

Converting Colors

CIELCh(37, 49.180, 308.121)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(37, 49.180, 308.121)
contains.

CIELCh(37, 49.467, 308.056)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(37, 49.467, 308.056)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	654796
RGB	101, 71, 150
RGB Percent	40%, 28%, 59%
CMY	0.6027, 0.7205, 0.4105
CMYK	0.33, 0.53, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	263°, 36%, 43%
HSV	263°, 53%, 59%
XYZ	13.2018, 9.5379, 30.1303
YIQ	88.9760, -7.4790, 30.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

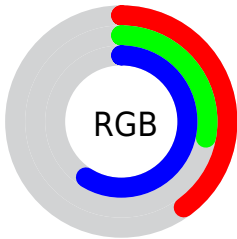
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 71, 150
Decimal	6637462
CIE _{Lab}	37.00, 30.49, -38.95
CIE _{LCh}	37, 49.467, 308.056
Yxy	9.5379, 0.2497, 0.1804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284827542 (0xFF654796)
YUV	88.9760, 30.0848, 10.5450
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, 22.2572, -36.2256

Details

The CIELCh color $37, 49.467, 308.056$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663399 . A complement of this color would be $58, 44.766, 122.197$, and the grayscale version is $38, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $57, 49.812, 307.965$, and $17, 48.866, 308.070$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $33, 59.138, 308.750$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $42, 39.662, 307.341$.

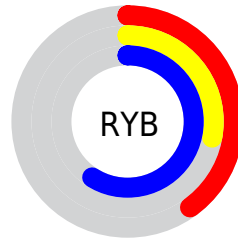
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (28%)

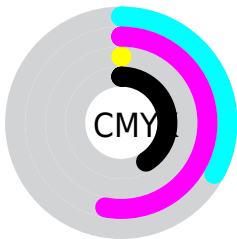
Blue (59%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (59%)

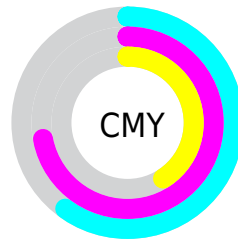


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (60%)


Magenta (72%)


Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 49.467, 308.056 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 49.467, 308.056 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 37, 49.467,
308.056


 37, 49.467,
308.056

 100, 49.467,
308.056

 27, 49.467,
308.056

 57, 49.467,
308.056


 17, 49.467,
308.056


 67, 49.467,
308.056

 7, 49.467, 308.056

 77, 49.467,
308.056

 0, 49.467, 308.056

 87, 49.467,
308.056

 97, 49.467,
308.056

37, 49.467,
308.056

37, 49.467,
308.056

33, 59.138,
308.750

42, 39.662,
307.341

28, 68.286,
309.345

46, 29.951,
306.648

25, 76.304,
309.729

51, 20.450,
306.003

22, 82.421,
309.762

56, 11.216,
305.414

20, 86.087,
309.687

61, 2.269, 304.868

66, 6.388, 124.441

71, 14.761,
124.028

75, 22.863,
123.672

■ 80, 30.706,
123.363

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 49.467, 308.056



58, 44.766, 122.197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 49.467, 308.056



37, 49.467, 358.056



37, 49.467, 128.056



37, 49.467, 178.056

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 49.466, 308.056



70, 17.841, 305.628



49, 22.452, 248.207



36, 12.177, 305.738



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 49.466, 308.056



42, 74.021, 308.861



42, 51.880, 323.027



29, 4.944, 305.227



18, 80.684, 309.770



0, 4.265, 304.768

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 41.286, 342.307



50, 59.476, 343.767



56, 51.391, 137.415



29, 4.421, 338.332



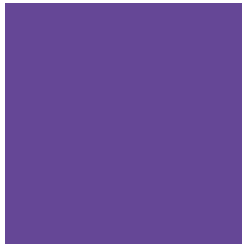
30, 56.037, 350.447



1, 3.834, 337.706

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 49.467, 308.056 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 49.467, 308.056 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

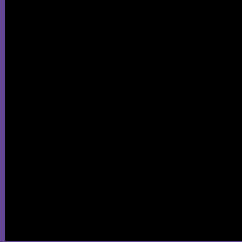
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 49.467, 308.056

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 49.467, 308.056.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 49.467, 308.056.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37, 49.467, 308.056

Protanopia

37, 48.841, 286.513

Deuteranopia

37, 37.245, 278.717



Tritanopia
37, 4.091, 314.894

Trichromacy



Original Color
37, 49.467, 308.056

Protanomaly
37, 48.680, 292.784

Deuteranomaly
37, 40.809, 290.002

Tritanomaly
37, 20.526, 307.208

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 49.467, 308.056

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
37, 17.818, 305.337

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 49.467, 308.056 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 71, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 71, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 71, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 71, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 49.467, 308.056 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 71, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 71, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 71, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 71, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 71, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 71,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 49.467, 308.056 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 71, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 71,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor