

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 47.610, 327.117)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 47.610, 327.117)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 47.587, 327.101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	813C81
RGB	129, 60, 129
RGB Percent	51%, 24%, 51%
CMY	0.4931, 0.7637, 0.4931
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	300°, 36%, 37%
HSV	300°, 53%, 51%
XYZ	14.7026, 9.5379, 21.9255
YIQ	88.4970, 18.9750, 36.0870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

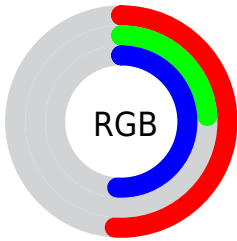
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 60, 129
Decimal	8469633
CIE _{Lab}	37.00, 39.96, -25.85
CIE _{LCh}	37, 47.587, 327.101
Yxy	9.5379, 0.3185, 0.2066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286659713 (0xFF813C81)
YUV	88.4970, 19.9680, 35.5211
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, 30.9316, -20.4739

Details

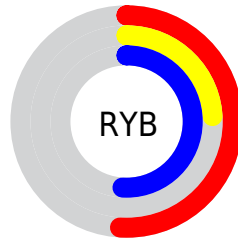
The CIELCh color $[37, 47.587, 327.101]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663366`. A complement of this color would be $[48, 47.872, 140.206]$, and the grayscale version is $[38, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57, 47.352, 327.321]$, and $[17, 47.327, 327.131]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35, 54.860, 327.483]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40, 39.398, 326.661]$.

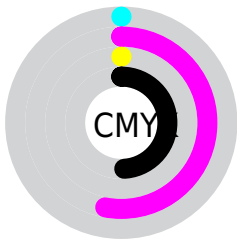
Distribution



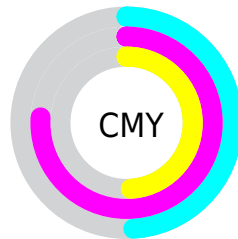
- Red (51%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 47.587, 327.101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 47.587, 327.101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 37, 47.587,
327.101


 37, 47.587,
327.101

 100, 47.587,
327.101


 27, 47.587,
327.101

 57, 47.587,
327.101


 17, 47.587,
327.101


 67, 47.587,
327.101

 7, 47.587, 327.101

 77, 47.587,
327.101

 0, 47.587, 327.101

 87, 47.587,
327.101

 97, 47.587,
327.101

■ 37, 47.587,
327.101

■ 37, 47.587,
327.101

■ 35, 54.860,
327.483

■ 40, 39.398,
326.661

■ 33, 60.895,
327.792

■ 43, 30.616,
326.178

■ 31, 65.418,
328.020

■ 46, 21.508,
325.665

■ 31, 68.306,
328.163

■ 49, 12.283,
325.135

■ 30, 69.814,
328.237

■ 53, 3.093, 324.563

■ 56, 5.959, 144.135

■ 60, 14.810,
143.610

■ 64, 23.422,
143.118

■ 68, 31.777,
142.651

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 47.587, 327.101



48, 47.872, 140.206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 47.587, 327.101



37, 47.587, 17.101



37, 47.587, 147.101



37, 47.587, 197.101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 47.585, 327.101



62, 18.233, 325.295



29, 44.214, 297.758



31, 12.258, 325.384



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 47.585, 327.101



45, 68.192, 327.554



36, 34.619, 349.228



25, 5.101, 324.901



30, 69.124, 328.237



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 47.585, 327.101



45, 68.192, 327.554



49, 32.782, 158.185



25, 5.101, 324.901



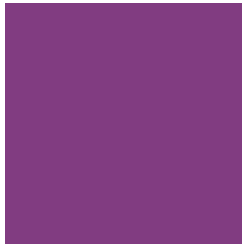
30, 69.124, 328.237



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 47.587, 327.101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 47.587, 327.101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

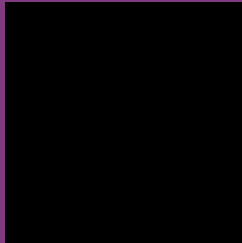
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 47.587, 327.101

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 47.587, 327.101.

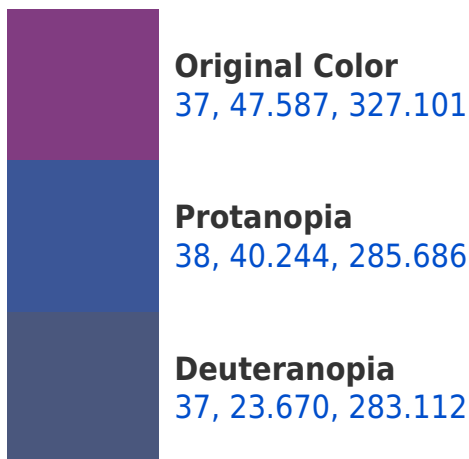


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 47.587, 327.101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
37, 22.786, 14.096

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 47.587, 327.101

Protanomaly
36, 40.978, 299.822

Deuteranomaly
36, 31.681, 305.783

Tritanomaly
37, 29.183, 347.600

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 47.587, 327.101

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 18.489, 325.667

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 47.587, 327.101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 60, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 60, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 60, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 60, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 47.587, 327.101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 60, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 60, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 60, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 60, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 60, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 60,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 47.587, 327.101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 60, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 60,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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