF016441)
YUV	66.4090, -0.6946, -57.3637
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -21.9792, 9.0007

Details

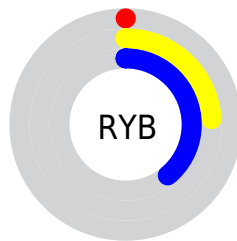
The CIELCh color **37, 36.833, 159.458** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **20, 42.430, 12.105**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57, 36.923, 159.276**, and **18, 28.611, 149.711** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 37.147, 159.233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 34.502, 161.274**.

Distribution



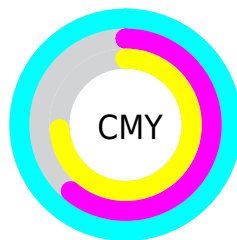
- Red (0%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (61%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 36.833, 159.458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 36.833, 159.458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 37, 36.833,
159.458

 37, 36.833,
159.458

 100, 36.833,
159.458

 27, 36.833,
159.458

 57, 36.833,
159.458


 17, 36.833,
159.458


 67, 36.833,
159.458

 7, 36.833, 159.458

 77, 36.833,
159.458

 0, 36.833, 159.458

 87, 36.833,
159.458

 97, 36.833,
159.458

■ 37, 36.833,
159.458

■ 37, 36.833,
159.458

■ 37, 37.147,
159.233

■ 37, 34.502,
161.274

■ 37, 31.918,
163.073

■ 38, 28.899,
164.691

■ 38, 25.465,
166.144

■ 39, 21.662,
167.450

■ 39, 17.552,
168.632

■ 40, 13.202,
169.708

■ 41, 8.681, 170.700

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 36.833, 159.458



20, 42.430, 12.105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 36.833, 159.458



37, 36.833, 209.458



37, 36.833, 339.458



37, 36.833, 29.458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 36.833, 159.458



51, 17.076, 169.478



37, 56.164, 130.911



26, 11.693, 169.159



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 36.833, 159.458



48, 45.276, 158.530



33, 22.044, 219.281



21, 2.665, 171.616



42, 41.164, 158.847



85, 73.205, 157.389

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 42.430, 12.105



27, 51.769, 14.287



20, 47.297, 39.425



19, 2.719, 353.020



23, 47.227, 13.514



51, 82.827, 17.108

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 36.833, 159.458 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 37, 36.833, 159.458 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 36.833, 159.458

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 36.833, 159.458.

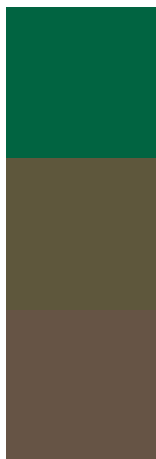


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 36.833, 159.458.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37, 36.833, 159.458

Protanopia

37, 16.840, 96.090

Deuteranopia

37, 12.571, 66.827



Tritanopia
37, 19.392, 212.113

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 36.833, 159.458

Protanomaly
36, 23.119, 143.829

Deuteranomaly
36, 17.441, 146.088

Tritanomaly
37, 24.093, 184.434

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 36.833, 159.458

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 16.921, 167.561

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 36.833, 159.458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 100, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 100, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 100, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 100, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 36.833, 159.458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 100, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 100, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 100, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 100, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 100, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 100, 65)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 36.833, 159.458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 100, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 100,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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